THE STRANGE FOOTPRINT.

The second installment of this absorbingly interesting detective story will appear in the Sunday Oregonian next Sunday.

Morning Oregonian.

AN OCEAN EPISODE.

An interesting romance, woven out of a disaster at sea, by Mr John S Phillips, will appear in the next Sunday Oregonian

VOL. XXIX.—NO. 9014. PORTLAND, OREGON. FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1889. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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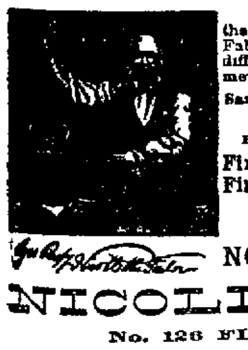
[illegible]

NICOLL, "The Tailor."



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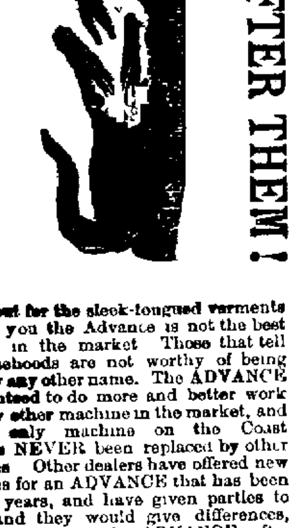

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Look out for the sleek-tongued varments that tell you the Advance is not the best machine in the market. Those that tell you falsehoods are not worthy of being called by any other name. The ADVANCE is guaranteed to do more and better work than any other machine in the market, and is the only machine on the Coast that has NEVER been replaced by other machines. Other dealers have offered new machines for an ADVANCE that has been run two years, and have given parties to understand they would give differences, but were told that the ADVANCE, after two years' run was still much better than old fogy machines, if they were new. And if the ADVANCE engine is not the best traction engine, why is it that I have sold TWELVE on the West Side, between Portland and Corvallis, this year?

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[illegible] WRIGHT,

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Also dealer in steam fitting goods of all kinds, hand, windmill and steam pumps, inspirators, injectors and ejectors, laundry machinery, Kriebel stationary engines, Acme and Shipman coal oil engines, brass goods, iron pipe and fittings of all kinds, Challenge axle grease; farm, church and school bells, and general machinery supplies. Prices lower than the lowest. Send for one of my special catalogues.

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J. Thorburn Ross, Secretary.

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NORTHWESTERN NEWS.

The Salvation Army Invades Olympia.

ASTORIA & SOUTH COAST RAILWAY

Montana Republican Convention—Oregon Press Association—McMinnville Water Works Small Fire at Seattle

OLYMPIA, W. T., Aug. 22.—The residence of Mrs. Mary Giddings, on the line of the Olympia & Chehalis Valley Railroad, was burned to the ground last evening; loss about $1000.

The city council is considering the question of purchasing another steam fire engine.

About seventy-five members of the Salvation army made their appearance here last night for the first time and attracted an immense crowd which followed them to their barracks in the Champion building. The structure is an old one and the crowd in the hall was so great that it began to settle, which caused a partial panic and resulted in a few receiving bruises during their exit.

Lawrence & Connor's Musical Comedy Company played to a well filled house last evening. Tonight Fun on the Bristol will be repeated.

Over $600 were distributed to the members of the convention in the secretary's office to-day.

The public square is being filled preparatory to the putting up of the handsome iron fence recently received.

Every carpenter, mechanic and laborer in the city is busy at work. The city improvements this year are greater than in any five previous years.

The Board of Trade is busy taking up subscriptions to aid in showing the advantages of Olympia as a state capital over every other town in the territory.

SALEM NEWS ITEMS

The Astoria & South Coast Railway Accept the Terms of the State

SALEM, Ogn., Aug. 22.—The Astoria & South Coast railroad has filed acceptance of the terms of the act of 1881, which gives the state the right and power to prescribe the rules, regulations and rates of toll for transit and transportation over the bridge across Young's bay now being constructed by the company. It requires the location of the bridge to be placed at a point prescribed by a board of three commissioners, who shall see that the bridge is constructed of iron, wood and stone, that it shall be deemed a lawful structure, that it shall have a draw of such width as to allow an easy passageway for all vessels, either steam or sail. The company agree to employ white labor on the construction of the bridge.

The governor has appointed E. H. Blake and Joseph McKay of Baker City notaries public.

Senator Mitchell is in the city, talking with prominent republicans regarding prospective appointments. He has been interviewed by many friends of Hon. John W. Minto and Hon. A. N. Gilbert, candidates from Marion county for United States marshal. He says the five prominent offices in Oregon to be filled will probably be distributed over different sections of the state. He said he would introduce a bill for a government postoffice building in Salem. He returns to Portland to-morrow morning.

MONTANA STATE CONVENTION.

Carter Re-nominated for Congress—T. C. Power for Governor

HELENA, Aug. 22.—The republican state convention was called to order to-day at Anaconda by L. H. Hershfield and permanently organized with A. J. Seligman president and Sam Gordon, secretary.

Hon. T. H. Carter was renominated for congress unanimously and with enthusiasm.

T. C. Power of Helena was nominated for governor on the third ballot, which stood as follows: Power 44, Eaton 27, Governor White 27, Seligman 1.

J. F. Rickards of Butte was nominated on the first ballot for lieutenant governor.

OREGON JOURNALISTS

They Enjoy Their Prerogative of Free Rides and Such

YAQUINA, Aug. [illegible].—The Oregon Pacific railroad placed a special car for the use of the Editorial Association. About thirty people were on board. The papers represented were: Pendleton *Tribune* and *East Oregonian*, Lake View *Examiner*, Jacksonville *Times*, Roseburg *Review* and *Plaindealer*, Eugene *Guard*, Albany *Herald* and *Democrat*, Corvallis *Leader*, Independence *West Side*, Lebanon *Express*, Dallas *Observer* and Salem *Statesman*.

Some came yesterday and others are expected to-morrow. A band met the train at Toledo.

The weather is clear and a pleasant time is anticipated. The programme includes free rides on the boat and ferry and a banquet and ball.

FROM McMINNVILLE.

The Contract Awarded for the Water Works and Electric Lighting.

McMINNVILLE, Or., Aug. 22.—The contract for the water works and electric lighting of this city has been awarded to W. F. Barrett & Co., of San Francisco.

The water is to be pumped from the Yamhill river by two Hall's compound duplex pumps, of 1 200 000 gallons capacity, run by two thirty horse power boilers, which also will run a Westinghouse engine and a five hundred light dynamo. There are to be about three miles of steel pipe and mains, all to be completed and in running order in 120 days, for the sum of $10 000.

ANOTHER FIRE IN SEATTLE.

The Explosion of a Gasoline Stove Causes Considerable Damage.

SEATTLE, W. T., Aug. 22.—The steamship Walla Walla collided with the City of Pueblo at the wharf here on account of a strong tide and did about $500 worth of damage to the latter vessel.

A fire broke out at 4:30 this morning in the densely populated tent district on South Fourth street, between Washington and Main, and half a dozen tents with their contents were destroyed. A gasoline stove in the restaurant and lodging house of J. W. Dodson exploded, igniting the tent, which was coated with alleged fire proof paint, and consequently burned furiously. A conflagration was only prevented by tearing down several tents.

The following are the losses, on which there is no insurance: Raymond restaurant, $100; F. Lombardi, cigars, $50; J. W. Dodson, restaurant, $500; Geneva saloon, Camogna & Co., $1500; G. Laroda, cigars and fruit, $500; Perl Brothers, clothing, $2000; H. E. Ponter, barber, $150; Mears & Sons, boots and shoes, loss $3000, insurance $1500.

FROM NORTH YAKIMA.

Judge Calkins Holding Court—Work on the New School Building To Be Begun at Once

NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., Aug. 22.—The Hon. W. H. Calkins, who succeeded Judge Nash in the Fourth judicial district, is now here sitting in his chambers on some injunction cases. This is his first visit to this point and he has already made many acquaintances here who speak of him in the highest terms. The judge leaves here soon for Seattle, where he goes to hold court for Justice Hanford.

Chief Justice Hanford is in town en route to Spokane Falls, where he will hold court for Judge Calkins.

The plans for the new school house, a fine brick structure which is to be erected on the west side, have arrived from Architect Weston, of Seattle, and have been inspected by a number of the citizens. The work will be started at once and it is expected that it will be completed by November. It will cost $1[illegible] 000.

BIG FREIGHT BUSINESS.

Over Six Hundred Carloads at Spokane Since the Fire

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., Aug. 22.—S. G. Fulton, assistant general traffic manager of the N. P. R. R., authorizes the statement that since August 5th, the day after the fire, 624 carloads of freight have been received at this point over that road. This represents nearly 10 000 tons, aside from fifty-six carloads of rails and iron for the Spokane Falls & Northern railroad. This was all merchandise, building materials and supplies. General Manager Mellen and officials of the road will be here Saturday.

Incendiaries attempted to burn one of the leading hotels at Colfax this morning. The fire was extinguished without much damage.

TACOMA NEWS ITEMS.

The Smoke Has Cleared Away So That Mount Rainier Is Again Visible

TACOMA, W. T., Aug. 22.—Colonel Chauncey W. Griggs, formerly of St. Paul, and now president of the St. Paul & Tacoma Lumber Company, is likely to receive the support of the democratic party here for the position of United States senator.

F. S. Wolf, a Norwegian, who has been lying sick in the Fanny Paddock hospital for some time, became deranged and was so violent that it was found necessary to put him in irons. This morning he was brought before the probate judge and sent to Steilacoom for treatment.

The atmosphere has cleared up sufficiently from the smoke that has been so long prevalent to allow of a view of Mount Rainier this afternoon.

The chief of police and the Young Republicans are at loggerheads over a banner that has been stretched across Pacific avenue at their headquarters, and which the chief claims is a violation of the sign ordinance. He has ordered the banner to be taken down, and the Young Republicans defy him to take it down.

A contract for 4,000 ties for the Tacoma & Lake City Railway was let to-day and the work is rapidly progressing. President Frank C. Ross says the road will be graded clear through in thirty days.

Samuel Collyer, cashier of the Merchant's National bank, has been elected a director of that institution.

The public schools will reopen on September 2.

Rebuilding at Spokane

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., Aug. 22.—Goetz & Baer, owners of the Frankfurt block, which met the fate of all other fine brick blocks in the late fire, have leased fifty feet in width across the deep gulch in the rear of their present quarters on Riverside avenue for ten years and are building a high trestle on which will extend a temporary building through the entire block pending the restoration of the Frankfurt.

Dangerous Brush Fire Near Olympia

OLYMPIA, W. T., Aug. 22.—The fire alarm at 9:30 this evening called out the department, when it was found that a brush fire was raging in dangerous proximity to the railroad depot. By working hard the danger to the railroad property was overcome, but at 11 o'clock the fire is still raging fiercely all along the hillside.

The Flathead Indian Scare

HELENA, M. T., Aug. 22.—The Indian scare on the Flathead reservation arose from a drunken row. [illegible] Indian killed [illegible] son of [illegible] Ignace. He is supposed to have been killed by his brother-in-law. Chief Ignace threatened trouble, but after the matter was explained said he would make no hostile movement.

Drunken Men at Independence

INDEPENDENCE, Ogn., Aug. 22.—Four drunken men were arrested here this evening. The marshal had two of them when the other two came up with clubs and endeavored to make him release them. The marshal knocked one of them down and with help lodged all four in jail.

Death of H. C. Davis, of Nevada

CARSON, Nev., Aug. 22.—Lieutenant Governor H. C. Davis fell dead in his garden this morning from heart disease. His family is visiting in the East.

THE IRRIGATION COMMITTEE

A Resume of Their Investigations on the Pacific Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—The *Examiner* to-morrow will publish an interview with members of the senate committee on redemption of arid lands, taken while the party was traveling through Utah. The members were enthusiastic about the importance of the work undertaken, and Senator Jones of Arkansas expressed the opinion that a great principle was to be enunciated. It was time, he said, for the United States to lay down the doctrine that water is of equal if not greater value than public land, and to give effect to that doctrine by properly adjusting the relation of water and land to each other.

Senator Stewart said this work was the grandest ever engaged in by the United States government, as it would make homes for millions of people.

Senator Reagan of Texas said a great deal of valuable information had been collected, and wherever the committee went they found the people alive to the importance of the question.

The committee began its labors August 1 in Dakota. They found Dakota has nearly enough water for all agricultural purposes, but it is not well distributed.

In Montana the committee came to the conclusion that the Yellowstone valley contains the largest amount of water available of any arid district in America. In one district alone 8 000 000 acres of the finest farm land could be reclaimed.

Northern Idaho was found to be a well watered region in need of large irrigation works.

The whole valley of the Spokane and Columbia rivers in Washington territory were found to be of the same character as Yellowstone, and upward of seven million acres can be irrigated.

The committee came to the conclusion that the irrigation system of Utah had reached its present limit of usefulness and can not be extended on present lines.

In Nevada the local committee have located nearly thirty reservoir sites, most of which lie in California, and their works contemplate the irrigation of [illegible] 000 acres of land.

JUSTICE FIELD'S CASE.

The Question of Jurisdiction of State and Federal Courts to be Determined

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—The petition for the release of Justice Field from the arrest made by the authorities of San Joaquin county was called for a hearing in the United States circuit court this morning before Judges Sawyer and Sabin.

The counsel for Justice Field decided to at once proceed to the hearing of testimony to determine the question as to whether there was any evidence implicating him in the killing of David S. Terry, as charged in the warrant issued by the Stockton justice of the peace.

Judge [illegible] and the other attorneys appearing to defend the authority of the state court contended that the legal question should first be determined as to the superiority of the jurisdiction of the federal and state courts in the case in question.

After two hours of argument it was mutually agreed that the legal question of jurisdiction should first be decided and the hearing was postponed until next Tuesday.

The same order was entered in the case of David Neagle.

Mrs. Terry arrived in the city last night.

SENT BACK TO CHINA.

The Scott Law Enforced in the Case of Chae Chang Ping

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—Chae Chang Ping, the first of the Chinese laborers to test the validity of the Scott law by attempting to land in this country, and whose case was recently decided adversely by the United States supreme court, was ordered returned to China by the United States circuit court this afternoon. Ping left by the steamship Arabic, which sailed to-day.

Treasure Found by Chinamen

GOLD RUN, Cal., Aug. 22.—Ten years ago J. Spaulding, superintendent of the Lagford mines, lost a sack of retort gold while crossing Bear river. Search was afterward made, but the treasure was not recovered until a few days ago. Three Chinamen left Dutch Flat and found the treasure, the water being low, and have since disappeared. The treasure was valued at $1000.

An Extra Edition

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—The *Chronicle* will to-morrow issue a sixteen page edition, seventy-five columns of which are devoted to the subject of the reclaiming of the arid lands of the United States. This article is illustrated and gives the history of irrigation in ancient and modern times.

Shipping

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—Arrived: Hawaiian [illegible] Costa [illegible], Nanaimo; steamer State of California, Portland; steamer Umatilla, Victoria; bark Arkwright, Port [illegible]. [illegible] Departed: Steamer [illegible], Astoria.

Death of a G. A. R. Commander

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Major J. S. Davis, of Wahoo, Neb., department commander of the Nebraska G. A. R., died in this city to-day of dropsy, superinduced by wounds received at the battle of Gettysburg. He was an officer in a New York regiment during the war.

A Virulent Epidemic

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 22.—An epidemic of flux has prevailed in this city and county during the past thirty days. The disease is virulent and has proven fatal in about fifty cases. The deaths are most prevalent among young children.

A Fatal Explosion

PRINCETON, W. Va., Aug. 22.—At Buckley's mills, on a railroad tunnel, to-day, a premature explosion of a blast killed Mike Daney and probably fatally injured John Ramsey, Joe Moore, Will Kunze and Andrew Mc[illegible].

Parnell to Make a Tour of America.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—It is reported that Parnell will shortly make a tour of America for the benefit of his health.

Mrs. Maybrick's Sentence Commuted

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Mrs. Maybrick's sentence has been commuted to penal servitude for life.

The Center Worsted Company Assigns.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 22.—The Center Worsted Company has assigned to H. M. Campbell.

Pitcher Keefe Married

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—It was learned this afternoon that Timothy J. Keefe, the famous pitcher of the New York team, was married in Worcester, Mass., Monday, to Mrs. Remler, a sister of Helen Dauvray Ward.

Tickets to and From Europe.

Excursion tickets to all points in Europe and England sold at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

A Cadet Appointed

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—O. E. Hunt of Point Arena, California, has been appointed a military cadet.

Banff Hot Springs. Great summer resort. Summit Rocky mountains on Canadian Pacific railway. Ticket office, No. 6 Washington street.

PASSED INTO HISTORY.

The Washington Convention Adjourns Sine Die.

FINAL STRUGGLE ABOUT TIDE LAND

First and Only Evening Session of the Whole Convention—The Last Hours Whiled Away in Good Natured Badinage.

OLYMPIA, Aug. 22.—The convention met at 9 A. M., the president in the chair.

Prayer was offered by Chaplain Thompson.

At roll call twenty-eight chairs were lacking occupants.

The records were read, corrected and approved.

Minor, from the revision committee, reported as amended and revised the following, which were read finally, agreed to and sent to the enrolling committee:

Article I.—Harbors and Tide Waters—Yeas 48, nays 19, not voting 8.

Article —School and Granted Lands—Yeas [illegible], nays 1, not voting [illegible].

Article —[illegible]—Yeas 59, [illegible], not voting 14.

Article —State Seal—Yeas 65, nays 0, not voting [illegible].

Article —Boundaries—Yeas [illegible], nays 4, not voting 10; Bowen, Burk, T. M. Reed and Weir voting no.

This completes the revision committee's work up to date.

Previous to the vote on article I, Turner moved a call of the house, which was had, and the seats promptly filled, leaving only Dewey, Kellogg, Lindsley and Sullivan delinquent. Then Lindsley moved to dispense with further proceedings and business was resumed.

When the state seal article was read it appeared as a mere description of a seal without any words of adoption. The chair called attention to this, but no one appeared to notice until the roll call began, and then Griffitts interrupted with a motion to suspend the rules and remedy that omission. Turner suggested prefixing the words, "The seal of the state of Washington shall be," and it was so voted.

Turner, from the judicial committee, reported the schedule which was referred to it yesterday as amended by tide land propositions. The committee recommended sundry technical amendments, and also that the tide land sections be separated from the schedule and voted upon as separate articles. This latter recommendation was adopted by the convention.

The amendments to the schedule proper were first considered and adopted.

Power moved to pass along and consider the tide lands sections before finally agreeing to the schedule, because the schedule ought to be left open until the last moment. The schedule was then considered engrossed and ordered to third reading.

The third reading was dispensed with, and by the usual roll call the schedule was agreed to and sent to the revision committee—64 to 3.

Power moved to take up next the article confirming United States patents.

Sullivan of Tacoma moved to amend by taking up the declaration of state claims first; lost, 31 to 34.

Section 1 was then taken up as follows: The title in fee and absolute right of disposition of all shores below ordinary high tide within the limit of this state is hereby declared to be in this commonwealth and the property of this state. Upon this section the roll was called on motion to pass it to third reading, and it failed as follows:

YEAS.

Berry	Gray	Reed J M
Blalock	Griffitts	Schooley
Browne	Hicks	Sharpstein
Buchanan	Jeffs	Shoudy
Clothier	McCroskey	Sturdevant
Coey	McDonald	Suksdorf
Comegys	McElroy	Travis
Dallam	Mires	Turner
Durie	Moore R S	Van Name
Dyer	Moore J Z	Warner
Eshelman	Newton	Mr President—37
Godman		

NAYS.

Allen	Jamison	Reed T M
Bowen	Jones	Sohns
Burk	Joy	Stevenson
Cosgrove	Kinnear	Stiles
Crowley	Lillis	Sullivan I C
Dickey	Lindsley	Sullivan E H
Dunbar	Manly	Tibbetts
[illegible]	McReavy	Weir
Fairweather	Minor	Weisenburger
Fay	Morgans	West
Glasscock	Power	Willison
Hayton	Prosser	Wilson—37
Henry		

ABSENT AND NOT VOTING

Gowey	Hungate	Kellogg
Neace—4		

Mires offered a substitute for the tide land section which failed on third reading above. The rules were suspended, and it was received and considered, and a motion to pass to third reading entertained. It read as follows:

Section 1. The state of Washington asserts its ownership to the beds and shores of all navigable waters in the state up to and including the line of ordinary high tide in waters where the tide ebbs and flows, and up to and including the line of ordinary high water within the banks of all navigable rivers and lakes; provided that this section shall not be construed so as to debar any person from asserting his claim to vested rights in the courts of the state.

Power moved to indefinitely postpone; lost, ayes [illegible], noes 52.

Griffitts and Kinnear wanted to amend, but were ruled out.

Warner wished to know if amendments would be in order in case this motion to pass to third reading failed.

The chair said yes.

Griffitts said the chair had just ruled that an article was killed when the motion to pass to a third reading had failed.

The chair: The chair did not settle that matter, but said the only thing in order now was a motion to pass to third reading. It was passed to third reading by roll call: Ayes 49, noes 2[illegible].

Godman said that understanding the chair that the article would not be before the house for amendments if this motion passed, and wishing to give a chance for those who had asked to amend, he should vote no.

Griffitts said that understanding the chair that the article would not be before the house for amendments if this motion failed, he should vote aye. Then the article was agreed to—63 yeas, 15 nays.

Turner moved that instead of reference to the revision committee as usual this tide lands matter be [illegible] committee forthwith.

Sullivan of Tacoma said it would require a suspension of the rules [illegible] upon [illegible] a suspension of rules for the purpose of [illegible] that motion to suspend. Sullivan of Tacoma called for the yeas and nays, and [illegible] prevailed, yeas 53, nays 21, and the chair declared the article was thus finally agreed to and ordered enrolled.

Jones supposed that he was only voting on a motion to suspend the rules, but the chair held that it amounted to a final disposition of the whole matter in accordance with Turner's original proposal.

Prosser presented a protest in writing against the action taken by the convention on the school lands question. It was also signed by Jones, Griffitts and Blalock.

On motion of Dunbar the convention took a recess for half an hour to wait while the revision committee finished up its work [illegible] the schedule [illegible] lands [illegible]. During the [illegible] the time affixing their signatures to [illegible] pages which will be bound in with the enrolled copy of the constitution.

Upon reassembling after recess the revision committee completed its last official work by reporting the schedule, which was read finally, agreed to and ordered enrolled—Yeas 60, nays [illegible], not voting [illegible].

Prosser, by unanimous consent, offered a resolution of thanks to the president, chief clerk, reading clerk and other officers for the manner in which they have performed their duties.

On motion of [illegible] the names of the president, chief clerk and reading clerk were inserted so that it will read: "Resolved, that the thanks, etc., are tendered to John P. Hoyt, president; John I. Booge, clerk, and C. M. Barton, reading clerk, etc.," and in that form it was adopted.

Dyer sent up a resolution of thanks to the "absent members," which was unanimously adopted.

T. M. Reed called attention to the fact that Washington was born on the 22d of February, that the enabling act was passed on the 22d of February, and that to-day, the 22d of August, six months later, the convention finishes the constitution.

Manly sent up a resolution of thanks to the reporters, and that was unanimously adopted.

Moore thought the convention should not adjourn until enrollment was completed, but stay here and hear the final [illegible].

Turner moved that the revision committee be instructed to remain and attend to the accurate enrollment [illegible] at the [illegible] of Minor and his fellow members on that committee.

Godman suggested that the clerk give a certificate to each member of the time of his attendance at this convention. The secretary of state will pay about $3 per day to members, and they will have to look to the state for the rest. The chair said that would be attended to.

Warner said the enrollment would be completed probably in about six hours, and so he moved, that when the convention adjourn it adjourn to 8 o'clock this evening, adopted

Lindsley asked for indefinite leave, but the convention roared so loud "no" that the question was not put.

Lindsley asked the chairman of the revision committee if the constitution would be enrolled by 8 o'clock this evening and was answered that probably it would.

On motion of Manly at 11:30 a recess was taken until [illegible]

THE CLOSING SCENES.

Hours of Parting Made Pleasant by Many Good Natured Remarks.

The convention met at 8 o'clock, the president in the chair.

Shoudy reported from the committee on engrossed bills that they had done the best they could, which as they have had no duties to perform entitles them to the highest credit.

Post presented a communication from Samuel W. Ma[illegible] which was read for the [illegible] rather than information of the convention and [illegible]

[illegible] enrolled constitution was [illegible] [illegible] night it was [illegible] done [illegible] except the schedule, and all complete and found correct. He expected the clerk with the schedule every moment. The [illegible] appearing shortly after were reported by [illegible] correctly [illegible] the president for signatures. They were [illegible] and submitted to the delegates for signature, the convention taking an informal recess while the singing was going on. It makes a document of seventy-three large parchment pages with illuminated title page and will make a very creditable volume when bound. The signatures are especially noticeable as being a collection of names in which excellent chirography very largely predominates far more largely than in any similar collection that the writer has seen.

After the signing was concluded Cosgrove moved that this convention stand adjourned sine die at 9:30.

Dallam moved that it adjourn sine die now (8:30) but the chair ruled that Cosgrove's motion had preference and it was put and adopted.

Turner presented a resolution extending the thanks of the convention for the hospitality of the citizens of Olympia during the session; adopted.

Dyer moved thanks to the Olympia Board of Trade for the clambake and picnic recently tendered to the convention; adopted.

A resolution was passed authorizing the legislature to make the day of adjournment of this convention a legal holiday.

Crowley wished to add St. Patrick's day.

Bowen, again in the interest of time, moved the previous question amid immense enthusiasm and the resolution was adopted.

Then followed a fire of jokes, mock resolutions and petitions, and the convention and the crowded lobby thoroughly enjoyed the next half hour.

Among others, a resolution of thanks to those able mariners Turner and Griffitts who had piloted the convention over the dangerous tide lands, was presented and adopted.

There was also a resolution of thanks to [illegible] handsome reading clerk and one to the chaplain and other clergymen for the [illegible] of their supplications.

The convention resolved itself into a committee of the whole on general subjects, and Cosgrove was called to the chair. Then there was a veritable "mock session" in which all the old jokes of the session and the follies and frailties of a goodly number of the members received attention. After awhile Griffitts moved that the committee rise not to report progress but to get another chairman. So voted and the president resumed the chair.

Cosgrove reported that the committee rose to get rid of its chairman.

The President—The committee acted wisely sir. [Immense cheering.]

The convention went into committee of the whole again, this time with Dyer in the chair and the fun became pretty nearly a riot. The "silent" members were called on to make their only speech but they were very modest.

Gray did respond, but it was very brief. He only said "I'll go out and get Fairweather."

Eldridge was called upon to make a speech on woman suffrage. He responded with this sentiment: "If the people will only be wise enough to reject this constitution I will agree to select half as many women as there are members of this convention and make a better one." [Roars of laughter.]

A resolution of thanks to Governor Semple, "for the grace and dignity with which he has presided over the lobby," raised a good natured laugh at the genial and popular governor's expense.

Ross O. O'Brien was invited to sing the song "Old Settlers," and amid the greatest enthusiasm that gentleman was escorted to the desk and complied. A vote of thanks for the singing and to Judge Henry, as the author, was carried with cheers.

An appropriation was voted for the purchase of a new skull cap for the member from Garfield.

Moore was voted an opportunity to rise to a question of privilege and [illegible] with a very graceful acknowledgment of past [illegible] and a burying of all recollections of blows given and taken in debate.

Cosgrove was willing to "shake hands across the bloody chasm" and Moore heartily accepted the sentiment.

Buchanan was called to the chair and was presented by Dyer as the "sage of the convention."

The stream of resolutions and motions began again.

Moore's expressions of affection for the convention were returned "in a platonic sense" and Moore enjoyed the joke as much as anybody.

At 9:20 the committee rose and the president resumed the chair.

Dunbar presented a resolution of thanks, with the utmost gravity, "To President John P. Hoyt, for the wise judgment with which he had put in his spare time in picking out always the prettiest ladies in the lobby during the session." This allusion to the manner in which the judge has been accustomed to spend the wearisome hours when by reason of being in committee of the whole he was out of the chair, was received with the most tumultuous enthusiasm of the evening.

The president announced the business of the convention finished and briefly but feelingly returned his earnest thanks and extended his best wishes to the members. He then declared the convention adjourned sine die and as his gavel fell for the last time with its familiar rap the constitutional convention of the Territory of Washington, passed into history.

THE NEW CRUISERS.

Present Bids Will be Rejected Because They Are Too High

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The acting secretary of the navy to-day opened proposals for the construction of five steel cruisers, three to be of about 2000 tons, and two to be of 3000 tons displacement. Each of the two classes of vessels are to cost $700,000, and $1,000,000 respectively, and to be completed within two years. None of the bids can be accepted, and readvertisement will be made. The bids all exceeded the amount appropriated by congress.

Every provision is made in the blank contracts to guard the government against loss, and profiting by past experience, the contractor is made responsible for the success of the vessels regardless of minor faults of omission in the designs furnished by the department.

The bids were opened in the presence of Acting Secretary Walker, Judge Advocate General Remy, Chief Engineer Melville and Naval Constructor Hichborn, the last named officer having been largely instrumental in designing the new vessels and their machinery.

Among the ship building firms represented by officers or agents at the opening were the following: The Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, of Wilmington; Quintard Iron Works, of New York, Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, and Atlantic works, of South Boston.

The bids were as follows: The Bath Iron Works, of Maine, propose to build three 2000-ton vessels for $780,000 each, but with the addition of six months to the advertised time—two years. Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, propose to build the same vessels at $87[illegible],000 each. The same firm offered to build two 3000-ton vessels at $1,225,000 each.

The result of the bidding was a disappointment to the naval officers as the appropriation is limited by act of congress to $700,000 each in case of the [illegible] vessels and $1,000,000 for each of the 3000-ton vessels. [illegible] of the bids is [illegible] The next move will be to readvertise, [illegible] much confidence is felt in the result and it is probable that as in the case of the cruiser Newark congress will be asked to increase the limit of the cost of the vessels. Still another course open to the secretary is to build the vessels at the navy yards.

Naval Constructor Hichborn, who is acting as chief of the construction corps, regards the failure to secure suitable bids as an indication that the constructors are profiting by their experience, and calls attention to the fact that nearly all of the vessels now building are under heavy penalties for delaying the construction.

He says: "The navy department was not consulted by congress when the appropriations were made for the vessels. The committees prescribed not only the cost, but the speed, or horse power, and tonnage of all the ships. To realize these conditions, the officers of the department who designed the vessels have been compelled to draw up plans for the vessels which could not be built for the money appropriated, as a high rate of speed was required and it was expected that our naval vessels would be the best of their type in the world."

He did not think the ships could be constructed at the navy yards, which are already crowded with work, at the prices fixed by congress.

Engineering experts believe the reason for the advance in the figures of the bids is to be found in the severe requirements in the matter of speed and horse power. The Yorktown approximates in size and characteristics the two-ton cruiser bid upon to-day. She is 1700 tons displacement, and the contractor agreed to give her a 3000 horse power, the vessel to be furnished at $465,000. This is a little more than one half of the average bid received to-day, but the new vessels are required to have 5400 horse power, with eighteen knots speed.

THE CHARLESTON'S TRIAL TRIP.

SAN SIMEON, Cal., Aug. 22.—The United States cruiser Charleston arrived here early this afternoon, from San Francisco, and is now preparing for her trial trip.

Nebraska Prohibitionists.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 22.—The prohibition state convention closed its two days' session to-day. L. P. Wagton, of Norfolk, was nominated for supreme judge and Mrs. Jennie F. Holmes, of Tecumseh, and L. B. Palmer, of Hastings, for regents of the state university.

Do not endanger your health by using quinine when malarial fevers can be more effectively treated with Ayer's Ague Cure. Warranted.

Portland to Banff Hot Springs and return $35, good for sixty days. Grandest mountain scenery on earth en route.

THE GENERAL OPINION

"Not So Awfully Good Nor So Awfully Bad."

NO ONE EXPECTS IT TO BE REJECTED

The Constitution Handsomely Enrolled on Parchment—Members Leave for Tacoma on the Steamer Multnomah

OLYMPIA, Aug. 22.—The work of the convention is over. Forty-three working days having settled the business. The constitution was enrolled and engrossed [illegible] signed by all of the members except Lewis Neace, of Waitsburg, and James [illegible] of [illegible], who have not been present for the last ten days, and [illegible] others who were temporarily absent. The John Hancock of the document so far as signature goes is H. C. Willison, of Port Townsend, while the "Stephen Hopkins' scrawl" on the [illegible] Declaration of Independence is almost [illegible] reproduced in the worm fence signature of J. J. [illegible] of Colfax.

Judge Hoyt's name is a little better than he generally writes it, which is bad enough. He says he never could write well.

"What do you think of the constitution, judge?" was asked of the presiding officer.

"It is not so awfully good nor so awfully bad," was his reply, and this voices the opinion of the majority of the members.

One of them said he had read worse state constitutions, while another said it could be so easily amended that there was no use in kicking against it. Nobody thinks that it will be rejected by the people.

The sovereignty of the state was asserted in the tide lands, and right or title to such lands covered by United States patents was disclaimed, a sort of a compromise that suited both sides.

The closing hour of the convention this evening was a brilliant scene. The hall was packed at 8 o'clock with ladies and gentlemen. It was the first night session since the opening of proceedings on the Fourth of July last and Judge Turner complimented the convention on their industry in at last securing one night session before adjournment.

The constitution did not arrive at the hall until 8:15 o'clock, when Thomas M. Reed, of the revision and enrollment committee, brought in an armful of it written on large sheets of parchment, seventy-one pages, beautifully engrossed by Enrolling Clerk Richard O. Wells. The constitution was laid on the table for a while and after it was ascertained that all the members had signed it but four who were absent, Chief Clerk John I. Booge put his attest to the bottom of the page in beautiful chirography.

Judge Turner offered a vote of thanks to the people of Olympia for their generous hospitality, which was unanimously adopted, after which the convention went into committee of the whole for about an hour, during which time there was rained upon the committee all sorts of funny and sarcastic resolutions and articles which set the large crowd of ladies and gentlemen in the hall roaring with laughter and discomfited the successive chairmen elected, Messrs. Cosgrove, Dyer and Buchanan.

At 9:16 o'clock the committee of the whole reported to the convention, President Hoyt resumed the chair and after a few sensible remarks adjourned the convention sine die.

Nearly all the members left on the steamer Multnomah at 11 o'clock for Tacoma, some few went to the Gray's harbor country, while others [illegible] of the mountains intend to take in the lower sound as far as Whatcom.

Mrs. Mayor Gowey gave a delightful farewell reception to the members and their wives between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock this evening, all of them taking away pleasant reminders of her hospitality.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Potter C. Sullivan, the young lawyer from Tacoma, who is just 30 years of age, is called "Charley" by his friends, from his middle name. He was born in Nebraska when it was a wild territory, and his ability has been so apparent in the convention that it has even surprised his friends. He has a warm boyish face, is stout in figure, and does not care for looking spruce in personal appearance. In fact, he resembles a fat, good natured big boy in the country, who has just brought in the cows and is ready to do the chores around the farm house. He was chairman of the committee on elections and elective rights, was prominent in many debates, and never brought any fool proposition before the body. He was earnest and forcible in his remarks, presented many amendments to propositions which were adopted, and was always listened to with attention. His seat was in bachelors' row, alongside of his chum, D. J. Crowley, of Walla Walla. His brother, E. R. Sullivan, nine years his senior, an other lawyer of ability, is from the splendid county of Whitman. He lives at Colfax. He was born in Michigan and has a ringing voice, which was often heard on the floor of the house. He interspersed his speeches with laughable statements and illustrations, and always created a sensation when he got warmed up on any subject. He was a sort of free lance in speech, because he said he never expected to hold any public office. Mrs. Sullivan accompanied him.

General George W. Tibbetts, of King county, who was once elected brigadier general of the territory, is a Grand Army veteran of 43 years of age. He is a native of Maine and lives at Gilman, where he is interested in coal mines. Tibbetts is popular in King county and is a red hot republican. He has been a good worker.

Dr. J. J. Travis, of Chewelah, Stevens county, is the youngest member of the convention, and comes from pretty well up toward the British border. He is a tall Tennesseean and a democrat. While he has been a steady attendant he has not had much to say. He will be 30 years of age on his next birthday.

The purely intellectual man of the convention who developed more ability as a debater, thinker and worker than any of his colleagues was Judge George Turner, of Spokane Falls, who had almost a national reputation from his republican leadership in Alabama before the late President Arthur appointed him to the supreme bench in the territory. He was born thirty nine years ago in Missouri near the Iowa boundary, and when a boy, was a telegraph operator. His parents, over eighty years, are still living in Rolla, Mo. He has been in the territory six years and was on the supreme bench nearly four years. Judge Turner was chairman of the judiciary committee and brought in the first article for the consideration of the convention on that subject which was adopted. His capacity for work is simply enormous and his industry was exhibited in the body by his constant attendance, his unflagging interest on all subjects and the fact that he never missed a roll call, nor went back to Spokane Falls for a few days, after the calamity there which swept away his law library, books and private papers. He has made the best all around record of any man in the convention, and has been named in connection with the United States senatorship and as one of the supreme judges.

J. F. Van Name, of Kelso, is a young democrat, who has been at the session ever since its commencement and always taken an exceedingly lively interest in the proceedings. He has made a good committeeman and has been one of the quiet members on the floor, so far as the debates have been concerned. He is a native of Illinois and a storekeeper.

C. H. Warner, the tall son of Anak from Colfax, Whitman county, is the chairman of the territorial democratic committee, and has often been heard on the floor in connection with various subjects presented. He was chairman of the committee on preamble and bill of rights, which committee reported to the convention a preamble without any reference to God, which was not accepted. Mr. Warner, who is a native New Yorker, is 53 years of age, and runs a big flour mill. He has a brother who is a noted congressman from Ohio and he is spoken of for the democratic nomination for congressman in the new state. He is an intelligent talker and is well liked.

Allen Weir, of Port Townsend, is a native Californian and but 35 years of age. He is anxious to represent Washington on the floor of the national house of representatives. He is an orator, an editor and lawyer and for some years ran the Port Townsend Argus. He stood by the old settlers in the tide lands discussion and was chairman of the committee on executive department and pardoning power.

J. J. Weisenburger, who is from Whatcom, where the tide [illegible] bill was under the business portion of the city, is a republican, but was elected as an independent. He is a lawyer 39 years of age, hails from Illinois, and is accompanied by his wife and little one. He has not missed a session, has been heard frequently in debate and has offered many good suggestions which have been adopted in the shape of amendments.

The tall lumberman from Aberdeen, the Gray's Harbor country, who has been in constant attendance, is A. J. West. He has the best war record of any member, is gentlemanly looking and has raised his voice several times in debate as well as in committee work. Mr. West is 60 years of age and a native of Ireland.

Dr. H. C. Willison, of Port Townsend, state quarantine physician, is the John Hancock of the convention so far as signature goes. His penmanship can not be surpassed. He is 44 years of age, tall in stature and the broadest shouldered man among his colleagues.

Henry Winsor, of Shelton, Mason county, is a pleasant faced farmer with gray whiskers. He is a native of Ohio but has been in the territory for some years and was sheriff of Pierce county for two terms before Tacoma became a large city. He is 64 years of age and while he has always been in his seat he has never had much to say.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

John I. Booge, of Spokane Falls, the chief clerk of the convention, has made an excellent clerk. He was formerly justice of the peace in Spokane Falls and is now one of the county commissioners. He is 43 years of age, and his hair and mustache are beginning to show silver threads. Mr. Booge is careful and conscientious in the discharge of his duties and has won many friends while here. He met with some personal losses at the Spokane Falls fire in connection with his real estate business. C. M. B.

THEY ARRIVE AT TACOMA.

TACOMA, W. T., Aug. 22.—The delegates from the constitutional convention at Olympia, left the capital to-night at 11 o'clock on steamer Multnomah for Tacoma, and reached here in time to catch the trains and boats in all directions. Special arrangements have been made to provide them with every accommodation to reach their homes with the smallest possible delay by rail and steamer.

NO COLOR LINE ABROAD.

Iowa State Register.

A prominent colored clergyman of Washington, D. C., Rev. C. K. Phillips, who has recently returned from Europe, says that [illegible] ever he went [illegible] the [illegible] He [illegible] of the delegates to the world's Sunday school convention and [illegible] was given the same courtesy in treatment that was accorded to the other delegates. He was invited to preach in Liverpool, London and Edinburg, and at the hotels and other public places he was given the same attentions that were given to the other delegates. The same hospitality that were shown to the white visitors were extended freely to the colored delegates.

The experience of Mr. Phillips [illegible] [illegible] of a color line in Europe [illegible] [illegible] who have traveled [illegible] [illegible] nations do not recognize a color line. Character and breeding and intelligence receive their due recognition whatever the color of the skin of the men in whom they may appear. There is no such thing as a color line in England. In the sense in which it exists in the United States. It is a striking comment on the bourbonism of the South that the cosmopolitan and most cultivated cities of Europe treat the colored man according to his merits. [illegible] South is [illegible] [illegible] of the civilization of Europe. In coloring [illegible] of [illegible] not a sign of social progress.

TURF EVENTS.

Races at Saratoga, Morris Park, Chicago and Elsewhere

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 22.—The weather was [illegible] the track fast and the racing good.

Five-eighths of a mile—Prodigal Son won in 1:03¾, Cecil B second, Little Crete third.

Mile—Ben Harrison won in 1:40¼, Tello D'Or second, Lady H third.

Mile and 70 yards—Lavenia Belle won in 2:12¼, Gypsy Queen second, Brown Prince third.

Mile and one-sixteenth—Vosburg won in 1:49, From[illegible] second, Bravo third.

Three-fourths of a mile—Littroll won in 1:16¼, Kittie R second, Hermaboure third.

WASHINGTON PARK RACES.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—At the Northwestern Breeders Association's trotting meeting to-day, the weather and track were perfect and the attendance fair.

The chief interest of the day centered in the four year old race. In that Harry Noble rather outclassed the rest of the field, but Wyandot and Garfinc showed plenty of speed and drove the winner out in good time.

The 2:21 race was postponed until to-morrow at 7 o'clock after two heats had been trotted, on account of darkness.

2:30 class—Kit[illegible] first, Lou White second, Prize third, Herring McUm fourth. Best time 2:23½.

Four year old stake—Harry Noble first, Diplomacy second, Wyandot third, Ghfine fourth. Best time, 2:20½.

2:21 class—Almost first, First Call second. Best time, 2:21½.

It was announced from the judges stand that the famous [illegible] year old stallion Axtell would go to-morrow to beat his record of 2:14½.

THE FASTEST MILE EVER PACED IN THE EAST.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 22.—The attendance to-day was 6000 and the track was in a splendid condition.

2:27 class—Marksman Maid first, Maud Muller second, Saxon third, Frank S. fourth. Best time, 2:21¼.

2:18 class, purse, $1500—Susy S first, J. D. Richardson second, Newton B third, Henrietta distanced. Best time 2:18¼.

The famous mare Belle Hamlin with a running mate, made an attempt to beat her record of 2:13¾. In the third attempt she got away square, making the mile in 2:14¼. Although the mare failed, she was vigorously applauded.

The pacer Johnson was then brought out to beat his record of 2:06¼. He was driven by Bud Doble. The horse got away the second attempt and made the mile in 2:07. Although he did not break his own record, he made the fastest mile ever made on a track in the East.

RECORD BROKEN AT MORRIS PARK.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Aug. 22.—The attendance to-day was $15,000.

Three quarters of a mile—Tipstaff won in 1:12, one second faster than all previous records, Volunteer second, Emotion third.

Mile—Tenny won in 1:42½, Oregon second, Jay F. Dee third.

Three quarters of a mile—Lavonia won in 1:43½, Ruperta second, Golden Horn third.

Mile and one eighth—Oriflamme won in 1:56¾, Bronzomart second, Hypocrite third.

Five eighths of a mile—Swifter won in 1:01, Civil Service second, Tallyhoo third.

Seven eighths of a mile—Tattler won in 1:29, Starling second, Syntax third.

FAUST LOWERS THE THREE YEAR OLD RECORD.

EVANSTON, Wy., Aug. 22.—Faust, the three year old pride of Evanston, won the stakes in the three year old race at Butte, Montana, to-day, beating a full brother of Patron in two straight heats, time, 2:18. This is the lowest three year old record ever made in a race, and caused great rejoicing among the many admirers of A. C. Beck with a stable.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Following are the entries and weights for to-morrow's running races:

Mile and an eighth—Masaillon 111, Westfield 111, Seymour 108, Rupert 119, Tillie Doe 114, Faust 109, Riverside 108.

Seven eighths of a mile—Champagne Charley 101, Joe Lee 101, Climax 101, Bradford 101, Cracksman 101, Fitzroy 101, Volunteer 101, Fordham 101, Lela May 96, Maori 96, Sunlight 96, Dunboyne 115.

Five eighths of a mile—Osceola 117, Jim R. 122, Village Maid 103, Germanic 103, Reward 103, Ford ham 122, Tom Hood 122, Lola 125, L. J. D. 108, Frolols 108, Leander 115.

Mile and three-eighths—Barrister 120, Elgin 116, Niagara 124, The Elk 105, Larchmont 112, Bridge light 122.

Seven-eighths of a mile, selling race—Miss Thomas 86, Gounoud 92, Hayeds 92, Henry George 92, Hipon 92, Jennie McFarland 87, Fourmaline 87, Buckstone 107, Sparling 104, Fannie H 90, Spectator 100, Tattler 117, Rowland 107, Romp 110, Macauley 110, Vivid 103, Bellair 108, Saluda 102.

Three-quarters of a mile, selling race—Centura 104, King William 104, Queen Toy 104, Zoe 94, Insight 101, Tom Finley 100, Onward 100, Miss Belle 115, Extravagance 100.

BASEBALL.

Indianapolis, New York, Pittsburg and Boston the League Winners

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 22.—This being Monument day, Indianapolis and Cleveland played two games. Three thousand people saw the morning game which was called at the end of the ninth inning each side having scored once. It was a pitchers' battle, both Getzein and O'Brien doing magnificent work. Over 7000 people saw the afternoon game to-day, which like the morning one, was a pitchers' battle. The fielding on both sides was brilliant, and Indianapolis won on Cleveland's errors. Score—Indianapolis 3, Cleveland 1.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The Giants won to-day after an interesting contest, scoring five runs in the last inning. Score—New York 8, Philadelphia 4.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The visitors found Gumbert's delivery in the first inning for six hits, and with the home team's errors it netted them six runs. Score—Chicago 7, Pittsburg 11.

BOSTON, Aug. 22.—The Bostons defeated the Senators to-day quite easily, although the visitors crawled up in a manner that caused some uneasiness in the last two innings. Score—Boston 7, Washington 5.

ASSOCIATION GAMES.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 22.—Columbus 6, Louisville 11.
CINCINNATI, Aug. 22.—Cincinnati 14, Brooklyn 5.
KANSAS CITY, Aug. 22.—Kansas City 5, Athletics 3.
ST. LOUIS, Aug. 22.—St. Louis 2, Baltimore 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE ORGANIZED

At Saratoga for the Protection of American Institutions

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 22.—As the result of consultations had with leading publicists in forty three states and territories a large and influential conference of representatives from different sections of the country was held here to-day, resulting in the formation of a national league for the protection of American institutions.

Among those present were Hon. John Jay and William Butler, of New York, Rev. Dr. Miner, of Boston, Rev. Drs. Johnson and Thompson, of Chicago, Rev. Drs. Schuster and Cary, of Washington, Rev. Dr. McLeod, of Indianapolis, Rev. Joseph Cook and other well known publicists both lay and clerical.

A constitution was adopted, in which the objects of the league are given, as follows: "To secure constitutional and legislative safeguards for the protection of the common school system and other American institutions, and to prevent sectarian or denominational appropriations of public funds."

Its officers are Hon. John Jay, of New York, president, Rev. Dr. James B. Dunn, of Boston, secretary, with vice presidents from several states and a board of twenty-four managers.

The immediate efforts of the league will be directed to securing a constitutional amendment kindred to the Edmunds bill of 1886 formulated by the senate judiciary committee and supported by the senate by a vote of 28 to 10.

NORTH DAKOTA REPUBLICANS

The Nominations Decided Upon in Convention Yesterday.

FARGO, Dakota, Aug. 22.—The republican convention met this morning at 10 o'clock, and after the appointment of a committee on credentials adjourned until this afternoon.

AT THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

Miller's force was led by A. M. Johnson in the fight for a permanent chairman, while E. A. Williams was the choice of Tyler. The vote resulted 131 to 130 in favor of Johnson.

Having secured a chairman, the Miller men demanded an immediate vote for governor, and carried their point by an increased majority. As the vote for governor proceeded the result was apparent, and the rules were suspended and Miller elected by acclamation.

At 3:30 the convention re-convened, after a recess, and made the following nominations: Secretary of state, J. F. Little, supreme court judges, J. C. H. Corliss, Alfred Wallin and Judge Bartholomew; member of congress, L. C. Hansborough, lieutenant governor, Alfred Dickey, state auditor, S. O. Bray.

Death of a Prominent Business Man.

CANTON, O., Aug. 22.—Jacob Miller, at the head of the immense agricultural works of E. Altman & Co., died here this morning of paralysis, aged 65.

The value of vacation may be greatly increased by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by druggists.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining car line. Office, No. 121 First street, cor. Washington.

HARRISON AT HOME

A Grand Reception in the Hotel Parlors.

INDIANA SOLDIERS' MONUMENT

Imposing Ceremonies at the Laying of the Corner Stone—Speech by President Harrison

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 22.—[illegible] to the headquarters of the [illegible] that Harrison [illegible] the general reception began this morning [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the hotel lobby was thronged with a mass of [illegible] ity. The president received in the parlors which were [illegible] decorated with flowers and bunting.

[illegible] people passed up the stairway and through a parlor and it is estimated that in an hour 2000 passed by the president. The crowd was composed mostly of fellow townsmen of the president who came to pay their respects. There were also many prominent men from adjoining states.

THE LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE.

Impressive Ceremonies and a Patriotic Speech by the President.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 22.—The corner stone of the Indianapolis soldiers and sailors monument was laid this afternoon with imposing ceremonies in the presence of the president of the United States. Many men of prominence and a thousand veteran soldiers and sailors were present. The trains brought thousands of strangers to the city to-day. The city was beautifully decorated in honor of the occasion.

The exercises of the day began at 2 o'clock, when the parade was formed and began its march through the principal streets. It was made up of the various posts of G. A. R. throughout the state, the state militia and local civic organizations. It is estimated that 8000 men were in line. In the second division, immediately in the rear of the military, was the escort to President Harrison a hundred strong, all mounted.

The president rode in a flag draped carriage, Major Denny and Governor Hovey riding with him. Other guests of prominence followed.

All the streets surrounding the monument were packed with people, and as the president ascended the stand he was greeted with cheers, which he acknowledged. The crowd watched in silence the laying of the corner stone.

The documents were consigned to their resting place and then the stone was placed in position in accordance with the ritual of the G. A. R. When the stone had been placed in position the national flag was raised and the "Star Spangled Banner" sung by Mrs. Zelie Seguin Wallace. The ceremony ended with the firing of a salute.

Following this, Governor Hovey, as the presiding officer of the occasion, made a brief address and was followed by General Marsh and General Coburn.

At the conclusion of the latter's address President Harrison was introduced, and after the applause created had ended he said in part:

Mr. President and Fellow Citizens: The suggestion that a monument should be built to commemorate the valor and heroism of those soldiers of Indiana who gave their lives for the flag attracted my interest from the beginning. Five years ago last January, when the people assembled in the opera house yonder to unveil the statue which had been worthily set up to our great war governor, I ventured to express the hope that ere long, as a twin expression of great sentiment, there might be built a noble shaft, not to any man, not to bear on any of its majestic faces the name of any man, but a monument about which the wives and sons of veterans, the mothers of our dead, and the widows that are yet with us, might gather and pointing to its stately shaft, say, "There is his monument." I hope expressed that day is realized now. [Cries of "Thank God" and cheers.]

"I congratulate the people of Indiana that our legislature has generously met the expectations of our patriotic people. I congratulate the commission having this great work in charge. They have secured a design which will not suffer under the criticism of the best artists of the world. My countrymen, $200,000 have never passed and will never pass from the treasury of Indiana that will give a better return than the expenditure for the erection of this monument.

"As I have witnessed these ceremonies and listened to these patriotic hymns, I have read in the faces of the men who stand about, that lifting up of soul, that kindling of patriotic fire, that has made me realize that in such occasions the nation is laying deep and strong its future security.

"This is the monument of Indiana to Indiana soldiers, but I beg you to remember that they were only soldiers of Indiana until the enlistment oath was taken, that from that hour until they came back to the generous state that had sent them forth they were soldiers of the Union. [Applause], so that it seemed to me not inappropriate that I should bring to you to-day the sympathy and cheer of the loyal people of all of the states. No American citizen need avoid it or pass with unsympathetic eyes, for, my countrymen, it does not commemorate a war of subjugation. There is not in the United States to-day, a man who if he realizes what has occurred since the war and has opened his soul to the sight which is to come, will not feel that it is good for all that victory crowned the cause which this monument commemorates. [Cries of amen and applause.] I do seriously believe that if we can measure among the states the benefits resulting from the preservation of the Union that the rebellious states have the larger share. It opened the way for a commercial life that if they will only embrace it and face the light means to their developments that it shall rival the best attainments of the greatest of our states.

"And now let me thank you for your pleasant greeting." [Great and prolonged applause.]

There were loud calls for General Rusk at the conclusion of the president's remarks, and he responded as follows: "Mr. President and comrades—I will not delay you with any remarks. I am here with the president to witness these great ceremonies. I met Indiana soldiers in the war and they never failed to support us and I am here to-day to say that I will never fail to stand by you."

Attorney General Miller spoke briefly, saying that he was not prepared to say anything of interest and did not think any man had the right to mar such exercises as to-day by an incongruous extemporaneous address.

This ended the exercises, and amid the booming of cannon and the cheers of thousands the throng dispersed.

DECLARED A DRAW

A Lengthy Mill Fought by Two West Point Cadets.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Cadet Corporal Dixon, of Texas, and Private Stetson, of New York, met in a prize ring pitched within the rampart of old Fort Clinton early this morning. Both of the boys are members of the third class, and the fight resulted in some cadets' quarrel. Round after round, Queensbury rules, was fought without decisive results. After the ninth, however, it was quite exciting.

In the twelfth Stetson found an opening, and mashed Dixon a quarter on the right eye, and followed it with another blow, which dazed his opponent. When time was called again Dixon's eyes were both in mourning, but he still maintained his ground.

Nothing occurred worthy of notice until the thirty fifth round, when Stetson tallied again, smashing Dixon between the eyes.

Although both men now showed signs of exhaustion, they were plucky. Dixon had been quite severely punished, while Stetson had a few marks.

Five rounds more were productive of no result, although Stetson continued to pound Dixon on the chest in a way that made the latter weary.

The fight was kept up until reveille sounded, when the referee declared it a draw and all flew for camp. As Dixon had not marched [illegible] his company and reported to the officer in charge, he had to report himself sick and has been in the hospital ever since, getting his eyes and chest doctored.

THE PRIZE FIGHTER CASES.

Renaud Released—Adjournment of the Special Term of the Court.

PURVIS, Aug. 22.—Renaud has taken an appeal to the supreme court, and was released on $[illegible] bonds. He also furnished $2000 bonds to appear as a witness in December before the grand jury.

After disposing of the case against Renaud to-day, the special term of the court adjourned. The regular term commences the second Monday in December, when Kilrain will be tried.

KILRAIN EN ROUTE FOR THE SOUTH.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 22.—Kilrain, accompanied by Officer Childs, left this city to-night for the South.

THE DROUGHT IN THE SOUTHWEST.

The Rio Grande Never Known To Be So Dry Before

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 22.—This city is practically without water. The works are shutting off the supply to consumers until there is sufficient in the reservoir for fire protection. The Rio Grande never was so dry before, and there has been no rain for months. The whole northwest country is suffering.

THE WARRING RAILROADS

An Unexpected Communication From Chairman Cooley

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The warring Northwestern railroads to-day ran against an unexpected snag, in the shape of a little communication from Chairman Cooley, of the interstate commerce commission, who informed them that when circumstances justified the making of rates which ignored the long and short haul clause the rates actually made must be reasonable, when compared the one with the other. The great disparity now made, since the recent vigorous cut between the long and short haul rates, on the lines between Chicago and St. Paul would of itself make the latter illegal and undefensible. If maintained, it would compel the commission to make an order reducing the short haul to the proportion.

Judge Cooley called the attention of the managers to the fact that when they exacted excessive short haul rates they rendered themselves liable in every instance to an action on behalf of any person who had been compelled to pay the same. "This notification," said he, "must be recognized, and the managers must act accordingly, and [illegible] decision [illegible] of the careful examination [illegible] the facts in the case [illegible] of the Western freight [illegible] to [illegible] upon that [illegible] no action to the manager. [illegible] [illegible] Manager Hagan, of the Chicago [illegible] Kansas City road, announced [illegible] that in order to be in accord with the law he [illegible] apply the [illegible] on local traffic [illegible] going at once. [illegible]

[illegible] TOUR [illegible]

They Stab a New York Grocer to the Heart [illegible] Capture?

NEW YORK, Aug. [illegible]—Early this morning Christopher W. [illegible] had a hand to hand conflict with three burglars who had gained entrance to his grocery. During the fight [illegible] [illegible] was stabbed to the heart. The police found one of the men hidden behind a barrel. He said his name was MacElwaine and gave a description of his companions. In less than an hour another [illegible] named Larkin, a pickpocket, [illegible] [illegible] was captured.

A MONOPOLY OF OCCUPATION

A Demand That the State Resume the Taxing Privilege

PORTLAND, Aug. 22.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN.

Having elected to live under the American republic and having in return been guaranteed liberty and equality under the constitution, the question for me just now, as a laborer is not so much whether the wages of miners in certain coal districts are a few cents higher or lower than they were thirty years ago, but whether under the laws of this republic I get value received for the labor I perform. That is to say, in general terms, whether in a given quantity of wealth produced the laborer gets his full share or is there a privileged class created by law that robs him of the greater portion of his earnings without returning any equivalent to society. If, in making this inquiry, I lay myself liable to the charge made by certain pseudo political economists, of "creating class distinctions and arraying one class against another," I cheerfully accept the consequences, believing, as I do, that in all ages the maxim has held true, "The laborer is worthy of his hire," and in that faith am not afraid that such inquiry is "unwise, endangers our social and political prosperity and safety" and should be rebuked by all good citizens. Truth, Mr. Phillips, has nothing to fear from investigation, and our statute books contain at least no gag law.

That "labor is paid out of its own product" is a self evident truth and in the case cited by Mr. Phillips is just as clear as though the miner dug his ton of coal and sold it at the pit mouth to the consumer. Nor has the capital of the employer been reduced one dollar in the process. In filling his empties during the summer months and getting his "acres of coal afloat," he has simply changed the form of his capital, and in place of money he now has coal, of sufficiently greater value to insure said capitalist against all risks in transit, and upon which he could borrow if necessary more than enough money to replace that paid in wages. If capital be "the conserved surplus of labor," labor must precede and create capital, as is proved by the fact that the miner digs his coal and turns it over to the capitalist before he receives his wages. The true functions of capital are to supply labor with tools, machinery, etc., whereby labor may be made more productive, and for these services capital is entitled to its just returns—that is to a fair interest on all necessary outlay, sinking fund for replacement, insurance against risk. What remains should in strict justice be the reward of labor, which of course includes the wages of superintendence.

But here steps in the privileged class to which inquiry refers. The owners of the land beneath which the mines are situated comes to the front and demands that his "rights" be first considered before one penny goes to either capital or labor. The law backs him, and the rental value these lands have in the market, or a "lankage," which is the same thing, must be deducted from the gross proceeds. By what process of reasoning our friend reconciles his "law of supply and demand" with an avaricious coal trust which combines to raise the selling price of coal without advancing miners' wages," he fails to tell us. But on telling we know that the diversion of the above mentioned rent from private pockets into the public till, accompanied as it would be by a rental tax on all land apart from the improvements, would produce such an advance in wages as even Mr. Phillips would become cognizant of, for the opening of natural opportunities to the competition of all, with the remission of all other taxes, would give such an independence to labor as would bring even "an avaricious coal trust" to terms.

Now what are these "rights" claimed by the land owners? Simply these: That he is invested by the state with a monopoly of occupation, and that owners of land as compared with all other owners of property are endowed with a taxing privilege, compared with which the monopolies enjoyed by Elizabeth's favorites were trifles light as air. That is to say, that if I invest money in an enterprise of any kind I can only hope to realize a fair interest on my money plus my wages of superintendence. But if I invest in land I am endowed with the state with the power of taxing all who may want to use that land to the full extent of the value which the urgent needs of society may have given that land plus the value added by the rest of the speculators in land, a tax from which there is no escape because the quantity of land is fixed and cannot be increased, and accordingly the public must pay all that the owners of land have tacitly combined to extort. As this value continues to increase with increase of population and all additions to machinery and inventions for the production of wealth it is clear that labor and capital must continue to pay an increased tax to the land owner, consequently a less and less share of the wealth produced falls to the lot of labor and a greater and greater percentage to rent. Hence I flatly deny the justice of Mr. Phillips's first deduction "that the ills that afflict men are mainly due to vice, to lack of thrift, etc.," which is a gross, a bitter insult to our industrious poor, who carry the bail and shackle of the land lords' grievous tax.

These facts being self-evident, I hold that the inquiry with which I commenced this article is answered affirmatively, and accordingly, as a citizen of guaranteed equal rights, I demand that the state resume this taxing privilege, which it has given up to a class, and that the rental values of the bare land, created by society, be taken by the state under its sovereign rights of taxation for the use of all. A WORKMAN.

NOTES OF PERSONS.

Senor Bardina, who was recently kidnapped by banditti in Cuba has been released, on the payment of a ransom of $21,000 in gold.

Mme. Dejerine Klumpke, an American wife of a Frenchman, has won the degree of "Doctoresse" from the Paris Faculty of Medicine, with high honors.

Secretary Rusk does not seem to mind hot weather. He has spent a great deal of time in Washington this summer, and has done a large amount of work, but he is as chipper as a bird, and he laughs as heartily as though the atmosphere was dry and cool.

Mrs. Elizabeth Faith, who died recently at Leonville, had her coffin made under her own personal direction more than three years ago. It was made of solid walnut lined with zinc, and trimmed with white silk. It was inclosed in a strong cedar box, and this is still another box made of thick oak timber.

Mr. Rider Haggard has agreed to write a book to appear in 1891 about Queen Esther, for a press syndicate of New York. Mr. Haggard always studied localities on the spot, and therefore will have to give up until [illegible] and magisterial duty in Norfolk while exploring the locality where the plot of his next novel will be placed.

The crown prince of Greece will not wed a dowerless bride. On the death of the late Emperor Frederick the Prince's sophie of Germany inherits $5,000,000, which is to be duly put in settlement for her when she marries, to this sum her mother, the Empress Frederick, adds $5,000 as a marriage gift, and at her mother's death the princess will come into a much larger amount.

The news of the death of the Baroness de Struve, wife of the Russian minister to this country, will be received with sorrow by the large number of American friends which she made during her stay in Washington. She was a woman brilliantly equipped for a social career; she was highly accomplished, a fine linguist, had a rare charm of manner, and [illegible] made her a leader in the diplomatic circles.

Edward Olsen, president of the University of Dakota, Professor R. A. Weldner and Dr. Harper are to sail this week to attend the International Congress of Orientalists, to be held at Stockholm and Christiania in the early part of September. This congress, which is under the patronage of King Oscar, has the Sultan of Turkey for an honorary member and counts among its officers several Swedish cabinet ministers and diplomats.

Prince Joseph Sulkouski, who was abducted from an insane asylum in the neighborhood of Vienna a few weeks ago, now occupies a unique place. He was captured in Zurich and returned to an asylum near Bonn. The physicians of the latter institution declare that he is [illegible] possession of his mental faculties and [illegible] been insane. As he is a hereditary [illegible] Prussia and Austria, this decision [illegible] [illegible] giver in one state and a power [illegible] other.

Like Sairy Gamp

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Kansas papers are still industriously striving to make out the real meaning of Senator Ingall's recent bewildering article on the subject of prohibition. It does not seem to have occurred to any of them that the mysterious production is simply a clever elaboration of Mrs. Gamp's statement of her temperance views: "Don't ask me whether I won't take none or whether I will, but leave the bottle on the chimney piece, and let me put my lips to it when I am so dispoged."

No "Flixir" for Him.

Philadelphia Enquirer.

Diggs—"Hang this elixir of life business, anyhow. It's the worst I ever heard of." Biggs—"Why, Diggs, what's the matter with you?" Diggs (savagely)—"Matter enough. I've been waiting nine years already for that rich old uncle of mine to die and here's this blessed crank turning out some sort of stuff that makes old men young again."

Call at Canadian Pacific office, No. 6 Washington, for a descriptive pamphlet Banff Hot Springs. Great health resort.

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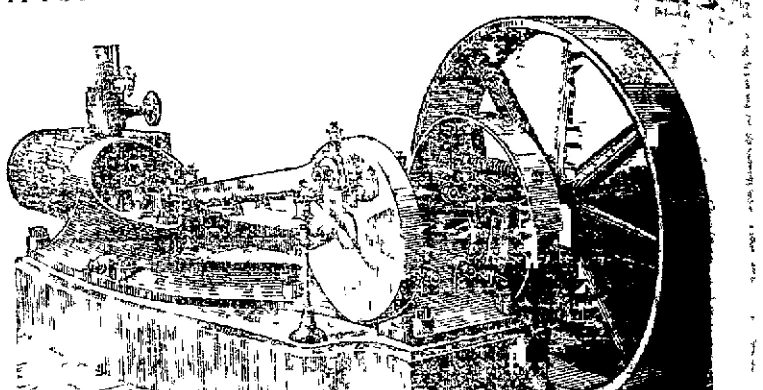

Give the best satisfaction of any in use. Russell & Co. manufacture an excellent line of these engines at Massillon, Ohio, and are also manufacturers of Saw Mills and all styles of Wood Working Machinery, and keep a large stock of all the above machinery at their branch house 160, 162, 164 and 166 Front st., Portland, Or. Send for complete Catalogue. Mailed free on application. RUSSELL & CO.

FURNITURE, STOVES, CARPETS

Bedroom Suits, 7 pieces	$19.75 up
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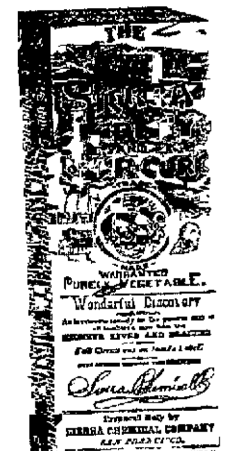

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CURE

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PURE JUICES OF THE HERBS OF CALIFORNIA!

Sure cure for Leucorrhea and all Female Complaints.
Invaluable remedy for all Kidney Troubles.
Easily taken. Delightful to the taste.
Rivals all other remedies for Urinary Disorders.
Ranks the first among Fine Medicines.
All speak in highest praise of it. Purely Vegetable.

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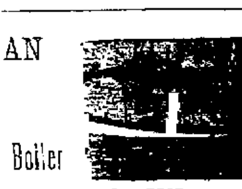
Coal Oil Engine & Boiler



1, 2, 4, 6 and 8 HORSEPOWER, $150 to $800.

PERFECTLY SELF REGULATING AND AUTOMATIC THROUGHOUT. OPERATED ON ONE-HALF GALLON OF KEROSENE OR CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL PER HORSEPOWER PER HOUR. OIL COSTS 6 TO 12 CENTS PER GALLON. NO ENGINEER REQUIRED. A BOY CAN UNDERSTAND AND OPERATE IT. STEAM IN 10 MINUTES. ABSOLUTELY SAFE. EXEMPT FROM ALL ACCIDENTS AND IRREGULARITIES. FOR PUMPING, RUNNING MACHINERY AND PROPELLING BOATS, YACHTS, LAUNCHES, ETC.

Can be left at work unattended. No smoke, no dirt or odor. Fire formed by fine spray of oil and steam mixed, passing through the atomizer ½ gallon of oil per day will maintain full head of steam and keep engine always ready for instant use. Will unassisted, extinguish their own fires at any steam pressure desired and as pressure decreases relight them. Large number in use. Send for free catalogue.

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Mechanics' Tools & Hardware, Leading Bicycles & Tricycles, Workshop Machines by Steam & Foot Power.

LOVE, THEY SAY, IS BLIND:

But the most loving husband will see the difference in his home if you use Sapolio. It saves labor in housework.

Cleanliness and neatness about a house are necessary to insure comfort. Man likes comfort, and if he can't find it at home, he will seek elsewhere for it. Good housewives know that SAPOLIO makes a house clean and keeps it bright. Happiness always dwells in a comfortable home. Do your want cleanliness, comfort and happiness? Try SAPOLIO and you will be surprised at your success.

EXCELSIOR MANF'G CO. CHARTER OAK STOVE 612 TO 618 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS MO.

IDEAL BROILING.

Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than over the live coals.

Lay the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.

Allow it to remain in the oven with the door closed 15 or 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be found nicely cooked ready to serve. THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.

There is no taint of coal-gas or smoke, and the meats are more tender and better in flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience of broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, and adds another to the many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.

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EVER-READY DRESS STAYS

Manufactured from FINEST SPRING STEEL Rubber Coated, Sateine and Satin Covered.

GUARANTEED

Not to Rust, Break or Split. Stitched to the Seams. No pockets or hot irons required.

CAUTION. BEWARE of worthless imitations. See that "EVER-READY" is stamped on the back of each stay.

THE EVER-READY EXTENDERS

Are made of the same material, with elastic ends and Buckles.

Ask for the EVER-READY Stays and Extenders and take no other.

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For your Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. It is the only establishment in the Northwest where they are made on thorough scientific principles. Lenses ground, if necessary, to correct each particular case. No case of defect where glasses are required too complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect. Our new optometer, an instrument to measure the strength of the eye, is the most complete, the best ever invented. Science has produced and is the only one ever invented that will give the exact amount of imperfection in the eye.

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YOUNG MEN!

Cures positively without fail all cases of Gonorrhoea and Chronic Gleet, no matter of how long standing. Causes no stricture it being an internal remedy. Cure guaranteed. Sold by all leading druggists. Price $3. Take no other.

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KIDNEY and all urinary troubles easily, quickly and safely cured by DOCUTA Capsules. Several cases cured in seven days. Sold $1.50 per box, all druggists, or by mail from Docuta Mfg. Co., 112 White street, N. Y. Full Directions.

DON'T FAIL TO READ TO-MORROW the advertisement of W. L. DOUGLAS, specialties in shoes.

RAILWAY DISAS[illegible]

Wreck of a Passenger T[illegible] Knoxville, Tennes[illegible]

THREE PROMINENT ME[illegible]

About Forty Injured. It Was th[illegible] Over the Cumberland Gap &[illegible] Road

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 22.—A h[illegible] occurred on the Knoxville, Cumb[illegible] Louisville railroad at Flat Gap cree[illegible] miles from here this morning. The [illegible] first to go over the new road and [illegible] excursion of business and profes[illegible] Knoxville. The train, consisting o[illegible] the track at the crossing and the [illegible] down the trestle.

The dead are: Judge George And[illegible] prominent lawyer of East Tennes[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] excitement and [illegible]

VIRGINIA REPUBLIC[illegible]

General Mahone Nominated [illegible] Acclamation

[illegible] Aug. 22.—The rep[illegible] [illegible] Dixie [illegible]

At the evening session the com[illegible] manent organization reported for [illegible] chairman, Congressman George [illegible] Norfolk.

The platform was then reporte[illegible] [illegible]

THE INTERNATIONAL C[illegible]

The Delegates To Be Taken [illegible] Excursion

[illegible]

AN IMPORTANT W[illegible]

Wilber, the Electrician [illegible] His Bed

[illegible]

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an excellent line
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FLL & CO.

$19.75 up
38.00 up
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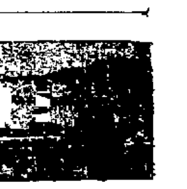

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AIF IT STEAM
PUMPING, HUN-
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by fine spray of oil
in full head of steam
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ST. LOUIS, MO

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Scientific Opticians,
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VESTMENT CO.
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nk Building Portland, Or.
TO READ TO-MORROW
the advertisement of W. H.
shoes.

RAILWAY DISASTER.

Wreck of a Passenger Train Near Knoxville, Tennessee.

THREE PROMINENT MEN KILLED

About Forty Injured. It Was the First Train Over the Cumberland Gap & Louisville Road.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 22.—A horrible wreck occurred on the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville railroad at Flat Gap creek, twenty-two miles from here this morning. The train was the first to go over the new road and carried a select excursion of business and professional men of Knoxville. The train consisting of two cars left the track at the crossing and the rear car went down the trestle.

The dead are: Judge George Andrews, the most prominent lawyer of East Tennessee; S. T. Powers, a leading merchant and farmer, and president of the East Tennessee Fire Insurance Company, and Alexander Reed, a leading politician who has held many offices of trust.

The injured are: Alexander A. Arthur, president of the Knoxville Chamber of Commerce; Isham Young, president of the road; [illegible] a member of the board of public works; John T. Hearn, editor of the Sentinel; W. W. Woodruff, a leading wholesale merchant; Charles Seymour, an attorney; [illegible] Wilson, assistant chief engineer of the road; County Judge Maloney; Alderman [illegible]; Hockings; General H. S. Chamberlain, of the governor's staff; [illegible] Roberts, a wholesale merchant; Rev. R. J. Cook, a professor in the [illegible] university; [illegible] City Physician West; Judge H. H. Ingersoll; H. B. Wetzell; W. B. Samuels; [illegible] Captain H. H. Taylor; [illegible] McKelden; [illegible] J. T. Kinsol[illegible]; Phillip Samuels; [illegible] W. A. Park and one of the train's crew.

Out of fifty-six persons on the train forty-one were injured.

The most intense excitement and sadness is apparent here to-night.

VIRGINIA REPUBLICANS.

General Mahone Nominated Governor by Acclamation.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 22.—The republican state convention opened this afternoon. When General Mahone stepped forward to call the convention to order the band struck up Dixie and the applause was uproarious.

At the evening session, the committee on permanent organization reported for a permanent chairman, Congressman George E. Bowden of Norfolk.

The platform was then reported and unanimously adopted. It reaffirms the devotion of the republicans of West Virginia to the national republican party and its principles earnestly approving the policy of the protective tariff which favors and renders necessary the repeal of the existing war taxes on tobacco and fruit brandies and whereby American labor is secured the best rewards, and American production its best market, while it affords abundant means to pursue a noble scheme of patriotism and statesmanship, thrice proclaimed by the republican senate in the Blair bill to afford generous aid to free schools of the states by national appropriation.

The platform also avers positive knowledge that a true return of the polls last November would have given the electoral vote of Virginia to the republican party.

It exhorts the republicans to remember that loyal adherence to the republican party of Virginia and its organization is indispensable to harmony and success, and that a full recognition of civil and political equality of this party to its organization and constitution by the national party and administration is an essential condition precedent to such recognition here or elsewhere.

The platform also says the party relies upon a cordial recognition from the people because among other things it has made suffrage free; is the original author and ever ready champion of the free school system, now deprived of free books by the hereditary enemies of popular education and elevation; because it is a zealous friend of the poor whom it rescues from the jails and poor houses, to which democratic authorities consign them; because it lightens the burdens of the taxpayers and practices an economy in striking contrast with the extravagance which in the last [illegible] years has squandered on mere administration of government a million and a half of dollars in excess of what four years of republican administration demonstrated to be necessary; because it is not on both sides or no side of any public question, state or federal; because [illegible] because it does not [illegible] of [illegible] taxation on land and then increase its dividends by new assessment; because it alone has shown an honest disposition and competent capacity to manage the state department; because it is manifest this party offers only right and protection of race and sectional differences of which democrats persistently complain, and because in everything state and nation [illegible] represents popular aspirations for American progress and prosperity. The platform further favors restoration of silver to full monetary functions by full and unlimited coinage.

At the conclusion of the reading and adoption of the platform General Mahone was nominated for governor by Colonel Lamb of Norfolk. The nomination was seconded by [illegible] Brown Allen of Staunton, and D. A. [illegible] well, colored, of Richmond, who [illegible] has been a prominent anti-Mahone republican. General Mahone was nominated by acclamation and accepted the nomination in a brief speech. Campbell's [illegible] county was nominated for lieutenant-governor.

THE INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

The Delegates To Be Taken on a Lengthy Excursion.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The international American congress will meet [illegible] October next [illegible] including some of the most distinguished men of Central and South America.

After perfecting the organization the party will start upon an excursion tendered by the government of the United States [illegible] full [illegible] days [illegible] manufacturing centers of New [illegible] Northern New York with a day at [illegible]. The party will remain at Niagara over Sunday, October 1[illegible].

On Monday the journey will be resumed and continued to Chicago [illegible] Cleveland, Detroit and other cities.

After leaving Chicago the [illegible] of the Northwest will be [illegible] a special train will run down [illegible] Omaha to [illegible] Louis via Kansas City.

The capitals of Indiana [illegible] the natural gas region will be visited [illegible] Cincinnati [illegible] to the Mammoth Cave and the [illegible] south [illegible] eastward.

The party will return to Washington on the 11th of November [illegible] the southern states will be [illegible] couple of months.

AN IMPORTANT WITNESS

Wilbur, the Electrician, Found Dead in His Bed.

DENVER, Aug. 23.—[illegible] Wilbur, perhaps the most important witness in the case of the government against the Bell Telephone [illegible] was found dead in bed yesterday. Death was evidently the result of hard drinking. Wilbur was chief clerk in the electrical department at the patent office [illegible] model was [illegible]. Subsequently Wilbur [illegible] bribed [illegible] witness [illegible] the government [illegible] back in the [illegible]. Pending the trial of the Bell case Wilbur was placed in charge of a secret service officer who brought him to Colorado in hopes of breaking him of his drinking habit. In this the officer was [illegible] for a time. For a year Wilbur has been [illegible] city [illegible] was connected [illegible] country.

A [illegible] BATTLE

Armed [illegible] of a Desperado Wanted [illegible]

[illegible]

Another [illegible] will be made [illegible]

THE BEHRING SEA SEIZURES

Communications Passing Between the British and U. S. Governments.

LONDON, Aug. [illegible]—Sir James Fergusson [illegible] Mr. [illegible] communications [illegible] passing between the [illegible] in regard to the seizures [illegible] Behring sea.

INFERIOR [illegible] OUR SOLDIERS

Lieutenant W. W. [illegible] lished [illegible] which we make [illegible]

This [illegible] of arms is a live [illegible] we, the [illegible] and extreme [illegible] sovereign [illegible] of the United [illegible] can afford to [illegible] that we have millions of fighting men ready to spring to arms at their country's call. The arms they would spring to may not be of the best but the men are splendid.

We have Springfield rifles for a few thousands of the millions and have provided by the law of the land in force in the year of grace 1889 that each man of all the rest shall have "a good musket or firelock, two spare flints, a sufficient bayonet," and other warlike gear, except in the case of officers each of whom must have "a spontoon, and a sword or hanger," as he may elect.

Our criterion of military excellence is very different from that of Europe. There it is the capability of men to get into position to shoot, and to shoot straight and quick, here it is the prettiness with which soldiers, under police escort, can march up the main street of a great town.

We consider it the part of wisdom to prepare for more peace, in time of peace but should a foreign foe suddenly attack us, the pulse of the patriot would thrill at the spectacle presented by our armies springing to their arms and marching down Broadway—under the protection of the Broadway squad—each man of the rank and file bravely bearing along his firelock, his two spare flints and his sufficient bayonet, and every officer gallantly brandishing his hanger and flourishing his spontoon while the cowering and cowardly enemy was pitching 2000 pounder shell among them from a safe position off Coney Island.

DAYTON'S ONWARD MARCH.

Competitive Lines Makes the Town a Railroad Center.

New Drainage System, Electric Light Plant, Completion of the Hunt Road and Generally Good Crops in Columbia County.

DAYTON, W. T., Aug. 19.

A great deal has been said and published in reference to failure of crops in Eastern Washington this year. We have taken particular pains to investigate the yield of Columbia county and find that while it will not reach an average crops are by no means a failure. All the eastern portion of the county including the vicinity of Dayton and a strip extending from the timber line on the Blue mountains for a distance of fifteen miles west will furnish an average yield of twenty-five bushels to the acre and the whole county will average eighteen bushels. I have talked with several farmers near Dayton who have harvested forty bushels of wheat per acre. When many of the Eastern states would this be called a failure? Columbia county is really the [illegible] of Eastern Washington. We have produced wheat sufficient this year to feed the people of the Pacific coast.

The city of Dayton is beginning to realize that she is a city and has a future. The contractors have just finished a sewer system of drainage which is worth one million dollars to the health of the citizens although it did not cost the city that much. And now the city council is contemplating further improvements by way of a system of water works for fire protection. The city is favorably located for such a system and no doubt the enterprise will be undertaken soon for the present city council is composed of enterprising and energetic men.

The electric plant just put into operation here last month is furnishing as good light as can be found and the company has already ordered material to increase their capacity for furnishing arc lights. They furnish nothing at present but commercial and street lights, but contemplate putting in an incandescent plant for lighting residences this fall.

At the present rate of grading and track laying Mr. G. W. Hunt will make good his contract with the people of Columbia county and will be ready to carry wheat from here by the first of December if not sooner. Your correspondent was informed that a force of Mr. Hunt's carpenters arrived to-day to commence the erection of depot buildings. With the Hunt road to give us direct communication with the Northern Pacific and the O. R. & N., now pulling for the Union Pacific, Dayton will be one of the most favorably situated cities in Eastern Washington, having competing railway facilities with Portland, the Sound cities and with the two great transcontinental railroads, the Union Pacific and the Northern Pacific.

There seems to be a great deal of dissatisfaction among the people here with the constitution and a great many have already declared their determination to vote against it.

Hon. Thomas H. Brents was on our streets last Saturday shaking hands with the people and causing a buzz in the air that sound[illegible] like a political chime. T. L. OILE.

THE GARFIELDS OF MENTOR

They Live a Comparatively Secluded Life.

The Pittsburg Post's Cleveland correspondent writes: Mrs. Garfield, the late president's widow, thoroughly detests newspaper notoriety and she would go to any extreme rather than have her name in the paper. Newspaper readers still remember the stumbling blocks that were thrown in the paths of reporters at the time of the double wedding in her family and when two months ago Mollie's baby boy was born every effort was made to keep the matter a secret. The affair only leaked out about a week ago and the Garfield family is not at all favorably impressed with the accounts the event has received in the newspapers. Mollie Garfield Brown now resides with her mother at Mentor and so does her husband, J. Stanley Brown, her late father's private secretary. Two stories are current about Mr. Brown's future. One that he is going to Washington to enter a law partnership and the other that he is about to go West on an expedition with the United States geological survey, but the latter is probably true. The baby is said to be doing nicely and Mrs. Garfield is very proud of her grandson.

Mrs. Garfield did at one time intend to make Cleveland her home, going so far as to purchase a magnificent residence on Prospect street near Case avenue for $[illegible]. The house has been and is now offered for sale at a reduction of $10,000 with no takers. Mr. Garfield [illegible] after removal to Mentor had the old homestead thoroughly remodeled in modern style and she intends to end her days there.

Garfield & Garfield is the name of the law firm [illegible] quite a thriving business [illegible] office in the Wilshire building. They are the ex-president's sons and indications are that they will carve out quite a career for themselves. Harry was married the same day as his sister Mollie and he lives in [illegible] residence on Woodland avenue while James is still single. The latter lives with his mother at Mentor, going and coming to and from his place of business daily on the Lake Shore train.

[illegible] Garfield is at rest in a casket near the remains of the son she loved so well, [illegible] after the dedication of the monument [illegible] their remains will be removed [illegible] memorial in Lake View.

Webb C. Hayes is the modest and unassuming son of ex-President Hayes. He cuts quite a figure in East End society and is very much of a favorite. He is still single [illegible] Prospect street and is the [illegible] of the National Carbon Company on Wilson avenue.

CURRENT REMARKS.

A sea captain who is the most wreckless is the one who ought to receive the biggest salary.—*Light.*

If you want to know something of the reel life of the Scotch people go to one of their dances.—*Boston Courier.*

[illegible] Did the old gentleman leave much when he died? [illegible]—He left the earth. What more could I expect?—*Boston Gazette.*

Lawyer—The ante-mortem statement says —— Judge—Hold on, now. We don't care anything about what Ante Mortem or [illegible] Mortem says. What did the deceased [illegible]—*Texas Siftings.*

[illegible] the proprietor of this [illegible] Why I was here [illegible] to tell you [illegible] through.—*Time.*

"Who's there?" said Dr. Brown-Sequard [illegible] a knock at his laboratory door. [illegible] was the [illegible] "Well, I can't do anything for you [illegible]"—*[illegible] Capital.*

A [illegible] who lives in Newark, N. J. and who has always had a fear that his title [illegible] now that a crew [illegible] He is going to marry [illegible] typewriter girl [illegible] dictate to [illegible]—*[illegible] Magazine.*

A Boston paper in a fit of enterprise hired two of its reporters disguised as beggars and sent out to ascertain how that class of society [illegible] It was thought their success was so great that they will remain in the business.—*Norristown Herald.*

A [illegible] Nahant came to town on Wednesday to see the president and on his return was [illegible] sight of him. Well, I [illegible] the young man [illegible] was disappointed. There's a man in Lynn who looks more like Mr. Harrison than he does himself.—*Boston Herald.*

[illegible] is the purest and best soap ever made.

Atlantic Ocean Travel

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

ENTERPRISING LA GRANDE.

The Business Men Forging Ahead With Great Energy and Push.

False Report About the Creamery—Big Elevator Completed—Proposals for Water Supply—Increase in Trade—Etc.

LA GRANDE, Aug. 20.

An item of news was telegraphed to THE OREGONIAN from Union a few days ago, stating that the La Grande creamery would probably suspend. The report is incorrect, and the creamery at La Grande is still running and using all the milk that can be gathered. There is a balance of $1700 on the building due to Messrs. Davis & Rankin and the suit brought against the association last week involves a legal point which the stockholders will attend to when the proper time comes. In the meantime, the settlement of this matter will not interfere with the continuous operation of the creamery.

The big grain elevator at La Grande is finished and received its first load of grain to-day. The building is fitted up with every convenience, being supplied with three elevators, capable of raising eighty bushels of grain per minute. It also has cleaning machinery for preparing grain for shipment—two of the machines being designed especially for barley, as it is intended to handle all the barley raised in Eastern Oregon for shipment [illegible] through the La Grande elevator. The elevator [illegible] capacity of 30,000 bushels and is the largest and most complete elevator owned by the company outside of their terminal elevator at Albina.

The council has advertised for proposals for water works to be received up to noon September 4. A good system of water works has become an absolute necessity, and it is determined that this need shall be supplied as quickly as possible. It is known that three different [illegible] will present proposals at the time before mentioned and the people have reasonable assurance that the matter will not be longer neglected.

The merchants of La Grande have enjoyed a mostly prosperous season and are [illegible] steady increase of [illegible] trade. There has not been a business failure of any kind in La Grande in five years and a number of merchants interviewed this week in regard to business prospects report an increase in sales of from 25 to [illegible] per cent over the same months of last year. These figures are in accord with those from other sources indicating La Grande's certain advancement. The increase in building improvements, population, postoffice business, real estate sales and the general increase in all kinds of business are indisputable evidences of the fact that La Grande is steadily advancing.

It is reported on good authority that the O. R. & N. Co. will commence work on the branch from La Grande to Elgin within a few weeks. This branch will reach a fine agricultural section through which the Hunt extension to Grand Ronde is surveyed.

ABUSED THEATRICAL MANAGERS

They Claim Damages for Treatment Received on the Isthmus of Panama.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Charles Pratt and Edward Craig, the American theater managers, who were reported as having been subjected to atrocious indignities and imprisonment on the Isthmus of Panama, are now in the city. They have filed claims against the Colombian government for $16,800 each.

THE SITUATION IN HAYTI

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 22.—A special dated Port au Prince, August 5, says: The Haytian gunboat Defense, has just come in, bringing the body of General Dandignac, Legitime's commander in chief, and the news that the whole of the South is lost to Legitime. The fight is now entirely between Port au Prince and the rest of Hayti."

Dyspepsia's distress is relieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has cured many severe cases.

Banff Hot Springs Nature's own laboratory. A beautiful summer resort. Good hotel, fine fishing and hunting. Cheap excursion rates.

THE "ELIXIR OF LIFE."

How the Brown-Sequard Discovery is Outdone.

Judge Kalahan's Opinion.

Dr. Brown-Sequard, the most famous living authority on physiology, has made the startling discovery that the injection of the vital glandular secretions of animals into human beings rejuvenates the entire system.

While this "Elixir of Life" treatment is creating such a furore throughout the country we must not overlook the new uses or the treatment of disease by electricity as demonstrated by Dr. Darrin. For instance, the case of Mr. Cunningham. He lives in Wapinitia, Wasco county, Or., and can be seen by anyone. His card tells the story. Judge Kallahan's case is no less remarkable and gives great weight to the skill of Dr. Darrin and his electric treatment. The following are reliable testimonials and should give sick the and thoughtful men cause for study and reflection.

Total Deafness Cured by Electricity.

WAPINITIA, Wasco Co., Ore.

Editor Oregonian: For the benefit of suffering humanity I wish to make known the following facts: About two years ago I was made totally deaf in one ear and partially so in the other, so I could hear with great difficulty. I was persuaded to consult Dr. Darrin through the remarkable cures of many others and thanks to his skill I have reason to rejoice as I am cured so I can hear a whisper or the tick of a watch. I think the cure a wonderful result of electric treatment.

J. R. CUNNINGHAM.

Judge Kalahan's Card.

Editor Oregonian: This certifies that Dr. Darrin has cured me of polypus. During one treatment he removed four from one ear. I can recommend him to the public as an intelligent and skillful man. I refer to me at Kalama, W. T. C. KALAHAN.

Deafness and Ringing in the Ears.

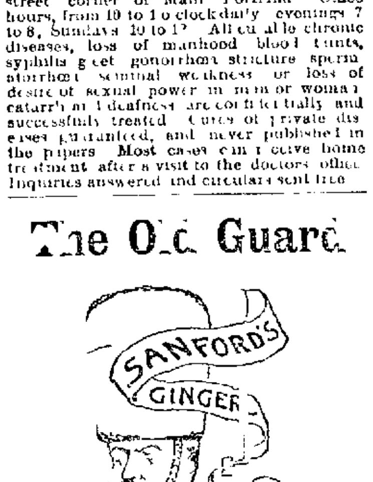
Editor Oregonian: I wish to say that Dr. Darrin cured me of partial deafness and ringing in the ears by electricity. The cure was performed in five minutes.

MRS. C. SANDSTONE,
Cor. Water and Curry Sts., South Portland.

Drs. Darrin's Lines of Business.

Dr. Darrin can be consulted free at 23 [illegible] fifth street, corner of Main, Portland. Office hours, from 10 to 1 o'clock daily; evenings 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 12. All curable chronic diseases, loss of manhood, blood taints, syphilis, gleet, gonorrhoea, stricture, spermatorrhoea, seminal weakness or loss of desire of sexual power in man or woman, catarrh and deafness are confidentially and successfully treated. Cures of private diseases guaranteed, and never published in the papers. Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctor's office. Inquiries answered and circulars sent free.

The Old Guard.



Sanford's Ginger

[illegible] SANFORD'S GINGER [illegible] in air, water, food and climate. [illegible] and [illegible] been [illegible] events and cures them [illegible] and conditions. Once [illegible] it can never be replaced. It is so [illegible] vertisement. Thousands say daily: "Use SANFORD'S GINGER. It is the best of all gingers."

Composed of imported ginger, choice aromatics and the best of medicinal French Brandy, SANFORD'S GINGER is vastly superior to all other gingers, and care should be exercised in purchasing lest some cheap, worthless and often dangerous ginger be substituted. Ask for

Sanford's Ginger

With Owl Trade-Mark on the Wrapper.

TITLE ABSOLUTELY PERFECT	[illegible]	STRICTLY "INSIDE" PROPERTY

Looking + for + Investments

ADVANTAGES.		REACHED BY
ELEVATED, SIGHTLY, ACCESSIBLE.		HORSE CARS, MOTOR LINE AND FERRY.

Seeking Residence Property

PRICES AND TERMS EASY.	SHOULD SEE	LOTS FROM $700 UPWARDS

✦HOLLADAY'S ADDITION✦

THE VIEW	(EASILY REACHED)	UNSURPASSED.

✦TO ✦ EAST ✦ PORTLAND✦

CALL ON OR ADDRESS

OREGON REAL ESTATE CO., 3 Morrison st., Portland, Or.

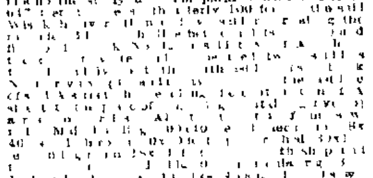
SUNNYSIDE **SUNNYSIDE**

SUNNYSIDE offers greater inducements to men and women with small capital than any other outlying tract. The large amount of building and improving this year is the [illegible] to the values advance. By your homes there and save a long walk that [illegible] to [illegible] Sell on very easy terms.

I. FRED CLARK & SONS
13 Stark Street.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.



IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
BOX 27, PORTLAND, OR.

Sold by STREIBIG & LAUE, Druggists, corner Washington and Second sts., Portland.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an order issued out of the district court for [illegible] county, W. T., on the 4th day of June A. D. 1889, in chambers at Olympia, Frank Allyn, Judge, I, the directed as receiver, I will offer for sale at public auction on the 1[illegible]th day of September A. D. 1889 all of the Emery, Mack & Wool [illegible] mill and machinery appertaining thereto, and mill site, more particularly known and described as follows: [illegible]

[illegible]

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC

Fire Insurance Company.

Authorized Capital	$500,000
Cash Assets	118,973

9 Washington St., Portland, Or.

Removed to 50 Stark St.

UNION INSURANCE CO.,

Fire and Marine,

Of San Francisco.

CAPITAL - - - $750,000.

JAMES S. REED, Agent.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO. OF GREAT Britain.

Scottish Union and National [illegible]

Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Connecticut.

Combined cash assets exceed $[illegible]

Fire risks written in these companies by their agents in Portland.

THOMPSON & BIGHAM, 49 Stark st.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.

TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY
NO CHANGE OF CARS

SHORTEST LINE TO CHICAGO

[illegible]
St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Northern Pacific R. R.
[illegible]

Passenger Trains
[illegible] Class Sleepers [illegible]
Luxurious Day Coaches
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
Palace Dining Cars
From Portland to the East

[illegible]

[illegible] A. M. and 10 [illegible] P. M. [illegible] Pacific Division [illegible] 11:45 A. M. and 10 [illegible] [illegible] 9:45 A. M. [illegible] P. M.

Through Pullman Palace Sleepers, Cars [illegible] day coaches [illegible] palace dining cars between Portland, Tacoma and Seattle direct. Daily [illegible]

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, 121 First st., cor. Washington st., Portland, Oregon.

☞Depot corner First and G Streets.

WE DYE TO LIVE—PORTLAND STEAM Dye Works. WEIGGARBER & CO., proprietors, 209 Third st. All kinds of dyeing and cleaning done in first-class style. Cleaning repairing and dyeing goods clothing a specialty. AND LIVE TO DIE. 19jim

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FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Don't Forget

That within eighteen months the best town between

TACOMA AND PORTLAND

will be

THE SMELTER TOWN.

Clinton property is the best investment in or around Portland. N. P. train leaves 11:45 A. M. and boat 10:45 A. M. Both daily. Get free transportation from

BORTHWICK : & : BATTY,

2 Washington St.

Notice to Settlers on Railroad Land

In pursuance of circular of the Oregon and California Railroad Company heretofore issued notice is hereby given that said Company is now ready to sell the lands lying south of Roseburg granted to it by the United States. Settlers upon any of said lands must within ninety days from the date of this notice enter into a regular contract with the Company for the purchase of such land upon the regular terms of sale and at prices fixed by the Company, or the land will be sold without any regard to their improvements thereon.

All communications must be addressed to the Acting Land Agent, Portland.

The Oregon & California Railroad Company,
By WM. H. MILLS,
Land Agent, San Francisco.
GEO. H. ANDREWS,
Acting Land Agent, Portland.

Portland, Or., June 21, 1889. 2[illegible]m

BARGAINS IN BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PROPERTY.

For Sale by the SMITHSON LAND CO., No. 15 [illegible]

[illegible]

GRAY'S HARBOR REAL ESTATE

Our $50 lots, within 3 blocks of the new court house and 10 blocks from the postoffice, are the best investment in Montesano. Terms, $12.50 cash, balance in 3, 6 and 9 months. H. McGUIRE & CO., real estate brokers, Montesano, W. T. P. O. box 57.

BARGAINS.

[illegible]

A. BALMANN,
[illegible]

FOR SALE — Timber lands, farm lands, 8-room house, Holladay's addition, [illegible] room house Albina, twenty choice lots in Holladay's addition, four choice lots in John Irving's addition. H. S. ROWE & CO., 114 Front st., N. E. cor. Washington.

Notice of Administrators and Receivers Sale

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] W. Weller and Joseph [illegible] Holladay, [illegible] estate of Ben Holladay [illegible] James Steel, [illegible] receiver of the estate of said Ben Holladay, deceased, pursuant to [illegible] of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county [illegible] suit of Ben Holladay against Joseph Holladay [illegible] 1889 [illegible]

[illegible] 1889 [illegible] JAMES STEEL

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

OF PORTLAND.

Corner of Stark and First streets.
Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

Over 1[illegible],000 Volumes and 125 Papers and Periodicals.

Monthly Dues, $1; Quarterly, $3, and Half Yearly, $4.50.

MEMBERSHIP OPEN TO ALL.

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Pays interest on deposits on Bank Book or Certificate.

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COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

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Transacts a General Banking Business.

EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on San Francisco, New York, Chicago and principal points in the Northwest.

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Bank of British Columbia.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.

Paid Up Capital	$2,425,000
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Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.

Branches: Portland, San Francisco, Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Vancouver, B. C.

A General Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans made. Bills discounted. Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account subject to check. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

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London and San Francisco Bank,

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Head Office, 73 Lombard St., London.

This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business, makes loans, discounts bills and issues commercial and travelers credits available in any city in the world.

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Transacts a General Banking Business.

Accounts Kept, subject to check.

Sells Exchange on San Francisco and New York.

Makes Collections on favorable terms.

Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

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WM. LOWE	Cashier

Commercial National Bank,

OF PORTLAND.

General Banking Business Transacted.

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Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and all principal places throughout the Northwest.

Exchange sold on principal cities in Europe and on Hong Kong.

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The Portland Savings Bank,

OF PORTLAND, OREGON

S. W. COR. SECOND and WASHINGTON

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

Loans made on real or personal security.

Acts as trustee for individuals, corporations or estates pending litigation or settlement.

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Mortgage Trust Company.

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KANSAS CITY and New York.

Loans money on improved farms in Oregon, Washington and Idaho and on improved City Property.

Highest market price paid for State, County, Township, City, School and Water Bonds.

3½ Morrison Street - Portland, Or.

The Oregon & Washington Mortgage Savings Bank.

51 First Street, Portland, Or.

Rates of Interest on Deposits:

THREE MONTHS	4	per cent.
SIX MONTHS	5	per cent.
NINE MONTHS	5½	per cent.
ONE YEAR	6	per cent.

LOANED ON MORTGAGES $7,597,[illegible] IN 11 YEARS.

Correspondence solicited and every information [illegible] WILLIAM REID, President.

City, County and School Bonds Wanted.

First National Bank,

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

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Assistant Cashier	H. J. CORBETT

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Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Omaha, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest.

Sight and Time Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.

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CHEAP EASTERN MONEY.

LOMBARD BROS.

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Money to loan on improved farms and city property at

LOWEST RATES.

The Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Company,

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☞Agency in Portland at No. 5 First.

PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Agent.

Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve fund (in addition)	375,000
Deposit in Oregon	10,000

TRANSPORTATION LINES.

Portland and Vancouver Railway Co.

LEAVE EAST PORTLAND		LEAVE VANCOUVER	
*6 10 A. M.	3 15 P. M.	7 15 A. M.	4 5 P. M.
7 00 A. M.	4 00 P. M.	8 45 A. M.	5 00 P. M.
8 30 A. M.	4 45 P. M.	10 15 A. M.	6 30 P. M.
10 00 A. M.	6 15 P. M.	11 45 A. M.	8 00 P. M.
11 30 A. M.	7 45 P. M.	1 15 P. M.	9 30 P. M.
1 00 P. M.	9 15 P. M.	2 00 P. M.	11 00 P. M.
1 45 P. M.	10 45 P. M.	2 15 P. M.	
2 30 P. M.		3 30 P. M.	

*Train leaving at 6:10 A. M. will not run on Sundays and goes as far as Woodland only.

Trains connect both ways with steamer Traveler for La Camas and way points.

TICKETS single and return for sale on Vancouver transfer boat, Stark street ferry and at general ticket office, I and Water sts., East Portland. Monthly commutation tickets for sale at general ticket office only.

C. C. GRIMES, Supt.

F. DEKUM, President.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

ALASKA ROUTE.

1889	Leave San Francisco Broadway Wharf No. 1, 9 A. M.	Leave Port Townsend and Victoria 1 P. M.	Leave Portland by rail 11 A. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The steamers Ancon and Corona start from Tacoma and the steamer George W. Elder from Portland.

For further information about Alaska, see pamphlet "All About Alaska," published by the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., which can be had at all agencies.

A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. P. R. R., Portland, Or.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen'l Agents, San Francisco.

FOR THE SALMON RIVER MINES.

On and after August 1, 1889, the Northwestern Mail and Transportation Co.'s stages will make daily trips between Davenport and Wilber, connecting with the company's stages at Wilber for Ruby City and Conconully on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, carrying the U. S. mails and the Northern Pacific Express, leaving Davenport upon the arrival of the Northern Pacific train daily.

C. C. McCOY, General Manager.

Steamer [illegible]

Will sail from Portland, 10:00 P. M., Aug. 23d for Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Whatcom, Sehome, Fairhaven and Roche Harbor.

FAST TIME

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND ASTORIA.

STEAMER LURLINE

Leaves Portland, foot of Taylor st., daily except Sunday, at 6 P. M.

Leave Astoria daily except Monday at 7 A. M.

Leaves Astoria Sunday at 7 P. M.

FOR ASTORIA—FAST TIME!

Steamer Telephone

(Leaves foot of Alder St., Portland.)

Leave Portland daily (except Tuesday) at 7 A. M.

Leave Astoria daily (except Tuesday) at 8 P. M.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

STEAMER UNDINE

Capt. Charles [illegible] leaves Portland at 3:30 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sunday excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of [illegible] st.

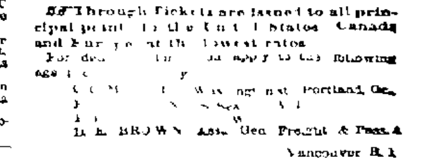
☞Towing between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

COWLITZ ROUTE.

For Freeport via Willamette Slough, touching at St. Helens and way points, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, str. Joseph Kellogg, 7 A. M. For Toledo, touching at St. Helens and way points, Str. Toledo, Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M. South side of dock foot of Taylor street.

FOR CLATSKANIE.

Steamer G. W. Shaver leaves Alder-street wharf at 6 A. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Clatskanie and way landings.



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TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

BETWEEN

The Pacific and Atlantic.

Its passenger equipment is the finest in the world, consisting of luxurious sleeping cars, having drawing and [illegible] rooms, comfortable and clean colonist cars with free sleeping berths [illegible] holders of second class tickets, and the most modern [illegible] of day coaches.

Its dining cars and hotels provide the best quality of food [illegible] at reasonable rates.

The variety and grandeur of scenery along its line is [illegible] and no [illegible] in the details of track, train service [illegible] that can add to the safety and comfort of its patrons.

All in all it is the best and most serviceable transcontinental line for business or pleasure between Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and all Pacific Coast Points and Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York, and all Eastern cities.

☞Through Tickets are issued to all principal points in the United States, Canada and Europe at the lowest rates.

For [illegible] apply to the following agents:

[illegible] Washington st., Portland, Or.

[illegible]

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

☞Correspondence respectfully solicited.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA,

Via Southern Pacific Company's Line.

THE MT. SHASTA ROUTE,

[illegible] between Portland and San Francisco [illegible] hours. California Express Trains Run Daily between

PORTLAND AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	4:00 P. M.	San Francisco	7:45 A. M.
San Francisco	7:00 P. M.	Portland	9:45 A. M.

Local Passenger (Daily Except Sunday.)

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	8:00 A. M.	Eugene	2:40 P. M.
Eugene	9:00 A. M.	Portland	3:45 P. M.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

For accommodation of [illegible] passengers attached to [illegible]

The S. P. Co.'s Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains [illegible]

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

Between Portland and Corvallis.

Mail Train Daily Except Sundays.

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	[illegible] A. M.	Corvallis	1:[illegible] P. M.
Corvallis	[illegible]	Portland	[illegible] P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the Oregon Pacific Railroad.

Express Train Daily Except Sunday.

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	4:50 P. M.	McMinnville	8:00 P. M.
McMinnville	5:45 A. M.	Portland	9:00 A. M.

Local tickets for sale and baggage checked at company's office, corner Pine and Second streets.

Through tickets for all points in California and the East can be secured at city office, No. 134, corner First and Alder streets. Depot office, corner F and Front streets, Portland, Oregon.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. G. F. & P. Agent.

R. KOEHLER, Manager.

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY AUG 24

WASHINGTON'S CONSTITUTION

To-day THE OREGONIAN prints the constitution proposed for the state of Washington submitted to the people it will now be a subject of examination and in some degree no doubt of criticism yet it is not to be doubted that it will be accepted by the people and that the majority for it will be very large

During the session of the convention a great many propositions were submitted and debated which finally were rejected Many who have read the debates have seemed to suppose that all the propositions under discussion were to go into the constitution and they have prejudged the constitution from the arguments presented in behalf of objectionable suggestions which really have no place in it But, as they come to study the instrument fairly, we are sure that they will be quite satisfied with it It is as good a constitution, taken as a whole as that of any of our states

When the Federal constitution was framed the convention sat with closed doors and no detailed account of its proceedings was given to the public till after the lapse of many years The constitution therefore was not loaded down in advance with the objections made to it in the convention In our day secrecy in such proceedings is impossible and the time has gone by when for any reason they were necessary, and yet there can be no doubt but that opposition is begotten by admission of the public to the debates that take place during the preparation of a constitution There are those who would vote for a constitution if they had not seen the processes by which it was made who admitted to such knowledge, will condemn the instrument and will have none of it But it is not probable there will be very strong opposition, in the voting, to the constitutions of any of the new states. It is quite safe to predict that they will all be adopted

POLITICS IN WASHINGTON

In the making of a new state a keen interest is always taken in politics by the people thereof, and it is not to be supposed that there will be any exception in the case of our neighbors of Washington. For control of the state government and for the seats in the United States senate, there will be a lively contest, which in fact is already begun Beyond any question the electorate of Washington is predominantly republican, and the republican party unless subjected to the worst possible management will obtain the administration of affairs in the new state.

Though Washington in 1884 and again in 1886 elected a democrat to congress, no well informed person supposed the territory was really democratic Special causes of local character, in the absence of national issues, produced those results Last year's election showed that those special causes had ceased to have operative force Moreover, Washington is now for the first time in her history to hold an election that will have actual political significance and the republican majority will naturally assert itself

As might be expected, the belief that the republicans will win has brought out a long list of candidates for the important positions In some localities notably at Seattle, there is a very warm contest for ascendency within the party Democrats throughout the territory profess to be elated with the prospect of republican divisions and even begin to boast that they see promise of opportunity of success for themselves But they miscalculate the strength and misjudge the spirit of the republicans of Washington The republicans of Washington will not begin the career of their party in the new state with a factional struggle and, for the sake of "knifing" each other, throw the state into democratic hands

Last November the whole vote of the territory was about 40 000 and the republican plurality exceeded 7000 So rapid is the increase of population that the whole vote may be expected to reach 55 000 this year The increase comes chiefly from republican states and territories, and hence the republican strength is even greater in proportion than it was when the last vote was taken If republicans act with judgment in making their nominations and conducting their canvass they are likely to secure from 5000 to 8000 majority on the general ticket and to elect three quarters of the members of the legislature

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

Democratic papers are continually harping upon the fact that woolen factories are suspending work, but it is an undisputed fact that where one shuts down fifty are still in operation. The manufacturer wants free trade in wool and protection for woolens, and it is selfishness that dictates the cry of factory men for free trade As it is, wool growing and sheep husbandry have declined since congress passed the reductions of 1883 The true policy will be to foster both production and manufacture and when congress meets we may look for some modification of the tariff on wool that will adjust matters to mutual advantage of wool producers and manufacturers

The manufacturer asks too much when he demands free trade in wool, and the producer only asks for protection If there are kinds of wool our land does not produce that are necessary for the use of manufacturers it may be policy to admit such grades on terms that will favor the factories As it is wool production cannot be carried on now in many parts of our country on high priced land but succeeds well on the public domain where great flocks are kept at small expense If the wool growers cannot be protected all the wool used in manufacturing enterprises will have to be imported and that will leave our factories to the mercy of the foreign market Democracy never could grapple with this or any other great question with good results and yet as soon as the government becomes republican their journals are full of criticism and denunciation It is much easier to criticise than to perform and the party that has done nothing when it had power for four long years can public denunciation is ready to denounce unsparingly

The republican leaders have ideas and views on the tariff question that will take shape as soon as congress meets and the opposition has no occasion to criticise or condemn until the new administration has had opportunity to act. So far General Harrison's administration has shown promptness and firmness in all matters far more than the democracy has set any example, and will continue to act promptly and forcibly on all questions to arise The tariff may need remodeling, but there has been no time as yet to attend to it When the occasion arises we shall see the tariff modified where it is necessary and adapted to the needs of all parties interested

England has a navy Of that the world cannot be in doubt, since the formidable array of mammoth iron-clads at Spithead a few weeks ago The unwieldy character of the monster ships which represented the power of Great Britain on the seas in the proud review before the German emperor upon that occasion was however painfully conspicuous The Invincible and Black Prince came into crushing contact upon that day the Inflexible succeeded in keeping the part assigned to her, but in a crippled condition; the Grasshopper broke down utterly and had to be taken to the dock yard for repairs. The Northumberland and Hero both became unmanageable through disablement of their steering gear, while the Devastation plunged heavily and the Iron Duke could not keep up with the fleet though only an eight-knot speed was required All of this mattered little in a review but it emphasized nevertheless the grave fact with which naval architecture is struggling It can build ships and make them terrific in their strength and power of resistance but when it comes to move them with the speed and accuracy demanded in hostile conflict the great weight of the armor and ordnance offers a grim obstacle to victory which a harassing fleet of unarmored ships of a high rate of speed might readily turn to important advantage

Great stress is laid upon the resignation of Past Grand Commander William H. Peck ham as a member of the Cerneau Consistory No 1, of Scottish Rite Masonry, in New York, the same being declared the "most important event in Masonic history for years." Though doubtless of vast importance to the few whose vital interests in life center around Free Masonry and whose best energies are given to its "symbolic rank" it is not probable that the great mass of mankind feels that anything very grave has occurred, or that the equilibrium of society morals or finance is in danger of being lost through this important event Indeed there are those who feel warranted in the opinion that for the time money and energy devoted to the work of "symbolic Masonry" this event the "most important in years" amounts to very little, being the outcome merely of a difference in opinion concerning the existence of a "personal God" This may be owing to the fact that honest difference of opinion upon this point is so common in these degenerate days as to excite very little interest of a general nature

Were it not entirely true that David S Terry has been a perfect incarnation of the methods and purposes of the democratic party of our day the little democratic organs of Oregon wouldn't have been so incensed by THE OREGONIAN's remark to that effect If the statement were as absurd and false as they pretend they wouldn't think it worth while to work themselves into a passion to deny it Even the editor of the Albany *Democrat* whose name we are told is Stites States, Spites, Shites, or something, and whose intellectual status is only a poor degree above cretinism, still has sense enough to understand that the whole sting of the statement lies in the truth it contains This is the moving cause of all his scurrility on the subject. When a club is thrown at a flshet one knows what is to be expected. A similar consequence is naturally to be looked for when an unpalatable truth is brought to the poor dull mind of Slites Stites, Spites or Shites

Now let the uncharitable citizen, who is fain to hint at personal animosity as the mainspring to the belligerent attitude of Councilman Gerdes toward certain city officials, place his hand upon his mouth. Is it not manifestly in the interest of the tax payers solely that the "good" councilman has ordered the city surveyor to make a detailed exhibit of the private work that he has performed within a specified limit? Of course there can be no personal motive back of this demand, equally of course it was not to give Peter Schulderman a job or to dispossess Matthews that the change in the street cleaning department was made The true interests of the city demanded it and this as is well known Gerdes the Good' is ever on the alert to promote Let the doubting citizen consult the record on the whisky cases a few years ago, and be convinced of our councilman's unwearied endeavors to guard the city treasury and secure implicit obedience to municipal law.

After the death of Dom Pedro Brazil is very likely to become a republic Until a few years ago the anti monarchic organization was a party of theory lacking men of action but since that time the ranks of the republicans have been fortified by those who were opposed to the emperor on the slavery question If the republicans of Brazil however, favor slavery, they will have no sympathy from the balance of civilized mankind. It is supposed that the recent attempt to assassinate Dom Pedro was instigated by certain members of the republican party

To the great chagrin of members who have been absent from the sittings of the constitutional convention at Olympia it is found that no pay will be allowed for the days in which they were off on their own business or pleasure It would be a dreadful thing if this should establish a precedent in economy that would be a menace to the privileges of future legislators of the state It may be safely presumed however that the constitution will carefully provide against financial disaster of this kind

In giving its reason for refusing to adjourn out of respect to the memory of Judge Terry formerly chief justice the supreme court of California honored itself The court simply stated that it would not pay this honor to Terry's memory because Terry had resigned from the bench to fight a duel and moreover, at the time he met his death was making an assault upon a justice of the supreme court of the United States It was not necessary to say more

The veteran remaining few who fought against slavery in the United States are fast following Philips and Garrison Horace Seaver editor of the *Investigator* died at Boston on Wednesday almost eighty years of age He was an earnest and intelligent anti slavery enthusiast and did good service to the country

Americans are said to be equally energetic in making money and in giving it away In proof of their ability in this last direction it is cited that during the last ten years $20,000 000 have been given to people suddenly deprived of property by those who have escaped financial misfortune

The Helena *Journal* published in its issue of August 15 the entire constitution as adopted by the Montana convention The document is a good one and undoubtedly will be adopted by the people

The losses of the Farmers and Merchants Insurance Company of Albany by the fire at Spokane Falls were only $9000—a sum much less than hitherto stated in our news reports

MEETING NOTICES

I. O. O. F.—Special excursion train for those attending anniversary of Oswego lodge, No 93 will leave foot of Jefferson-st at 7 30 A M sharp Saturday the 24th regular train leaves at 8 35 P M excursion tickets good on either train special train returns after close of entertainment round trip 25 cents supper free at Odd Fellows hall there to all invited By order of committee

Orient Lodge No 17, I O O F W meet to-night at Ross hall East Portland
JOHN F LEHMAN N G
GEO A TRENTISS Secretary

K of P [illegible] Assembly No 2 will meet to-night Friday at 7 30 at hall of Young Men's Institute corner Stark and Third sts. Visiting members invited

DIED

On [illegible] Alma Johanna youngest daughter [illegible] 24th [illegible]
[illegible] place to-day at 2 o'clock P. M. from [illegible]

Geo H Shiver Undertaker and Embalmer, S.W. cor 4th and Yamhill Telephone 507

Schwab Bros Printing & Litho Co removed to 112 and 114 Front st

NEW TO-DAY.

H. H. HILDEBRAND,

Prescription Druggist, 3d and Morrison. Telephone 459. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

NEW TO-DAY.

Gentlemen's Races!

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

MULTNOMAH DRIVING ASSOCIATION

—AT—

RIVERSIDE

Saturday at 2 P M.

Horses driven by owners

PRIZES TO BE TROTTED FOR.

Mr H C Leonard offers $50 in coin

A fine silver-mounted track harness, offered by Knapp, Burrell & Co , on exhibition at their salesrooms

A handsome buggy robe and whip, offered by Mayor D Lashmutt and $10 in coin, offered by the Association, both as one prize

Dr McK[illegible] enters his black mare "Grannle"
E. Hense enters his [illegible] gelding "Dee [illegible]"
W J Bailey enters his chest nut gelding "[illegible]"
H G Breel enters his brown gelding "Colonel"
C F Forbes enters his brown gelding "Dandy"
R J Hunter enters his brown gelding "Ada"
F N Babbitt enters his bay mare "Deta"
H C Leonard enters his bay mare "Little Nell"

The following gentlemen have entered for the running race: [illegible] Foster Beck R. House and T Herman

Music will be furnished at the Races by the Arion Band.

Admission, 50c.

Trains will leave Jefferson-street depot at 2 P M returning immediately after the races. Boat will leave the foot of Washington street at 1.15 o'clock P M sharp

WEBSTER

THE BEST INVESTMENT
For the Family, School, or Professional Library.

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY — A LIBRARY IN ITSELF

Has been for many years Standard Authority in the Gov't Printing Office and U. S. Supreme Court. It is Highly Recommended by 38 State Sup'ts of Schools and the leading College Presidents

Nearly all the School Books published in this country are based upon Webster, as attested by the leading School Book Publishers.

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GET THE BEST.

Sold by all Booksellers Illustrated Pamphlet with specimen pages, etc , sent free
G. & C. MERRIAM & CO , Pub'rs, Springfield, Mass.

A CHALLENGE.

The following is taken from the Junction City Times: [illegible] Wright [illegible] Oregon Since at [illegible] appeared in the Oregonian relative to the [illegible] "Thrashing in the World" which it is stated that a 34-inch "Cyclone" thresher has averaged 2000 bushels per day. It may be interesting to you and the farmers of the Willamette valley to know that a 36-inch "Advance" thresher purchased by us from you has threshed from 2000 to 2500 bushels of wheat daily for the last ten days

We will give $1000 for a field of 100 acres producing 4000 bushels of wheat if we cannot thresh the same in 12 hours with our machine We have threshed as high as 400 bushels of wheat in one hour's run We challenge any other machine of the size of ours in the state to thresh against ours at any time or place that may be agreed upon What the Cyclone has done in Linn county we don't know but the Advance has taken the cake in Lane county and we think in the rest of the state

A A MEEKS
F M PARKER
J J EATON

The Advance thresher is the only machine on the coast that has never been replaced by any other machine

INVESTORS

Can't go amiss in buying Vancouver property Land can be bought in the near vicinity of the city at $40 to $50 per acre which will sell as prime land for twice the money after the present crop has been harvested and when the railroads now almost certain to be built to this city from the north are completed the land will be worth from $500 to $1000 per acre Low prices. We have tracts of all sizes for sale from 1 acre to 100 acres at $40 to $1 [illegible] per acre

STEARNS & HITCHCOCK,

The Vancouver Real Estate Agents

IT IS ENOUGH

To know that you are getting a full sized 50x100 foot lot all cleared and on an avenue It is only 2½ miles from the center of the city, without waiting and wondering if Portland is ever to have a 1,000 000 people If Portland ever has even 100 000 people which it is safe to predict she will have in two years, lots in Riverside Addition will be worth $1000. You can buy them now for $300 $10 monthly and no interest. Call at our office at once for a beautiful map of the city and this addition.

BIGGEN & HOLBROOK
48 Stark Street

HOLMES Business College

100½ Third St Portland Oregon

A SCHOOL OF THOROUGH, PRACTICAL BUSINESS TRAINING

BOOKKEEPING SHORTHAND TYPE-WRITING — Arithmetic Penmanship Banking Business and Legal Forms Correspondence Spelling and all the English Branches Send for Catalogue and College Journal.

[illegible]

A day school for boys and girls. Two academic courses of four years each, one year of elementary English as preparatory Will open in the Academy Building, Ninth, between Yamhill and Taylor Tuesday September 3d

For particulars address either of the principals
REV J R WILSON
S R JOHNSON PH D

If YOU want a most delicious
CUP OF COFFEE
Get one of those
FAMOUS RICH COFFEE POTS
Kept only by
DAVID COLE & CO.,
[illegible] First St

TO HOME BUILDERS.

$100 000 to loan for the purpose of buying or building homes, at a very low rate of interest and no brokerage Apply at once to EUGENE D WHITE, Real Estate and Mortgages

OFFICES.

Business offices to let suitable for wholesale trade or agencies Address A. F. C. care Oregonian.

NEW TO-DAY.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

A handsome five room cottage with lot worth $500 The nicest little home in Oregon built by day's work We have refused $25 a month rent for this beautiful home and have finally concluded that we will give it away to one of the purchasers of one of our forty lots in the Third Electric addition to East Portland Twenty of these lots are 125 feet front by 145 feet deep and sixty of them are 80 feet front by 72½ feet deep. These lots are all lying nicely, cleared the title to them is perfect and the price is the lowest of any lots now on the market only $300 each $100 cash, balance in monthly installments of $10 each without interest They are nearly as large as four full sized city lots

The cottage is given away to one of the lot owners. As there are only eighty lots to be sold each purchaser has one chance in eighty of securing the cottage The purchaser of each lot will be given a ticket for the drawing of the cottage which will take place at the rooms of the Real Estate Exchange on Tuesday, October 1 1889 the managers of the drawing to be selected by the lot owners A warranty deed for the cottage and lot (50 by 112 feet) free of all incumbrances, will be made by the Portland Real Estate Company to the one drawing the lucky number

This is no lottery scheme The lots we offer are better worth the money we ask for them than any lots on the market They are near the Waverly Woodstock Electric Motor line the contract for which is signed and which is to be completed about December 1st of this year The fare on this road is to be 5 cents to and from the city. [illegible] The cottage is now completed and is subject to your examination. If you will call at our office we will take you to see the lots and the cottage

Non residents wishing to purchase one of these lots can send draft for their order for $100 and we will select a lot for them As the lots are all level and about 150 feet higher than the floor of the Morrison street bridge there is but little choice except between corner and inside lots Sale of lots will commence on Monday September 2, 1889.

THE PORTLAND REAL ESTATE CO
[illegible] Washington street Portland Or

NORTH PACIFIC INDUSTRIAL ASS'N

This Association invites bids to be opened Sept 4 for the following privileges during its exposition from Sept 26 to Oct 26
No 1 Restaurant the Association furnishes a room 50x130 with 40 tables, dishes [illegible] fixtures
No 2 Soda water lemonade candy and fruit
No 3 Cider.
No 4 Smoking room
The Association reserves the right to refuse any and all bids. For particulars inquire at office of Superintendent, in Exposition Building
F F KOHLER
Superintendent and Secretary

WEST PORTLAND LOTS.

NON POOL Inside lots from $150 to $250
NON POOL Corner lots from $200 to $300
These are sold on condition that a dwelling house be built thereon within 120 days.
POOL LOTS.
As there is but a few of the 608 pool lots left on sale we have concluded to close them out this month at the nominal price of $120 each. They are just as good as the ones we are selling for $250 Address
PORTLAND CITY REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Odd Fellows Building Room 1, Portland Or

WILHOIT SPRINGS.

Health and pleasure resort. Hotel now open Daily stage from Mt Angel Round trip tickets good till Oct 1 for $4 at the O & C ticket offices Address McLeran Bros Portland, or F W McLeran Wilhoit

CASCADE WARM SPRINGS.

[illegible]

PICNIC! THE GRANDEST PICNIC! under the auspices of the DANISH [illegible] SOCIETY at [illegible] Sunday Aug 25

$5 [illegible] LOT IN PLEASANT [illegible] Electric [illegible] construction
EMPIRE LAND CO
74 Morrison st

[illegible] LOTS IN THE PENINSULA [illegible] owners the fare will be 5c term $20 down $5 per month Office 74 Morrison st

NOTICE TO SAWMILL OWNERS

We now [illegible] with facilities for making all sizes [illegible] chains and [illegible] cheap THE SMITH & WATSON IRON WORKS Portland Or

TIMBER [illegible] Money loaned. [illegible] Adjacent to R. R. [illegible]

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERIES [illegible] First and Jefferson and 169 Third st [illegible] Fourth and [illegible] East Port[illegible]

TICKETS FOR TACOMA [illegible] $1.50 [illegible] platform [illegible]

$5 DOWN AND $2.50 A MONTH BUYS 50x100 in [illegible] Park on East [illegible] Mt Tabor motor will pass the property
EMPIRE LAND CO
74 Morrison st

FURNISHED COTTAGE

Wanted 5 to 8 rooms [illegible] Address X Y Z care Oregonian

WOOD OF ALL KINDS [illegible] Pioneer Wood Yard foot Morrison st Telephone 184 MOORE & [illegible]

REMINGTON CALIGRAPH [illegible] shorthand [illegible]

$2000 [illegible] IN A GOOD TOWN [illegible] WEST & STEARNS [illegible] Stark st.

AND STILL [illegible] THE NEW [illegible]

LOWEST PRICES IN WALL PAPER [illegible]

HALF ACRE HOMES $150 $10 DOWN $10 A MONTH [illegible] 74 Morrison st

WOOD ENGRAVING [illegible]

BOARD [illegible]

ATTENTION [illegible]

HE NEVER [illegible]

HIS FACE [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN [illegible] security by R [illegible] NORRIS [illegible] Morrison

WHILE [illegible] HASKINS [illegible]

MRS SOPHIA [illegible] FIRST CLASS [illegible]

WHY IN THE WORLD [illegible]

BUY A COOK STOVE [illegible] Morrison and Alder

PATENTS PROCURED FOR INVENTORS [illegible] Lawyer [illegible] Park Building

2 SIGN WRITERS FIRST CLASS [illegible] wanted

CREAM CITY [illegible] 14 Morrison

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework Apply at 1 [illegible] 12th cor Taylor

HE NOW ALWAYS FINDS IT TO HIS interest to get all his family's foot wear at 10 Morrison

WANTED—TO RENT A SUITABLE BUILDING [illegible] Address [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED [illegible] BOY 17 YEARS OLD [illegible]

FREE—FOR TEN DAYS A GUARANTEED [illegible] cure for [illegible] Woodard, Clarke & Co's First and Alder

JENNESS MILLER [illegible] JUST received [illegible] 47 Washington

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM FOR LIGHT housekeeping 243 Fifth st bet Salmon and Main

AGENTS WANTED—TO TAKE COUNTRY right for a good selling article Apply 331 Ft at

FOR RENT—A NEW 6-ROOM MODERN BUILT cottage [illegible] BARON & REED 310 First

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT BEST LOCAtion. Inquire at 209 Morrison st.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room. 309 W Park

STRONG BOY WANTED APPLY 75 FRONT street.

NEW TO-DAY.

GENT OF 27, WITH SOME LIGHT YEARS experience in a general store desires position as clerk or would not object to other respectable position [illegible] scholar [illegible] accounts [illegible] also good seamstress and tasty likes millinery will take [illegible] references given Address for five days [illegible] care No [illegible]

WANTED A POSITION BY A COMPETENT business young man, experienced in all office work [illegible] keeping, at present employed [illegible] for several years has been connected with present employers for ten years good references given [illegible] character and ability Address box 480 [illegible]

$500 PER ACRE—FOUR ACRES OF BEAUtiful land adjoining Vancouver rail and also adjoins Mr Dickman's new townsite Woodlawn The company is clearing Woodlawn and will locate a depot and grounds there and make improvements which will make these four acres very valuable. Call at once at 24 Washington st A M [illegible]

CHARLES H [illegible] 27 MORRISON ST., THE well known merchant tailor having made a settlement with his former employees satisfactory to both parties wishes to state that he will open his fall stock on Thursday August 22 and will be pleased to see his friends and patrons call and make their selections for fall and winter wear

FOR SALE—NEW COTTAGE IN SOUTH PORTLAND on installments [illegible] $50 per month the last one of four Why go to a remote suburb when you can buy level lots right in the city on installments of $10 per month [illegible] MULTNOMAH REAL ESTATE OFFICE 149 First st [illegible]

YOUNG MAN (19) BRIGHT ACTIVE, INtelligent desires situation in store grocery preferred accustomed to heavy work and book keeping corresponding shipping, etc. good references [illegible] experience Excellent references Address W. R. [illegible] care Oregonian

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES OR GENTS $5 to $15 per day made by agents selling a new [illegible] territory call on or address S. H. [illegible] Multnomah block room 43 Morrison [illegible]

TO MANUFACTURER OR WAREHOUSEMAN [illegible] suitable for factory warehouse or cold storage will build [illegible] lease [illegible] Building [illegible]

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE SIX ROOMED [illegible]

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN IF SOLD THIS week part of the furniture of a seven roomed house [illegible] tenant at $2 [illegible] North Eighteenth st bet [illegible]

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT ON FIRST st, $[illegible] A good bargain at $2400. By EARL [illegible] WALKER & CORNELL Real Estate [illegible] and Insurance Agents 46 Washington st.

THE LATEST PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTment President Harrison has appointed the [illegible] 301 Fourth st to do all the style [illegible] dressing for the ladies of Portland

WANTED THREE LADY SHIRT IRONERS and one starcher (gentleman) good wages [illegible] Apply Muscat [illegible] Third and Yamhill sts bet [illegible]

BAKER WANTED FIRST CLASS BREAD AND [illegible] must be sober [illegible] Man with capital can buy the business Address H [illegible] Eugene Or

PARTY WITH $10 TO $500 WISHES A SHARE in some business where his services and the [illegible] can meet with a fair return Address [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LADY A POsition in charge of a respectable lodging house [illegible] references given Address [illegible] care Oregonian

FOR SALE DOUBLE TEAM HORSES WHIPPLE [illegible] Apply [illegible]

299 FIFTH STREET FIRST CLASS TABLE [illegible] also [illegible] furnished [illegible]

MAN AND WIFE NO CHILDREN WISH TO [illegible] 3 rooms or part of a house [illegible] Address V [illegible] care Oregonian

6 LOTS IN ALBINA FOR SALE AT A BARgain [illegible] WEST & STEARNS 1 Stark st

WANTED FURNISHED ROOM FOR [illegible]

FOR RENT NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE [illegible]

FOR RENT OFFICE ROOMS AND BATH [illegible]

20 [illegible] BUGGY FOR WAIT [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] GOOD [illegible] ROLLERS AND [illegible]

PATENT TEAM [illegible] CLASS [illegible]

M [illegible] improved security [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS [illegible] central located WATSON SMITH & CO [illegible]

CIGAR STORE FOR SALE CENTRAL LOCAtion [illegible] Address A B [illegible] Oregonian

A BARGAIN FOR SALE RESTAURANT AND lodging house [illegible] Inland [illegible] doing business [illegible] about $2000 monthly [illegible] reason for selling [illegible] [illegible] care Oregonian

$500 WILL BUY A GROCERY STORE [illegible] Address W A STOUT [illegible] 18th st near 1st

FOR SALE A DRESSMAKING SHOP DOING good business [illegible] Apply [illegible] First and Clay sts.

LIVERY FOR SALE CHEAP [illegible] East Portland

BARBER SHOP FOR SALE OR TO RENT A good man [illegible] $75 a month. Inquire Esmond Barber Shop of Simon Abraham

FOR SALE A PROSPEROUS BUSINESS [illegible] 000 stock of general merchandise at a small Front st Newport, [illegible] Co, Or Inquire of [illegible]

[illegible] buying elsewhere. L GERTINGER [illegible]

FOR SALE IN THE CITY OF TACOMA stock of [illegible]

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians

DR HELENA T PRICE, PHYSICIAN AND [illegible]

DR A. A. WALKER [illegible] FIRST [illegible] diseases of women and children

J. M. CHALMERS [illegible] MCKAY BLOCK [illegible] residence 16 Nine[illegible] Morrison [illegible]

DR MACMASTER [illegible] Stark [illegible]

Lawyers

BARNELL & BOISE ATTORNEYS AND COUNsellors at law [illegible]

Artists

MRS [illegible] STUDIO 146½ THIRD [illegible]

PORTLAND ART SCHOOL OPENS SEPT 1st [illegible] Mrs [illegible] Miss [illegible] 160½ Wash

Architects

OTTO KLEEMAN ROOM 12 DEKUM BUILDing, Third and Washington [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Portland

Music

[illegible] MUSICAL INSTITUTE THE FALL [illegible] Sept 2 Apply early for hours

VIOLIN GUITAR AND BANJO [illegible]

PROF ALFRED SINGER VOICE CULTURE [illegible]

PROF [illegible] SHARP A THOROUGH MUSI[illegible] Cook Musical Institute [illegible] Principal

GUITAR BANJO VIOLIN, PIANO AND MANdolin Instructor Prof. R. A Smith 180 6th st.

MACHINISTS

CITY FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP [illegible] HONEYMAN & CO [illegible] and Columbia sts [illegible]

WOLFF & ZWICKER MACHINISTS, COR [illegible] and Third sts.—Housework, doors Railings iron [illegible]

WHOLESALE GROCERS

ALLEN & LEWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS corner North Front and D sts Portland Oregon

CORBITT & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 54 and 56 Front st Portland.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

R. SHERLOCK SADDLERY HARNESS HARDware 74 Front st Portland Or

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO 73 FRONT ST Importers of Shoe Manufacturers Goods Shoe Store Supplies Blacking Dressings Etc.

SEWING MACHINES.

GARRISON, 167 THIRD ST AGENCY FOR the Domestic the Household and other leading machines. Pure sperm oil, needles, attachments and repair parts.

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS.

DIXON BURGESON & CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT street, Portland, Or

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS general housework. Inquire at 211 Washington

WANTED—A WET NURSE APPLY IMMEdiately southwest cor East Park and Alder sts

WANTED—ACTIVE MEN AND WOMEN FOR city and country work must have a fair education Apply bet 8 and 9 A M and 7 and 8 P M at 71 South Second street Portland Or

WANTED—YOUNG MAKERS ALSO BOYS who have worked in the trade [illegible] 70 First st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS DYER STEADY work and good pay Address A A Howard Manager [illegible] Dye Works Spokane Falls Wash.

TWO GIRLS WANTED TO DO TAILORING Apply 64 North First st near D

WANTED BOYS TO WORK ON COMMISSION at the hat factory and store No [illegible]

WANTED—A RETOUCHER AT [illegible] photograph gallery First st above Jefferson.

WANTED GOOD GIRL AS CHILD'S NURSE Apply [illegible] McCaffrey S W cor 21st and [illegible]

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework one who sleeps at home preferred. 101 Fifth st cor Stark

WANTED FIFTY RAILROAD MEN 100 R R [illegible] San Francisco Employment Office Third st bet Pine and Ash Cyclorama building.

WANTED PRACTICAL TINNER GOOD wages paid to the right man. Address F A Henderson Eugene Or

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE LADY OVER 23 years of age who has been successful [illegible] $50 per month [illegible] pleasant work not [illegible] canvassing Address at once with reference W B [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED—2 MEN AND 2 WOMEN TO SEll salary $75 per month must deposit $25 and [illegible] call on address room 10 [illegible] building, cor First and Alder sts.

WANTED TEN GOOD SOLICITORS APPLY [illegible] & Miller contractors and [illegible] room 14 [illegible] between Second and Third

WANTED A SALESMAN OF GOOD ADDRESS and having business tact and [illegible] recommendations. on salary or commission [illegible] Portland.

WANTED A GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework Inquire at 182 Pacific st near Yamhill

WANTED AT ONCE RESPONSIBLE PERson $2 50 to $3 per day permanent employment Call or address J J [illegible] hotel

WANTED—100 MEN FOR RAILROAD WORK, [illegible] and teamsters. KINCAID & CO 108 First st.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT

MAN AND WIFE WISH SITUATION IN OR near town Address [illegible] care Oregonian

A LADY TEACHER DESIRES A POSITION Address R M care Oregonian

WANTED—A JOB TO CLEAR LAND OR CHOP cord wood. Address J R care Oregonian

SMART YOUNG MAN UNDERSTANDING stenography and typewriter can secure a position by addressing M care Oregonian

WANTED—SITUATION BY A FIRST CLASS coachman 10 years experience good references given Address Coachman care Oregonian

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS [illegible] maker country preferred Address A Miller [illegible] South Fourth st

YOUNG MAN WISHING TO ATTEND SCHOOL would like to find employment evenings under [illegible] the care of horses. Address box 111 Albina.

WIDOW 30 YEARS WISHES EMPLOYMENT at once good salesman accurate speller and writer in canvassing Address E I care Oregonian

WANTED BY A SWEDISH GIRL A SITUAtion to [illegible] in general housework. Please call at 317 [illegible] cor 14th

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EDUCATED lady (widow of Oakland Cal) as a fine housekeeper good accountant or nurse good references Address Mrs Adams room 15 [illegible] First st

DRUGGIST WANTS POSITION 6 YEARS experience, best of references from former employers Address [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED—POSITION AS COOK IN HOTEL [illegible] Charles Fred [illegible] Park

[illegible] EMPLOYMENT AGENCY [illegible]

A [illegible]

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED IN RESIDENCE PART OF CITY by [illegible] gentle first bed parlors [illegible] Address [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED [illegible] THREE FURNISHED [illegible] East Portland furnished or partly [illegible] references [illegible] care Oregonian

HOTEL WANTED IN A BUSINESS TOWN Will exchange good ranch or pay money [illegible] Wash ngton [illegible]

WANTED TO EXCHANGE INSTRUCTIONS in [illegible] in shorthand Address B [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED—A NICE RESPECTABLE FAMILY to take entire charge of boy 8 years old [illegible] Liberal pay [illegible] Address box 584

WANTED—SMALL FURNISHED [illegible] terms not to exceed $60 [illegible] Address [illegible] care Oregonian

WANTED—AGENTS

WANTED—TEN RELIABLE PERSONS TO sell [illegible] for cooking extracts and other [illegible] country little capital [illegible] constant employment Apply for three days at No. 84½ Yamhill st, Portland, Or room No 40.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR THE Centennial Dry Process Letter Copying Outfit Address 86 Second street Portland Oregon

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE 10 ACRES NEAR MT TABOR [illegible] Call or address Room 14 No. 15 Washington st after 12 M Price $3000 part cash A STERLING

A BARGAIN FOR $800—3 LOTS ON MARGAR[illegible] Albina, on motor line and 3 blocks from [illegible] For further particulars [illegible] 31 Morrison st

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNIture and chattels of any description (without removal) or personal note G. R. LEDMAN [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE [illegible]

THE [illegible] SAVINGS & LOAN SOCIETY [illegible]

LOST AND FOUND

LOST [illegible] BETWEEN STANDARD [illegible] Standard Theater [illegible]

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS

OREGON CITY CLOTHING MANUFACTURING Company 92 North Front street. Factory in [illegible]

FISH OYSTERS GAME POULTRY

M [illegible]

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

THREE NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent 231 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM [illegible] table for gentlemen 165 Washington.

UNFURNISHED SUITE, ALSO FURNISHED rooms $5 to $12 Gasoline stove for sale in good order 1026 Fourth st. East Portland

UNFURNISHED OR PARTLY FURNISHED rooms single or en suite suitable for light housekeeping offices or business, 223½ First street, [illegible] location brick building

A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO LET AT 211 Montgomery st. bet. Eighth and Ninth.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS gas and bath with or without board; references required 127 Eighth st., near Washington.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED rooms with use of gas and bath, at 161 [illegible] West Park, references.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPING no one with children need apply 162 Washington st.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT, SINGLE OR en suite with use of bath Inquire at 107 [illegible] Fourteenth st.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOM IN private residence for rent to gentlemen with exceptional references. Address F E V., care Oregonian

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS single or suites also furnished rooms for housekeeping. The Ladd House cor First and Columbia.

FOR RENT—IN PRIVATE HOUSE, LARGE furnished front room also small room for one or two gentlemen bath telephone. 135 Eighth, cor Alder

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—A SMALL COTTAGE. APPLY 48 [illegible] Sixth st.

FOR RENT — A FURNISHED COTTAGE OF 8 rooms everything complete for housekeeping. Apply immediately to D. K. Budd, 50½ Washington.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE QUEEN ANNE cottage new in a desirable locality: furniture for sale [illegible] Address I. Q. care Oregonian.

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, WITH [illegible] centrally located with small amount of furniture for sale Address Renter care Oregonian.

FOR RENT TWO FLATS CONTAINING FOUR rooms each also one corner store, elegant location for [illegible] store Inquire 9 Montgomery st.

FOR RENT A GOOD BUSINESS CORNER ON [illegible] and Taylor sts. also six nice rooms upstairs. Inquire at 163 Eighth and Morrison.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH BOARD.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SUITE OF FRONT rooms [illegible] family table, at northeast cor. Fourth and [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CLAIRVOYANT—MRS. J. W. MINER, NO 225½ First street room 8.

UMBRELLAS—26-INCH, RECOVERED WITH finest gloria $2 50 silk from $2 75. [illegible] DIPPIS, 150 Third st. bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MR T G Cairns has purchased a one-third interest in the plant and business of Walker & Davis, [illegible] manufacturers. The business will be continued at the same place under the firm name of Walker & Davis.

DR BELL'S [illegible] ELECTRIC BELTS FOR sale by Skidmore and Co. Druggists, 151 First st.

WOVEN WIRE SPRING BEDS. GEORGE R. PARKER 131 Fifth st. Trade supplied.

H. G. MACDONALD ACCOUNTANT—CUSTOMhouse and general broker, 48 First st.

MIDWIFE—MRS. HENRY MILLER, REIHART best of care in cases of confinement, No. 87 Third street, bet. Stark and Oak.

SCHOOL of Civil Mechanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Arch[illegible], Assay. 723 Market, San Francisco Cal. A VAN DER NAILLEN, [illegible]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—MRS. C. R. BENNER of the [illegible] dressmaking parlors, will remove to 115 Morrison st. just one door below her old establishment. Her numerous patrons are solicited for a continuance of their favors at her new place.

NEW YORK MILITARY ACADEMY, CORNwall on Hudson. Col. C. J. Wright, B.S., A.M., Supt. [illegible] Hyatt Comd't of Cadets.

MRS. E. DePRANS, METAPHYSICIAN AND Teacher of Christian Science 233 Ninth st., cor Main Class instructions $5 Consultation free.

CLAIRVOYANT—G. L. WOODS BUSINESS, [illegible] and independent Slate Writing Medium 331 First st. To [illegible]

REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF TEN Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person caught stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian [illegible] [illegible] D J MOORE, Route Agent.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED until 1 P M. Wednesday September 4, at the [illegible] office Hillsboro Or., for the macadamizing of one and a half miles of road 168 (Bacon [illegible]) [illegible] at Multnomah county line, eight inches deep and nine feet wide. RUDOLPH CRANDALL, [illegible] of Washington county, Or

[illegible] THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN APpointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for the [illegible] River Paper Co. and are prepared to purchase for cash Rags, Burlaps, Manila rope and all kinds of Paper stock Old Iron and Metal of all [illegible] 45 and 47 E st., Portland, Oregon.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the undersigned was, on the 8th day of August 1889 by the County Court of Oregon, for Multnomah county, duly appointed executor of the estate of John L. Davidson deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me with proper vouchers and duly verified at the law office of James Gleason, on the northwest corner of First and Morrison streets, in this city within six months from the date of this notice. Dated Portland Oregon this 8th day of August 1889 E. ST JOHN Executor of the estate of John L. Davidson deceased.

PROPOSALS INVITED — THE BOARD OF Trustees of the Oregon State Insane Asylum hereby invite sealed proposals for the building of a wing to the State Asylum pursuant to plans and specifications to be seen at the office of C. A. Robert, architect, Salem, Or. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Bids will be opened at 2 o'clock P M on Monday Sept 2 1889

SYLVESTER PENNOYER,
GEO W McBRIDE,
G W WEBB
Board of Trustees.
W.M. A MUNLY Clerk of Board.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUTTON & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores, 16 N Front street, Portland, Or.

H. E. BATTIN & CO. GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and Produce Dealers. 180 Front st.

ALLEN & LEWIS COMMISSION AND FORWARDING Merchants, Front and D sts. Portland, Or.

MEYER, WILSON & CO., SHIPPING AND COMmission merchants. Importers of foreign goods, Agents for White's Cement, New Market Block.

C. [illegible] & CO. SHIPPING AND COMMISSION Merchants 20 North Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants, agents for San Juan Archipelago Lime Co. 31 Front street, corner Ash.

BALFOUR GUTHRIE & CO SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants Importers of all kinds of [illegible] goods. Money to loan on mortgage. Cor. [illegible] and Ash sts.

WALIAMS & CO SUCCESSORS TO WADhams & Elliott wholesale grocers Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 46 and 48 Front street. Portland, Oregon.

MARK L. COHN & CO. GENERAL COMMISSION merchants wholesale dealers in produce and [illegible] 146 Front st. Esmond block, Portland.

HERMAN WITTGER FURCHASER OF HIDES, Pelts Furs, Wool and Tallow and General Commission Merchant, Front street near Main, Portland, [illegible] Liberal cash advances on consignments

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SNELL HEITSHU & WOODARD, ESTABLISHED [illegible] Portland, Or

[illegible] A LA SPIRITE CORSET

Price, $1.45.

The agency for this corset has been secured by our New York representative. The manufacturers claim it to be the very perfection for Comfort, Beauty, Shape and Durability

COLORS—White, Cream, Gray, Black, Pink and Blue.

We are fully aware of the difficulty in convincing the wearer of a certain make of corsets to change or experiment in a new one.

We faithfully recommend this corset to the ladies.

GUARANTEE—If, after wearing the A LA SPIRITE CORSET for ten days the purchaser does not find that it is the most comfortable and perfect fitting corset she has ever worn it can be returned to us and the money will be refunded

FANCY
RIBBONS STILL ON
SALE.

S. Lipman & Co.

PORTLAND AND VICIN

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

PHENOMENAL GROWTH.—One of the most surprising and suggestive facts in connection with the rapid progress of Portland, is that while the beautiful city is growing rapidly in every direction, she shows a phenomenal growth along the Morrison street motor line all the way out to the gentle western slopes of Mount Tabor. When carefully considered, this is not surprising, for the country along the Morrison street motor line is the more highly cultivated, the more easily and cheaply accessible, and the more desirable for homes of any residence section on the East Side. And now the splendid brick hospital, the shops and stores and palatial residences are adding to the attractions of this already very popular suburb. It already presents the appearance of a well built village all along the base line road to Mount Tabor. The justly popular Eden Park lots have been selling rapidly because they are so pretty, so cheap and so easily reached. Lots will be sold at the old prices which are 25 per cent cheaper than other lots in the neighborhood, for a few days longer before prices are advanced, by Clayton & Oliver, 163 Second street.

WILL NOT LOSE HIS FINGER.—Mr John Crouch, the well known superintendent of telegraph construction and repairs, who came so near being killed on Fourth street a few days ago, by a locomotive, is again able to be out. John is "still in the ring," though he looks as if he came out second best in his encounter with the engine. He says it was a very close call, and how he escaped with his life seems miraculous. He was pitched out and striking heavily on the right side of his face and head, was badly bruised and shaken up. The forefinger of his right hand was also very painfully bruised and lacerated. It was stated at the time of the accident that both the fore and middle fingers of the right hand would probably have to be amputated. This is a mistake, for the surgeon has very strong hopes of being able to save the fore digit. Mr Urquhart who was with Mr Crouch at the time, also had a remarkable escape, but he came off with only a good shaking up.

THE "DINERS."—ELEGANT LUNCH.—A number of gentlemen were invited by General Passenger and Ticket Agent A L Maxwell, of the O R & N Co to take lunch yesterday on board the dining car Coronado, which went into service on the O R & N Co's line yesterday. The car, which is a very handsome and spacious one, was handsomely decorated with cut flowers and beautiful plants in pots on brackets along the sides. The lunch to which some twenty gentlemen sat down, was an elegant one prepared under the superintendence of Mr F H Duncan, conductor of the car, and Mr George Goldsmith, assistant commissary, who accompanied the car from Omaha. The service was most excellent. Colored waiters are employed, who are attentive and courteous. These dining cars will hereafter run through with the daily passenger trains between Portland and Omaha.

PORTLAND'S MANUFACTURING INTERESTS.—THE OREGONIAN has had in active preparation for some time past a special issue, to appear shortly devoted exclusively to the manufacturing interests of Portland. The number will consist of two full page views of Portland's leading factories and points of interest in and around the city, together with a center piece of the Willamette falls at Oregon City, Portland's great reserve power, now being rapidly developed by a strong local company. In completeness and accuracy of information this will be one of the most important special numbers ever issued by THE OREGONIAN, and it will doubtless be read with much interest, not only at home but also very extensively abroad by those who are at all desirous of correctly informing themselves of the industrial development of this rapidly growing city.

CAPTAIN SEBREE'S SUCCESSOR ARRIVES.—Lieutenant-Commander W W Rhoades, who succeeds Captain Sebree as inspector of this lighthouse district, accompanied by his wife, and Commander George W Coffin, naval secretary of the lighthouse board, arrived from Washington yesterday. They took in the city during the day, and accompanied by Captain Sebree will leave to-day on the lighthouse tender Manzanita for a brief tour of inspection of the lights and buoys on the Columbia. They will then go overland to the Sound and the Manzanita will take on a lot of bricks and supplies at the lighthouse depot at Astoria for Destruction island, after delivering which she will proceed to the Sound to pick up the party. Lieutenant Commander Rhoades will assume his duties on the 1st and Captain Sebree will start East about the 5th of September.

TWO ATTRACTIVE FEATURES.—Captain S S Douglass, the well known taxidermist, is now busily engaged in mounting an extensive collection of Australian birds of brilliant plumage for the approaching fair. The birds are all strange here, and being of the most beautiful colors will form an attractive feature of the exposition. Captain Douglass has been for the past three weeks employed in the mounting of a cow for exhibition at the fair. It will be milked by a dairy maid and will furnish ice cold milk at 5 cents a glass, and is warranted never to kick the bucket, metaphorically or otherwise, nor to switch its tail in the eyes of the milkmaid. This sort of a fountain of milk has been very extensively patronized at fairs in the East and will doubtless be a success here.

CHIN BADLY CUT.—Mr Paul Labbe met with rather a painful accident a day or two since which, however, might have been so much worse that he feels that he had a very fortunate escape. He was walking along a passageway in the cellar of Labbe Bros' store, in the dark and stumbled over a truck which had been left there by some one and in falling his chin struck upon the edge of a box, cutting a gash two inches in length clear through so that when he attempted to rinse the blood out of his mouth the water all ran out of the wound. He is now able to be about with his head in a sling, and takes his nourishment with a spoon but will be all right in a few days. If he had struck his face on the box the results might have been much worse.

WORKING THE PRISONERS.—The city prisoners are at last being utilized to good advantage. Heretofore they have been kept in the city jail with nothing to do further than to see that the bread brought them is kept from spoiling. Since Wednesday morning a small force of jail birds have been kept at work at the city park grubbing stumps, spading ground, and making themselves generally useful. It is surprising how much even this small force of men accomplish. They are taken to and from the park by Officer Henry Wilmer, and while at work are under the guard of Officers Thomas and Morgan.

AN ACCIDENT EXPLAINED.—The account in THE OREGONIAN of yesterday of an accident to a Washington county boy might possibly have led the public to suppose that the owner of the steam threshing machine was blamable as the cause of the accident. The name of this gentleman is Mr Lee, and he is a very careful man. The whistle of the engine is blown for the accommodation of farmers, and at this special time Mr Lee had no knowledge of the presence of the boy who was some 200 yards distant. The boy hurt is slowly improving and the chances are that he will recover.

HE LOOKED FOR A WARRANT.—"Any warrant out for my arrest?" asked Councilman Richard Gerdes as he strode into the police station yesterday afternoon with the regulation aldermanic smile and a nonchalant expression on his countenance. "If your name is Richard Roe or John Doe," replied the [illegible] captain, "we have." The councilman from the first ward looked perplexed and slowly meandered away. The supposition is that he expected to find a warrant charging him with interfering with a police officer in the [illegible] discharge of his duty [illegible] Mathews.

ANOTHER BAR TUG.—Several new bar tugs are in course of construction in the Northwest. The one being constructed for the O R & N Co by the Willamette Shipbuilding Company, East Portland, is rapidly nearing completion and will be launched shortly. She will be, it is said, the finest wooden towboat on the Pacific coast. The tug being constructed at Bandon, Oregon, for [illegible] & Son has been completed and is ready for inspection. Her propelling power is a single engine with a 20-inch stroke. Her gross tonnage is [illegible] tons.

THE REGIMENT'S NEW BAND.—The First regiment, O N G, now has a band which Colonel Beebe and the music committee of the regiment, of which Captain Coffee is chairman, are confident will meet all the requirements of the future. The band has been newly organized and includes the best musical talent available. [illegible] Kendall, solo cornetist, is the leader. He has been connected with a number of prominent bands in the East and six or seven years ago was the solo cornetist at the Mechanics' fair.

FROM THE OLD WORLD.—Mr I N Fleischner, who has been traveling in Europe almost constantly for the past three years, visiting and sojourning at the largest capitals and principal cities of the world, and who returned home about a week since, finds it rather difficult to settle down, but says he will stay here awhile, anyway. During all his travels he has kept full and extensive diaries and may some day favor the readers of THE OREGONIAN with an account of some of his many interesting adventures and experiences.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS COMING.—The Single Tax Club of this city are preparing a treat for the citizens of Portland, in the shape of a course of lectures on their favorite theory. Judge McGuire of California, will be here in a few weeks, Henry George will be here in two or three months, and ex-Father McGlynn on the 26th of January, 1890. If after listening to all these philosophers expatiate on their favorite theory, our citizens do not embrace their doctrines they will deserve another course of lectures.

MR. MEIER DIED INTESTATE.—Aaron Meier, the merchant who died suddenly a week ago, left no will. His estate is valued at $150 000, consisting of his partnership interest in the firm of Meier & Frank, real estate in Portland and East Portland and 298 acres in the Solomon Richards donation land claim. County Judge Catlin yesterday appointed Leon Hirsch administrator of the estate. His bond was fixed at $300 000.

FOR FINE PRINTING.—F W Baltes & Company, printers, are expecting the arrival of an improved four-roller printing press from New London, Conn, in a through car. An experienced mechanic from the factory is here awaiting the arrival of the machine. Whether or not there is sufficient work in the Northwest to warrant the purchase of such fine machinery, Messrs Baltes & Company deserve praise for their energy.

FREE CONCERT IN THE PLAZA.—The Marine band will give a free concert in the plaza in a short time. An excellent programme is being prepared and the concert promises to be the best of the series.

LIQUOR TO THE REDSKINS.—Humphrey Humphrey, arrested at The Dalles on a charge of selling liquor to the Indians, pleaded guilty in the United States district court yesterday and was fined $10. J F Miller, arrested at the same time on the same charge, was taken sick, when about to start, and was left at The Dalles. It would have been better if he had been taken sick before he sold the whisky.

WILL TAKE A FEW POINTS.—F W McCaslin, the newly appointed instructor of the Y M C A gymnasium, left last night for Chicago to remain one month. The gymnasium in this city will not be formally opened before the end of October and Mr McCaslin will improve the interim by studying up on a few special branches of gymnastics under one of the ablest professors in Chicago.

REV B F RATTRAY, pastor of Emmanuel Baptist church, has taken rooms at the Springfield house, corner First and Clay streets, where those wishing to consult with him on church or personal matters can find him between the hours of 9 A M and 2 P M and every evening of the week except Monday and Thursday.

THE RIVERSIDE RACES.—The Multnomah Driving Association has made extensive preparations for its meeting at Riverside to-morrow. All the horses entered are in good form and the contests will be lively. The running race promises to be the event of the day.

COMMITTED TO THE ASYLUM.—James Shorter, who has been under treatment at Good Samaritan hospital, was adjudged insane yesterday. Hans Nicholson was arrested at Columbia slough yesterday, and will be examined to-day as to his sanity.

EPISCOPAL SERVICES.—Bishop Morris leaves to-day for the south to hold services Sunday morning in Ashland, Sunday afternoon in Medford and Monday evening in Grant's Pass.

THE WATERWAY ASSOCIATION'S MEETING.—The next annual meeting of the Columbia Waterway Association will be held in Portland during the forthcoming exposition.

ALEXANDER & CARTER received the contract for clearing the right of way for the West Portland Motor line, instead of Carter & Campbell, as mentioned Tuesday.

UNION PACIFIC OFFICIALS COMING.—President Charles Francis Adams and Vice President W H Holcomb of the Union Pacific will arrive here this morning.

MATRIMONIAL CANDIDATES.—A marriage license was granted yesterday for James W Eller, aged 46, and Jane O Hall, aged 45.

NOW IS THE TIME for bargains. Kohn is selling $20 suits for $10. Look in his show window and be convinced.

ELEGANT PATTERNS of cloth just received for fine suits at Kohn's, Second and Morrison streets.

MORE AXMEN are wanted to clear right of way of West Portland Motor line.

CRUELTY ON THE HIGH SEAS.

A Sailor Asks for Damages for Being Brutally Maltreated While Coming to This Port.

Frederick Paulsen began suit in the United States district court yesterday against E Curtis, Captain of the Tillie E Starbuck, and Gillon the mate, and Herman the second mate, to recover damages for maltreatment in the sum of $2500.

Paulsen was a seaman on the Starbuck, and, in his complaint, alleges that on April 17, he was ordered by Herman to go aloft and bring the starboard main royal yard foot rope down on deck, which he proceeded to do.

There was a stiff breeze at the time, and the ship was lurching heavily and going rapidly, and the libellant, after going up on the main royal yard arm, found the hook of the main royal brace so firmly jammed into the hooks of the foot rope and held there so tightly that he could not release them without great danger and risk of his life. He started toward the deck to get a piece of rope to secure and control the brace, but the second mate would not allow him to get a piece of rope and with insulting language and threats of bodily injury ordered him to bring the foot rope down immediately, which he succeeded in doing. As soon as he reached the deck the second mate, assisted by the first mate, beat him about the face and head in a shocking manner, from the effects of which he was for a long time ill and suffering. While still suffering from this beating the captain ordered him to be put in irons, and he was tied up by his wrists from the deck, so that he swung about when the ship lurched or rolled.

It is further alleged that the captain failed to give Paulsen proper medical treatment, and compelled him to work in his enfeebled condition.

For this abuse and suffering Paulsen asks damages in the above amount. It is understood that the mate and second mate have disappeared and cannot be found to be tried on this charge of brutality, but an effort will be made to hold the captain responsible.

There is a tendency on the part of courts generally to punish the perpetrators of outrages on seamen, and if the above charges are proved some one will doubtless have to smart.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE

List of the Deeds Filed for Record in the Recorder's Office Yesterday.

Yesterday fifteen deeds aggregating $41 301, an average of $2753, were filed, making the total number of deeds filed since the first of the month 240, value of the transactions $250,897 25.

Since January 1 to date there have been filed 3716 deeds, aggregating $[illegible] 831 47.

DEEDS RECORDED AUGUST 22.

J C Shofner and wife to L A Johnson, lots 5 and 6 blk 22 Carter's addition, Aug 22, $2700.

L D Brown and wife to W A Halliday, lots 9 10 and 11 blk 12, Willamette addition, Aug 12, $450.

T W London to Thomas Popham, lots 1 2 and 3, blk 6 Logan's addition, July 19, $1000.

D Confer to Thomas Popham, lots 4 and 5 blk 6, Logan's add, July —, $600.

J K Gill and wife to R C Brundage, E ½ of blk 102 Glover's add, Aug 20, $6000.

U S Grant Marquam to R C Brundage, 5 acres sec 19, 1 S 1 E, Aug 7, $8 5[illegible].

A K Allen to R C Brundage, 20 acres, sec 19, 1 S, 1 E, Feb 26, $2100.

F D White and wife to F Dresser, frac. blk [illegible] Glover's add, Aug 20, $2000.

N B Jones to W J Robinson, [illegible] 100 of an acre, sec 6, 1 S 1 E, Aug 2, $200.

M J Patton and wife to H M Cockerline, blks 8, 9 and 13 Patton's add, Aug 22, $7000.

J H Montgomery and wife to C H Evans, lots 22 and 23 blk 21, Albina, Feb 16, $400.

W M Killingsworth and wife to James Hackney, lots 15 and 16 blk 10 Central Albina, Aug 22, $1000.

O T Bliss and wife to Etienne Delrin, 70 acres, sec 11 12 1 and 14 1 N 1 E, July 11, $1 000.

Theo Wygant and wife to R H Bradford, lot 5 and 6 blk 8, H[illegible], Aug 22, $4[illegible].

C C and E H Prince to the Public, 1 6 acre, sec [illegible] 1 E, Aug [illegible], $1.

CLARKE COUNTY W T TRANSFERS.

[Reported by Sievers & Hitchcock, real estate brokers, Vancouver, W T, and No 7 Stark street, Portland Or]

Henry Bahl to John [illegible]

[illegible]

PERSONAL

Mrs [illegible] left [illegible] for the coast.

Mr H [illegible] Chicago yesterday on his way home from Paris.

Mr Charles A [illegible] of the railway mail service, left for Salem yesterday on a visit to relatives.

Fish Commissioner [illegible] went to Salem yesterday. Commissioner Reed left for Astoria last night.

Mr George H Davis, wife and child, who have been visiting [illegible] Fleischner for the past two weeks, leave for their home in San Francisco this evening.

[illegible] superintendent of the Northern Pacific Express [illegible] left for home via Omaha last night.

Dr A J Col[illegible], formerly [illegible] department of Florida and vice president of the Board of Health of Palatka, Fla, and lately of Chicago, has moved to Portland and will make this city his permanent home.

PASSENGER LIST

STEAMER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug 22.—Following is the passenger list of the steamer Oregon, sailing to-day for Portland: H C Bender, J Vice, F Silva, Mrs Jones, Barry, N Atecio, W W Wheaddon, J J Wheatfield, D Grammer, W Davis, J Muntz and wife, F Collins, B Miller, Mrs Henderson, J Wilderber, B J Crimmon, C Parker, J Puck, G Jackson, wife and daughter, Mrs Donovan, J Bernard, Mrs Brown, C Holland, J Kahn, D Koo.

Passed Medford to arrive over the Oregon & California: S Hubbard, W Hubbard, Miss Hubbard, Mrs Simons, Miss Simons, V Simons, H Brackett, G W Stine and wife, Miss McClolian, W G Smith, Miss Goodrich, Miss Kendall, Mr Clark, Mrs Patton, H W Clark, Miss Ketridge, Mr Ricks, J Steel, Charles Allen, Mrs Allen, J S Stael and wife, J Gleason and wife, Mrs Moffitt, H M Egley and wife, S W Smith and wife, J Newman, O Pettyjohn, Miss Pettyjohn, Miss McCord, M McCord, F McCord, Mrs Johns, Miss Johns, Mrs Jones, Mr A E Reams, G Michle, W F Sargent, J A Henline, and thirty three second class.

FALL 1889

Latest novelties arrived at J Polivka & Co, 28 Washington street.

Before you think of buying a Hanging Lamp for parlor or hall call at O'Reilly's stove and crockery store. He also has some of the finest and cheapest heating stoves on the coast. Third and Morrison street.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the best equipped line for all points East. Office No 121 First street, corner Washington.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

PORTLAND, Or, Aug 22, 1889

Place of Observation	Hght of Bar	Ch of last 12 hours	Ther.	Wind direction	Rain fall inch	State of Weather
Portland	30 00	—18	78	N	00	Cloudl'ss
Olympia	29 98	—18	72	N	00	Cloudl'ss
Roseburg	30 04	—16	82	NW	00	Cloudl'ss
Red Bluff	29 84	—20	96	SE	00	Cloudl'ss
Sacramento	29 88	—14	88	S	00	Cloudl'ss
Eureka	30 12	—04	62	NW	00	Cloudl'ss
Port Angeles	30.00	—06	62	W	00	Cloudl'ss
Spokane	29 86		84	SW	00	Cloudl'ss
Walla Walla	29 86		88	SW	00	Cloudl'ss

Local Report

Pacific Coast Time	Bar	Ther	Rltv Hum	Direc of Wind	Vlcy of Wind	Rain	Wthr
5 A M	30 18	56	86	NE	2	00	Cl'dl's
5 P M	30.00	78	83	N	1	00	Cl'dl's

Maximum temperature, 78; minimum temperature, 53; height of river at 5 A M, 1.8 feet; change in past 24 hours —1 2 feet; maximum solar heat 124 deg.

	Normal	Mean	Departure from Normal	Excess or deficiency since Jul 1st	Excess or deficiency since Jan 1, 1889
Temperature	64	66	2	—14	669
Precipitation	02	00	—02	—39	—14 35

Total precipitation from July 1, 1889 to date, 09; average precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date 1 18; deficiency in precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date 1.09.

TO DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug 22.—For Oregon and Washington territory: Fair weather and slightly warmer.

FORGOT TO MENTION.

During the Sale of Black Dress Goods McAllen & McDonnell will place for sale a lot of new Black Silk just received through the New York custom house. They are new makes and the most perfect goods ever imported. Prices will be $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75. Every yard warranted for wear and color.

BRIEF MENTION.

S Tomlinson has a lot of fine horses for sale at Magoon Bros', corner Third and Madison.

What might have saved Seattle? One of Z T Wright's Lindgren Fire Engines. They can be seen at the foot of Morrison street. Every family should have one.

The book of the hour, "Artist and Model." Price, 25c, at Dekum's, 49 Washington street.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria;
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria;
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. FELDENHEIMER,
Leading Jeweler.
LARGEST STOCK OF
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry
IN THE NORTHWEST
Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.
COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.
A. FELDENHEIMER.
COR. FIRST & MORRISON STS. Portland, Oregon

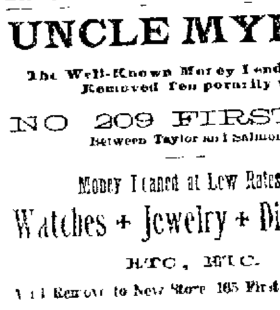
[illegible]
—THE—
RELIABLE JEWELER,
68 First st., bet. Oak and Pine.
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, etc.
POSITIVELY
No Goods Misrepresented.

BARGAINS
—IN—
Diamonds + Watches + Jewelry
FOR THIRTY DAYS.
Less Than Auction Prices!
NEW YORK JEWELRY CO.
107 First St.

BECK, THE JEWELER,
Front and Morrison,
Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.
Headquarters for All American Watches.

UNCLE MYERS
The Well-Known Money Lender, Has Removed Temporarily to
NO 209 FIRST ST.
Between Taylor and Salmon.
Money Loaned at Low Rates on
Watches + Jewelry + Diamonds,
ETC., ETC.
Will Remove to New Store 165 First St., Sept. 20

Lewis V. Johnson & Co.
Shipping and Commission Merchants, Bank of British Columbia Building, Upstairs
Sole Agents for Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana: Royal Baking Powder Co, Babbitt's Kingsford's Oswego Starch, Babbitt's Soaps, Saleratus, Lye and Potash, Kinney Bros' Cigarettes, Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce, Shrewsbury Catsup, New York Condensed Milk Co. Eagle and Crown brands, Burnett's Extracts, Cunningham & De Fourier's English Canned Meats.



[illegible] & CO.,
[illegible]
Portland, Or
Drugs, Toilet Articles and Sundries.
We make a specialty of sending goods by Mail or Express. Send in your orders, they will receive prompt attention.

MAGOON BROS.
LIVERY & HACK STABLE,
Third and Madison
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Hacks for riding per hour $1 50
Calling, first hour 1.50
Each additional hour 1.00
Theaters and Parties.
One or two persons, to and from $2.00
Three or four persons, to and from 3.00
No charge for baggage that can be taken on hacks.
Two Horse Coupes.
Riding and calling, per hour $1 00
To and from theaters and parties per couple $1.00
TELEPHONE 331.

R
A. O A.
B
ROBERTS
R
A. T A.
S

We have just received our first shipment of
FALL AND WINTER
FROCK AND SACK
Business and Dress Suits!
ALSO NEW LINES OF
NECKWEAR,
UNDERWEAR
ETC.
And the Latest Styles in
HATS
FROM THE LEADING MANUFACTURERS OF NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

R
A. O A.
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ROBERTS
R
A. T A.
S
THE LEADING CLOTHIER, HATTER AND MERCHANT TAILOR OF THE NORTHWEST.

A. B.
STEINBACH
& CO.
Cor. First and Morrison Sts.
Last Week!
OF OUR
GRAND
RENOVATING
SALE
* * * * * * *
We will offer our entire stock one more week at a sweeping reduction. Our alteration is almost complete, and this is your chance to buy Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods at a very low price. You will be duly notified of our Grand Opening.
* * * * * * *
[illegible]
Corner First and Morrison.

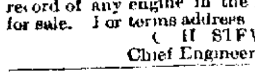
USE
FAIRBANK'S
GOLD DUST
FOR EASY WASHING.
Ask your grocer for free sample.

SPECIAL * INDUCEMENTS
AT
No. 140 First Street
UNDER THE GILMAN HOUSE
WE + HAVE + MARKED + DOWN + OUR + ENTIRE + STOCK
OF
Brownsville Clothing
AND
Are now offering All-Wool Suits, made from the Best Oregon Wool, at less than cost of manufacture. We have received an immense line of Imported Worsteds, comprising all the latest patterns, which we sell very low. We have strictly one-price. Every article marked in plain figures and guarantee all our goods. Money refunded for all goods returned. Country orders solicited. Samples sent free on application.
J. M. MOYER & CO.
(Successors to Brownsville Woolen Mills Co.)
NO. 140 FIRST ST., CORNER ALDER.

AMER :: PICON :: BITTERS
SCHMIDT & CO.'S SARSAPARILLA AND IRON WATER.
Jos. + Schlitz + Brewing + Co.'s + Pilsner + Bottled + Beer!
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO., Agents,
63 FRONT STREET, - - - PORTLAND, OREGON

FIRE ENGINE FOR SALE.
The famous hand fire engine owned by the City of Albany, Or, having the best record of any engine in the Northwest, is for sale. For terms address
C H STEWART,
Chief Engineer, Albany, Or.

Newcastle, Dentist— TEETH without plates. Cocaine for Painless Extraction. Office N W corner First and Yamhill streets, rooms 7 and 8.



J. W. [illegible] Dentist,
54 Union Block,
Entrance Stark Street.

HORSES FOR SALE OR TRADE for wood, hay or grain. Call at woodyard, Front and Madison. [illegible]

C. E. Geiger, M. D., Homeopathist and Surgeon, corner Third and Morrison. Telephone 531.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, No. 169 First St.

EPPS'S COCOA for breakfast, grateful, comforting, made simply with boiling water or milk. [illegible]

FOR THE FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE city, go to Frank Keller, First and Pine sts.

NEAR REDUCTION WORKS.
$50 per acre—15[illegible] acres of land on the Willamette river about one mile north of Linnton, the location of the
REDUCTION WORKS.
This farm consists of bottom land, meadow land, slashed land and fine timber and is from 50 per cent to 100 per cent cheaper than other land no better as to soil and general city in the neighborhood. Reasons for sale made known by applying to Clayton & Oliver, 163 Second st. 21st

[illegible] FISHERIES
The Yaquina Deep Sea Fishing Company being now in working order desire to correspond with fish dealers, hotels, etc, throughout the Pacific northwest with a view of receiving and filling orders for deep sea fish. Address
LUTHER MADDOCKS,
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TOOTHACHE
Stopped instantly with Schwartz's Dentine. It does not burn the mouth. Sold by all druggists.
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Wholesale Druggists, Agents.

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WILL COMMENCE
TUESDAY, AUG. 20
And Will Continue All The Week.

OUR : PRICE : LIST

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, tucked, at 25c per pair.

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, tucked and embroidery trimmed, at 37½c per pair.

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, tucked and embroidery trimmed, at 50c per pair.

The above are well made and the best value ever offered in Portland. THEY ARE CHEAPER THAN CHINA MADE GOODS.

Ladies' Muslin Chemise, embroidery trimmed, at 35c per pair.

Ladies' Muslin Chemise, embroidery trimmed, at 50c each.

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, tucked, at 65c each.

Ladies' Muslin Nightgowns at 37½c each.

Ladies' Muslin Nightgowns at 85c each.

These are extra fine and very elaborately trimmed. We have them cut in several styles and a dozen different patterns of trimming.

LADIES, CONSIDER.

We propose to sell you Underwear for less money than you can afford to make it for. Try us and see if we are giving you facts. Our Muslin Underwear Trade has increased very largely the past season and we propose to double it in the coming three months. We have the exclusive control for this market of all lines of Underwear sold on our counters and you can not duplicate our styles or values in Portland.

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Consider them well and then make a visit to our Underwear Department and examine the goods, which will speak louder than any advertisement we can write.

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100 DOZEN PURE LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
These are Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, and we positively guarantee every thread pure linen.
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THE NEW STATE.

Full Text of Washington's Constitution.

SUBMITTED TO PUBLIC JUDGMENT

The Famous Tide Land Question Left to the Courts.

THE SCHOOL LAND RESTRICTIONS

A Schedule Adopted Which Provides Clearly and Concisely for the Change of Government From Territory to State.

OLYMPIA, Aug 22.—Following is a copy of the enrolled constitution which was signed by the members of the convention to-night.

We, the people of the state of Washington, grateful to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for our liberties, do ordain this constitution.

ARTICLE I.

BILL OF RIGHTS

SECTION 1—All political power is inherent in the people and governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed and are established to protect and maintain individual rights.

Sec 2—The constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land.

Sec 3—No person shall be deprived of life liberty or property without due process of law.

Sec 4—The right of petition and of the people peaceably to assemble for the common good shall never be abridged.

Sec 5—Every person may freely speak, write and publish on all subjects being responsible for the abuse of that right.

Sec 6—The mode of administering an oath or affirmation shall be such as may be most consistent with and binding upon the conscience of the person to whom such oath or affirmation may be administered.

Sec 7—No person shall be disturbed in his private affairs, or his home invaded, without authority of law.

Sec 8—No law granting irrevocably any privilege, franchise or immunity shall be passed by the legislature.

Sec 9—No person shall be compelled in any criminal case to give evidence against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

Sec 10—Justice in all cases shall be administered openly, and without unnecessary delay.

Sec 11—Absolute freedom of conscience in all matters of religious sentiment belief, and worship, shall be guaranteed to every individual and no one shall be molested or disturbed in person, or property on account of religion, but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be so construed as to excuse acts of licentiousness, or justify practices inconsistent with the peace and safety of the state. No public money or property shall be appropriated for or applied to any religious worship, exercise or instruction, or the support of any religious establishment. No religious qualification shall be required for any public office, or employment nor shall any person be incompetent as a witness, or juror in consequence of his opinion on matters of religion, nor be questioned in any court of justice touching his religious belief to affect the weight of his testimony.

Sec 12—No law shall be passed granting to any citizen class of citizens, or corporation other than municipal privileges or immunities which upon the same terms shall not equally belong to all citizens, or corporations.

Sec. 13—The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety requires it.

Sec 14—Excessive bail shall not be required, excessive fines imposed, nor cruel punishment inflicted.

Sec 15—No conviction shall work corruption of blood nor forfeiture of estate.

Sec. 16—Private property shall not be taken for private use, except for private ways of necessity, and for drains, flumes or ditches on or across the lands of others for agricultural, domestic or sanitary purposes. No private property shall be taken or damaged for public or private use without just compensation having been first made, or paid into court for the owner and no right of way shall be appropriated to the use of any corporation other than municipal, until full compensation therefor be first made in money, or ascertained and paid into the court for the owner irrespective of any benefit from any improvement proposed by such corporation which compensation shall be ascertained by a jury unless a jury be waived as in other civil cases in courts of record in the manner prescribed by law. Whenever an attempt is made to take private property for a use alleged to be public the question whether the contemplated use be really public shall be a judicial question, and determined as such without regard to any legislative assertion that the use is public.

Sec 17—There shall be no imprisonment for debt, except in cases of absconding debtors.

Sec 18—The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Sec 19—All elections shall be free and equal, and no power civil or military shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage.

Sec 20—All persons charged with crime shall be bailable by sufficient sureties except for capital offenses when the proof is evident, or the presumption great.

Sec 21—The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate but the legislature may provide for a jury of any number less than twelve in courts not of record and for a verdict by nine or more jurors in civil cases in any court of record, and for the waiving of the jury in civil cases where the consent of the parties interested is given thereto.

Sec 22—In criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to appear and defend in person and by counsel to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him to have a copy thereof to testify in his own behalf, to meet the witnesses against him face to face, to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his own behalf, to have a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed and the right to appeal in all cases and, in no instance shall any accused person before final judgment be compelled to advance money or fees to secure the rights herein guaranteed.

Sec 23—No bill of attainder ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligations of contracts shall ever be passed.

Sec 24—The right of the individual citizen to bear arms in defense of himself or the state shall not be impaired but nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing individuals or corporations to organize maintain or employ an armed body of men.

Sec 25—Offenses heretofore required to be prosecuted by indictment may be prosecuted by information or by indictment, as shall be prescribed by law.

Sec 26—No grand jury shall be drawn or summoned in any county except the superior judge thereof shall so order.

Sec 27—Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against the state, or adhering to its enemies, or in giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act or confession in open court.

Sec 28—No hereditary emoluments, privileges or powers shall be granted or conferred in this state.

Sec 29—The provisions of this constitution are mandatory unless by express words they are declared to be otherwise.

Sec 30—The enumeration in this constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny others retained by the people.

Sec 31—No standing army shall be kept up by this state in time of peace and no soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of its owner, nor in time of war except in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec 32—A frequent recurrence to fundamental principles is essential to the security of individual right and the perpetuity of free government.

ARTICLE II.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

SECTION 1—The legislative powers shall be vested in a senate and house of representatives which shall be called the legislature of the state of Washington.

Sec 2—The house of representatives shall be composed of not less than sixty three nor more than ninety-nine members. The number of senators shall not be more than one half nor less than one third of the number of members of the house. The first legislature shall consist of seventy members of the house [illegible]

Sec 3—[illegible]

Sec 4—[illegible]

Sec 5—The next election of the members of the house of representatives after the adoption of this constitution shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 1890 and thereafter members of the house of representatives shall be elected biennially and their term of office shall be two years and each election shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November unless otherwise changed by law.

Sec 6—After the first election the senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient and contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the house of representatives are required to be elected and no representative district shall be divided in the formation of a senatorial district. They shall be elected for the term of four years, one half of their number retiring every two years. The senatorial districts shall be numbered consecutively, and the senators chosen at the first election had by virtue of this constitution, in the odd numbered districts, shall go out of office at the end of the first year, and the senators elected, in the even numbered districts, shall go out of office at the end of the third year.

Sec. 7.—No person shall be eligible to the legislature who shall not be a citizen of the United States and a qualified voter in the district for which he is chosen.

Sec. 8.—Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Sec 9—Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected expel a member, but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same offense.

Sec 10—Each house shall elect its own officers; and when the lieutenant governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as governor, the senate shall choose a temporary president. When presiding the lieutenant governor shall have the deciding vote in case of an equal division of the senate.

Sec 11—Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open, except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall adjourn for more than three days, nor to any place other than that in which they may be sitting, without the consent of the other.

Sec 12—The first legislature shall meet on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November, A. D., 1889. The second legislature shall meet on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January A. D. 1891 and sessions of legislature shall be held biennially thereafter, unless specially convened by the governor, but the times of meeting of subsequent sessions may be changed by the legislature. After the first legislature the sessions shall not be for more than sixty days.

Sec 13—No member of the legislature during the term for which he is elected, shall be appointed or elected to any civil office in the state, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

Sec 14—No person being a member of congress, or holding any civil or military office under the United States or any other power, shall be eligible to be a member of the legislature and if any person after his election as a member of the legislature, shall be elected to congress or be appointed to any other office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, or any other power his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat provided, that officers in the militia of the state who receive no annual salary, local officers and postmasters whose compensation does not exceed $300 per annum, shall not be ineligible.

Sec 15—The governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the legislature.

Sec 16—Members of the legislature shall be privileged from arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace they shall not be subject to any civil process during the session of the legislature nor for fifteen days next before the commencement of each session.

Sec 17—No member of the legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

Sec 18.—The style of the laws of the state shall be "Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Washington." And no law shall be enacted except by bill.

Sec 19—No bill shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

Sec 20—Any bill may originate in either house of the legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended in the other.

Sec 21—The yeas and nays of the members of either house shall be entered on the journal, on the demand of one-sixth of the members present.

Sec. 22.—No bill shall become a law unless on its final passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the members voting for and against the same be entered on the journal of each house, and a majority of the members elected to each house be recorded thereon as voting in its favor.

Sec 23.—Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services $5 for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature, on the most usual route.

Sec 24—The legislature shall never authorize any lottery or grant any divorce.

Sec 25—The legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer agent servant or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered or the contract entered into nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

Sec 26—The legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts suits may be brought against the state.

Sec 27—In all elections by the legislature the members shall vote viva voce and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

Sec 28—Special legislation.

The legislature is prohibited from enacting any private or special laws in the following cases:

1 For changing the names of persons, or constituting one person the heir at law of another.

2 For laying out opening or altering highways except in cases of state roads extending into more than one county and military roads to aid in the construction of which lands shall have been or may be granted by congress.

3 For authorizing persons to keep ferries wholly within this state.

4 For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability.

5 For the assessment or collection of taxes, or for extending the time for collection thereof.

6 For granting corporate powers or privileges.

7 For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund.

8 For incorporating any town or village or to amend the charter thereof.

9 From giving effect to invalid deeds, wills or other instruments.

10 Releasing or extinguishing in whole or in part the indebtedness liability or other obligation of any person, or corporation to this state, or to any municipal corporation therein.

11 Declaring any person of age or authorizing any minor to sell lease, or encumber his or her property.

12 Legalizing except as against the state, the unauthorized or invalid act of any officer.

13 Regulating the rates of interest on money.

14 Remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures.

15 Providing for the management of common schools.

16 Authorizing the adoption of children.

17 For limitation of civil or criminal actions.

18 Changing county lines, locating or changing county seats, provided, this shall not be construed to apply to the creation of new counties.

Sec 29—After the 1st day of January, 1890, the labor of convicts of this state shall not be let out by contract to any person, co-partnership company or corporation and the legislature shall by law provide for the working of convicts for the benefit of the state.

Sec 30—The offense of corrupt solicitation of members of the legislature, or of public officers of the state or any municipal division thereof, and any occupation or practice of solicitation of such members or officers to influence their official action shall be defined by law and shall be punished by fine and imprisonment. Any person may be compelled to testify in any lawful investigation or judicial proceeding against any person who may be charged with having committed the offense of bribery or corrupt solicitation, or practice of solicitation and shall not be permitted to withhold his testimony on the ground that it may criminate himself or subject him to public infamy, but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding—except for perjury in giving such testimony—and any person convicted of either of the offenses aforesaid shall as part of the punishment therefor, be disqualified from ever holding any position of honor trust or profit in this state. A member who has a private interest in any bill or measure proposed or pending before the legislature shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon.

Sec 31—No law, except appropriation bills shall take effect until ninety days after the adjournment of the session at which it was enacted, unless in case of an emergency (which emergency must be expressed in the preamble or in the body of the act) the legislature shall otherwise direct by a vote of two thirds of all the members elected to each house, said vote to be taken by yeas and nays and entered on the journals.

Sec 32—No bill shall become a law until the same shall have been signed by the presiding officer of each of the two houses in open session and under such rules as the legislature shall prescribe.

Sec 33—The ownership of lands by aliens other than those who in good faith have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States is prohibited in this state except where acquired by inheritance under mortgage or in good faith in the ordinary course of justice in the collection of debts and all conveyances of lands hereafter made to any alien directly or in trust for such alien shall be void. Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to lands containing valuable deposits of minerals metals iron coal or fire clay and the necessary land for mills and machinery to be used in the development thereof and the manufacture of the products therefrom. Every corporation the majority of the capital stock of which is owned by aliens shall be considered an alien for the purposes of this prohibition.

Sec 34—There shall be established in the office of secretary of state a bureau of statistics agriculture and immigration, under such regulations as the legislature may provide.

Sec 35—The legislature shall pass necessary laws for the protection of persons working in mines factories and other employments dangerous to life or deleterious to health and fix pains and penalties for the enforcement of same.

Sec 36—No bill shall be considered in either house unless the time of its introduction shall have been at least ten days before the final adjournment of the legislature unless the legislature shall otherwise direct by a vote of two thirds of all the members elected to each house said vote to be taken by yeas and nays and entered upon the journal or unless the same be at a special session.

Sec 37—No act shall ever be revised or amended by mere reference to its title but the act revised or the section amended shall be set forth at full length.

Sec 38—No amendment to any bill shall be allowed which shall change the scope and object of the bill.

Sec 39—It shall not be lawful for any person holding public office in this state to accept or use a pass or to purchase transportation from any railroad or other corporation other than as the same may be purchased by the general public and the legislature shall pass laws to enforce this provision.

ARTICLE III

THE EXECUTIVE

SECTION 1.—The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state treasurer auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, and a commissioner of public lands, who shall be severally chosen by the qualified electors of the state at the same time and place of voting as for the members of the legislature.

Sec 2—The supreme executive power of this state shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for a term of four years, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 3—The lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, and commissioner of public lands, shall hold their offices for four years respectively, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec 4—The returns of every election for the officers named in the first section of this article shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government by the returning officers, directed to the secretary of state, who shall deliver the same to the speaker of the house of representatives at the first meeting of the house thereafter, who shall open publish and declare the result thereof in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses. The person having the highest number of votes shall be duly declared elected and a certificate thereof shall be given to such person, signed by the presiding officers of both houses but if any two or more shall be highest and equal in votes for the same office, one of them shall be chosen by the joint vote of both houses. Contested elections for such officers shall be decided by the legislature in such manner as shall be determined by law. The terms of all officers named in section one of this article shall commence on the second Monday in January after their election until otherwise provided by law.

Sec 5—The governor may require information in writing from the officers of the state upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

Sec. 6. He shall communicate at every session by message to the legislature the condition of the affairs of the state and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient for their action.

Sec 7—He may on extraordinary occasions convene the legislature by proclamation in which shall be stated the purposes for which the legislature is convened.

Sec 8—He shall be commander in chief of the military in the state, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

Sec 9—The pardoning power shall be vested in the governor under such regulations and restrictions as may be prescribed by law.

Sec 10—In case of the removal, resignation death or disability of the governor the duties of the office shall devolve upon the lieutenant governor and in case of a vacancy in both the offices of governor and lieutenant governor, the duties of governor shall devolve upon the secretary of state who shall act as governor until the disability be removed or a governor be elected.

Sec 11 The governor shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, and shall report to the legislature at its next meeting each case of reprieve commutation or pardon granted and the reasons for granting the same and also the names of all persons in whose favor remission of fines and forfeitures shall have been made, and the several amounts remitted and the reasons for the remission.

Sec 12 Every act which shall have passed the legislature shall be, before it becomes a law, presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign it but if not he shall return it with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated which house shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider. If after such reconsideration two thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house by which it shall likewise be reconsidered and if approved by two thirds of the members present it shall become a law. But in all such cases the vote of both houses shall be determined by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered upon the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within five days, Sundays excepted, after it shall be presented to him it shall become a law without his signature, unless the general adjournment shall prevent its return, in which case it shall become a law unless the governor, within ten days next after the adjournment Sundays excepted, shall file such bill with his objections thereto in the office of the secretary of state, who shall lay the same before the legislature at its next session in like manner as if it had been returned by the governor. If any bill presented to the governor contain several sections or items, he may object to one or more sections or items while approving other portions of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill at the time of signing it, a statement of the section, or sections, item, or items to which he objects and the reasons therefor and the section or sections, item or items so objected to shall not take effect unless passed over the governor's objection as hereinbefore provided.

Sec 13—When, during a recess of the legislature a vacancy shall happen in any office the appointment to which is vested in the legislative assembly or when at any time a vacancy shall have occurred in any other state office for the filling of which vacancy no provision is made elsewhere in this constitution the governor shall fill such vacancies by appointment which shall expire when a successor shall have been elected and qualified.

Sec 14—The governor shall receive an annual salary of $4000 which may be increased by law but shall never exceed $6000 per annum.

Sec 15—All commissions shall issue in the name of the state, shall be signed by the governor, sealed with the seal of the state and attested by the secretary of state.

Sec 16—The lieutenant governor shall be presiding officer of the state senate and shall discharge such other duties as may be prescribed by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible] which may be increased by the legislature but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 17—The secretary of state shall keep a record of the official acts of the legislature and executive department of the state and shall when required lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the legislature, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible] which may be increased by the legislature but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 18 There shall be a seal of the state kept by the secretary of state for official purposes which shall be called "The seal of the state of Washington."

Sec 19—The treasurer shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible] which may be increased by the legislature but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 20—The auditor shall be auditor of public accounts and shall have such powers and perform such duties in connection therewith as may be prescribed by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible], which may be increased by the legislature but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 21 The attorney general shall be the legal adviser of the state officers and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible] which may be increased by the legislature but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 22 The superintendent of public instruction shall have supervision over all matters pertaining to public schools and shall perform such specific duties as may be prescribed by law. He shall receive an annual salary of $[illegible] which may be increased by law but shall never exceed $[illegible] per annum.

Sec 23 The commissioner of public lands shall perform such duties and receive such compensation as the legislature may direct.

Sec 24 The governor secretary of state treasurer auditor superintendent of public instruction commissioner of public lands and attorney general shall severally keep the public records books and papers relating to their respective offices at the seat of government at which place also the governor, secretary of state, treasurer and auditor shall reside.

Sec 25 No person except a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of this state shall be eligible to hold any state office and the state treasurer shall be ineligible for the term succeeding that for which he was elected. The compensation for state officers shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected. The legislature may in its discretion abolish the offices of the lieutenant governor, auditor and commissioner of public lands.

ARTICLE IV.

THE JUDICIARY

SECTION 1—The judicial power of the state shall be vested in a supreme court superior courts justices of the peace and such inferior courts as the legislature may provide.

Sec 2 The supreme court shall consist of five judges a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum and pronounce a decision. The said court shall always be open for the transaction of business except on non judicial days. In the determination of causes all decisions of the court shall be given in writing and the grounds of the decision shall be stated. The legislature may increase the number of judges of the supreme court from time to time and may provide for separate departments of said court.

Sec 3 The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the qualified electors of the state at large at the general state election at the times and places at which state officers are elected unless some other time be provided by the legislature. The first election of judges of the supreme court shall be at the election which shall be held upon the adoption of this constitution and the judges elected thereat shall be classified by lot so that two shall hold office for the term of three years, two for the term of five years and one for the term of seven years. [illegible] by the judges who shall for that purpose assemble at the seat of government, and they shall cause the result thereof to be certified to the secretary of state and filed in his office. [illegible] In case of the absence of the chief justice, the judge having in like manner the shortest term to serve shall preside. After the first election the terms of judges elected shall be six years from and after the second Monday in January next succeeding their election. If a vacancy occur in the office of a judge of the supreme court the governor shall appoint a person to hold the office until the election and qualification of a judge to fill the vacancy which election shall take place at the next succeeding general election, and the judge so elected shall hold the office for the remainder of the unexpired term. The term of office of the judges of the supreme court, first elected, shall commence as soon as the state shall have been admitted into the Union, and continue for the term herein provided, and until their successors are elected and qualified. The sessions of the supreme court shall be held at the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 4—The supreme court shall have original jurisdiction in habeas corpus and quo warranto and mandamus as to all state officers, and appellate jurisdiction in all actions and proceedings, excepting that its appellate jurisdiction shall not extend to civil actions at law for the recovery of money or personal property when the original amount in controversy, or the value of the property does not exceed the sum of $200, unless the action involves the legality of the tax impost, assessment, toll, municipal fine, or the validity of a statute. The supreme court shall also have power to issue writs of mandamus, review, prohibition, habeas corpus certiorari and all other writs necessary and proper to the complete exercise of its appellate and revisory jurisdiction. Each of the judges shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus to any part of the state upon petition by or on behalf of any person held in actual custody, and may make such writs returnable before himself, or before the supreme court, or before any superior court of the state or any judge thereof.

Sec 5—There shall be in each of the organized counties of this state a superior court for which at least one judge shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county at the general state election. Provided That until otherwise directed by the legislature one judge only shall be elected for the counties of Spokane and Stevens one judge for the county of Whitman, one judge for the counties of Lincoln, Okanogan Douglas and Adams, one judge for the counties of Walla Walla and Franklin one judge for the counties of Columbia Garfield and Asotin one judge for the counties of Kittitas Yakima and Klickitat, one judge for the counties of Clark Skamania, Pacific, Cowlitz and Wahkiakum, one judge for the counties of Thurston, Chehalis Mason and Lewis, one judge for the county of Pierce one judge for the county of King, one judge for the counties of Jefferson Island, Kitsap, San Juan and Clallam and one judge for the counties of Whatcom, Skagit and Snohomish. In any county where there may be more than one superior judge, there may be as many sessions of the superior court at the same time as there are judges thereof and whenever the governor shall direct a superior judge to hold court in any county other than that for which he has been elected there may be as many sessions of the superior court in said county at the same time as there are judges therein or assigned to duty therein by the governor and the business of the court shall be so distributed and assigned by law or in the absence of legislation therefor by such rules and orders of court as shall best promote and secure the convenient and expeditious transaction thereof. The judgments, decrees orders and proceedings of any session of the superior court held by any one or more of the judges of such court shall be equally effectual as if all the judges of said court presided at such session. The first superior judges elected under this constitution shall hold their offices for the period of three years, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified and thereafter the term of office of all superior judges in this state shall be for four years from the second Monday in January next succeeding their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. The first election of judges of the superior court shall be at the election held for the adoption of this constitution. If a vacancy occurs in the office of judge of the superior court the governor shall appoint a person to hold the office until the election and qualification of a judge to fill the vacancy which election shall be at the next succeeding general election and the judge so elected shall hold office for the remainder of the unexpired term.

Sec 6—The superior court shall have original jurisdiction in all cases in equity, and in all cases at law which involve the title or possession of real property or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll or municipal fine and in all other cases in which the demand or the value of the property in controversy amounts to $100, and in all criminal cases amounting to felony, and in all cases of misdemeanor not otherwise provided for by law of actions of forcible entry and detainer, of proceedings in insolvency of actions to prevent or abate a nuisance, of all matters of probate, divorce, and for annulment of marriage and of such special cases and proceedings as are not otherwise provided for. The superior court shall also have original jurisdiction in all cases and of all proceedings in which jurisdiction shall not have been by law vested exclusively in some other court and said court shall have the power of naturalization and to issue papers therefor. They shall have such appellate jurisdiction in cases arising in justices and other inferior courts in their respective counties as may be prescribed by law. They shall be always open except on non judicial days, and their process shall extend to all parts of the state. Said courts and their judges shall have power to issue writs of mandamus quo warranto review certiorari prohibition and writs of habeas corpus on petition by or on behalf of any person in actual custody in their respective counties. Injunctions and writs of prohibition and writs of habeas corpus may be issued and served on legal holidays and non judicial days.

Sec 7—The judge of any superior court may hold a superior court in any county at the request of the judge of the superior court thereof and upon the request of the governor it shall be his duty to do so. A case in the superior court may be tried by a judge pro tempore, who must be a member of the bar agreed upon in writing by the parties litigant, or their attorneys of record approved by the court and sworn to try the case.

Sec 8 Any judicial officer who shall absent himself from the state for more than sixty consecutive days shall be deemed to have forfeited his office. Provided That in cases of extreme necessity the governor may extend the leave of absence such time as he may deem necessary.

Sec 9—Any judge of any court of record the attorney general or any prosecuting attorney may be removed from office by joint resolution of the legislature in which three fourths of the members elected to each house shall concur, for incompetency, corruption malfeasance or delinquency in office or other sufficient causes stated in such resolution. [illegible] Such resolution shall be entered at length on the journal of both houses, and on the question of removal the ayes and nays shall also be entered on the journal.

Sec 10—The legislature shall determine the number of justices of the peace to be elected in incorporated cities or towns and in precincts, and shall prescribe by law the powers duties and jurisdiction of justices of the peace. Provided, That such jurisdiction granted by the legislature shall not trench upon the jurisdiction of superior or other courts of record except that justices of the peace may be made police justices of incorporated cities and towns. [illegible]

Sec 11 The supreme court and the superior courts shall be courts of record and the legislature shall have power to provide that any of the courts of this state excepting justices of the peace shall be courts of record.

Sec 12 The legislature shall prescribe by law the jurisdiction and powers of any of the inferior courts which may be established in pursuance of this constitution.

Sec 13 No judicial officer except court commissioners and unsalaried justices of the peace shall receive to his own use any fees or perquisites of office. The judges of the supreme court and judges of the superior courts shall severally at stated times during their continuance in office receive for their services the salaries prescribed by law therefor which shall not be increased after their election, nor during the term for which they shall have been elected. The salaries of the judges of the supreme court shall be paid by the state. One half of the salary of each of the superior court judges shall be paid by the state and the other one half by the county or counties for which he is elected. In cases where a judge is provided for more than one county that portion of his salary which is to be paid by the counties shall be apportioned between or among them according to the assessed value of their taxable property to be determined by the assessment next preceding the time for which such salary is to be paid.

Sec 14 Each of the judges of the supreme court shall receive an annual salary of $4000 each of the superior court judges shall receive an annual salary of $3000, which said salaries shall be payable quarterly. The legislature may increase the salaries of judges herein provided.

Sec 15 The judges of the supreme court and the judges of the superior courts shall be ineligible to any other office or public employment than a judicial office or employment during the term for which they shall have been elected.

Sec 16 Judges shall not charge juries with respect to matters of fact nor comment thereon, but shall declare the law.

Sec 17 No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of the supreme court or judge of a superior court unless he shall have been admitted to practice in the courts of record of this state or of the territory of Washington.

Sec 18 The judges of the supreme court shall appoint a reporter for the decisions of that court who shall be removable at their pleasure. He shall receive such annual salary as shall be prescribed by law.

Sec 19 No judge of a court of record shall practice law in any court of this state during his continuance in office.

Sec 20 Every cause submitted to a judge of a superior court for his decision shall be decided by him within ninety days from the submission thereof. Provided that if within said period of ninety days a rehearing shall have been ordered then the period within which he is to decide shall commence at the time the cause is resubmitted upon the rehearing.

Sec 21 The legislature shall provide for the speedy publication of opinions of the supreme court and all opinions shall be free for publication by any person.

Sec 22 [illegible] supreme court [illegible] shall be provided by law.

Sec 23 [illegible] and to take depositions and to perform such other business connected with the administration of justice as may be prescribed by law.

Sec 24 The judges of the superior courts shall from time to time establish uniform rules for the government of the superior courts.

Sec 25 Superior judges shall on or before the first day of November in each year report in writing to the judges of the supreme court such defects and omissions in the laws as their experience may suggest and the judges of the supreme court shall, on or before the first day of January in each year, report in writing to the governor such defects and omissions in the laws as they may believe to exist.

Sec 26—The county clerk shall be, by virtue of his office, clerk of the superior court.

Sec 27—The style of all process shall be "The State of Washington," and all prosecutions shall be conducted in its name and by its authority.

Sec 28—Every judge of the supreme court, and every judge of a superior court shall, before entering upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath that he will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of Washington, and will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of judge to the best of his ability, which oath shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

ARTICLE V.

IMPEACHMENT

SECTION 1—The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. The concurrence of a majority of all the members shall be necessary to an impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the senate, and, when sitting for that purpose, the senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law and evidence. When the governor or lieutenant governor is on trial, the chief justice of the supreme court shall preside. No person shall be convicted without a concurrence of two thirds of the senators elected.

Sec 2—The governor and other state and judicial officers, except judges and justices of courts not of record, shall be liable to impeachment for high crimes or misdemeanors or malfeasance in office, but judgment in such cases shall extend only to removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor trust or profit in the state. The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to prosecution trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

Sec 3—All officers not liable to impeachment shall be subject to removal for misconduct or malfeasance in office, in such manner as may be provided by law.

ARTICLE VI

ELECTIONS AND ELECTIVE RIGHTS

SECTION 1—All male persons of the age of 21 years or over possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections. They shall be citizens of the United States, provided that Indians not taxed shall never be allowed the elective franchise. Provided, further, that all male persons who at the time of the adoption of this constitution are qualified electors of the territory shall be electors. They shall have lived in the state one year and in the county ninety days and in the city, town, ward or precinct thirty days immediately preceding the election at which they offer to vote.

Sec 2—The legislature may provide that there shall be no denial of the elective franchise at any school election on account of sex.

Sec 3—All idiots insane persons, and persons convicted of infamous crimes unless restored to their civil rights, are excluded from the elective franchise.

Sec 4—For the purpose of voting and eligibility to office no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence or lost it by reason of his absence while in the civil or military service of the state or of the United States, nor while a student at any institution of learning, nor while kept at public expense in any poorhouse or other asylum, nor while confined in public prison nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of this state or of the United States or of the high seas.

Sec 5—Voters shall in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace be privileged from arrest during their attendance at elections and in going to and returning therefrom. No elector shall be required to do military duty on the day of any election except in time of war or public danger.

Sec 6—All elections shall be by ballot. The legislature shall provide for such method of voting as will secure to every elector absolute secrecy in preparing and depositing his ballot.

Sec 7—The legislature shall enact a registration law and shall require a compliance with such a law before any elector shall be allowed to vote, provided that this provision is not compulsory upon the legislature except as to cities and towns having a population of over 500 inhabitants. In all other cases the legislature may or may not require registration as a prerequisite to the right to vote, and the same system of registration need not be adopted for both classes.

Sec 8—The first election of county and district officers not otherwise provided for in this constitution shall be on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November 1890, and thereafter all elections for such officers shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first election of all state officers not otherwise provided for in this constitution after the election held for the adoption of this constitution shall be on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1892 and the elections for such state officers shall be held in every fourth year thereafter on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November.

ARTICLE VII.

REVENUE AND TAXATION

SECTION 1—All property in the state not exempt under the laws of the United States or under this constitution shall be taxed in proportion to its value to be ascertained as provided by law. The legislature shall provide by law for an annual tax sufficient with other sources of revenue to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each fiscal year. And for the purpose of paying the state debt if there be any the legislature shall provide for levying a tax annually sufficient to pay the annual interest and principal of such debt within twenty years from the final passage of the law creating the debt.

Sec 2—The legislature shall provide by law a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation on all property in the state according to its value in money and shall prescribe such regulations by general law as shall secure a just valuation for taxation of all property, so that every person and corporation shall pay a tax in proportion to the value of his, her or its property. Provided that a deduction of debts from credits may be authorized. Provided further that the property of the United States and of the state, counties, school districts and other municipal corporations and such other property as the legislature may by general laws provide shall be exempt from taxation.

Sec 3—The legislature shall provide by general law for the assessing and levying of taxes on all corporation property as near as may be by the same methods as are provided for the assessing and levying of taxes on individual property.

Sec 4 The power to tax corporations and corporate property shall not be surrendered or suspended by any contract or grant to which the state shall be a party.

Sec 5—No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of law and every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same, to which only it shall be applied.

Sec 6—All taxes levied and collected for state purposes shall be paid into the state treasury.

Sec 7—An accurate statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public moneys shall be published annually in such manner as the legislature may provide.

Sec 8—Whenever the expenses of any fiscal year shall exceed the income the legislature may provide for levying a tax for the ensuing fiscal year sufficient with other sources of income to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of the ensuing fiscal year.

Sec 9 The legislature may vest the corporate authorities of cities, towns and villages with power to make local improvements by special assessments or by special taxation of property benefited. For all corporate purposes, all municipal corporations may be vested with authority to assess and collect taxes and such taxes shall be uniform in respect to persons and property within the jurisdiction of the body levying the same.

ARTICLE VIII

STATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL INDEBTEDNESS

SECTION 1—The state may to meet casual deficits or failures in revenues or for expenses not provided for contract debts but such debts direct and contingent singly or in the aggregate shall not at any time exceed $400,000 and the moneys arising from the loans creating such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which they were obtained or to repay the debt so contracted and to no other purpose whatever.

Sec 2 In addition to the above limited power to contract debts the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection or to defend the state in war but the money arising from the contracting of such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised and to no other purpose whatever.

Sec 3—Except the debts specified in sections one and two of this article no debts shall hereafter be contracted by or on behalf of this state unless such debt shall be authorized by law for some single work or object to be distinctly specified therein which law shall provide ways and means exclusive of loans for the payment of the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within twenty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No such law shall take effect until it shall at a general election have been submitted to the people and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election and all moneys raised by authority of such law shall be applied only to the specific object therein stated [illegible] and such law shall be published in at least one newspaper in each county [illegible] throughout the state [illegible] next preceding the election at which it is submitted to the people.

Sec 4 No moneys shall ever be paid out of the treasury of this state or any of its funds or any of the funds under its management except in pursuance of an appropriation by law nor unless such payment be made within two years from the 1st day of May next after the passage of such appropriation act and every such law making a new appropriation or continuing or reviving an appropriation shall distinctly specify the sum appropriated and the object to which it is to be applied and it shall not be sufficient for such law to refer to any other law to fix such sum.

Sec 5 The credit of the state shall not in any manner be given or loaned to or in aid of any individual association company or corporation.

Sec 6 No county, city, town, school district or other municipal corporation shall for any purpose become indebted in any manner to an amount exceeding [illegible] of the taxable property in such county city town school district or other municipal corporation without the assent of three fifths of the voters therein voting at an election to be held for that purpose nor in cases requiring such assent shall the total indebtedness at any time exceed [illegible] the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness except that in incorporated cities the assessment shall be taken from the last assessment for city purposes. Provided that no part of the indebtedness allowed in this section, shall be incurred for any purpose other than strictly county, city, town, school district or other municipal purposes. Provided further, that any city or town with such assent may be allowed to become indebted to a larger amount, but not exceeding 5 per centum additional for supplying such city or town with water, artificial light and sewers when the works for supplying such water, light and sewers shall be owned and controlled by the municipality.

Sec 7—No county, city, town or other municipal corporation shall hereafter give any money or property or loan its money or credit to, or in aid of, any individual, association, company or corporation except for the necessary support of the poor and infirm or become directly or indirectly the owner of stock in, or bonds, of any association, company or corporation.

ARTICLE IX

EDUCATION

SECTION 1—It is the paramount duty of the state to make ample provision for the education of all children residing within its borders, without distinction or preference on account of race, color, caste or sex.

Sec 2—The legislature shall provide for a general and uniform system of public schools. The public school system may include common schools and such high schools, normal schools and technical schools as shall hereafter be established. But the entire revenue derived from the common school fund and the state tax for common schools shall be exclusively applied to the support of the common schools.

Sec 3—The principal of the common school fund shall remain permanent and irreducible. The said fund shall be derived from the following named sources to wit: Appropriations and donations by the state to this fund, donations and bequests by individuals to the state or public for common schools, the proceeds of lands and other property which revert to the state by escheat and forfeiture the proceeds of all property granted to the state when the purpose of the grant is not specified or is uncertain, funds accumulated in the treasury of the state for the disbursement of which provision has not been made by law, the proceeds of the sale of timber, stone, minerals or other property from school and state lands other than those granted for specific purposes, all moneys other than rental recovered from persons trespassing on said lands, 5 per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands lying within the state which shall be sold by the United States subsequent to the admission of the state into the Union as approved by section [illegible] of the act of congress enabling the admission of the state into the Union, the principal of all funds arising from the sale of lands and other property which have been and hereafter may be granted to the state for the support of common schools. The legislature may make further provision for enlarging said fund. The interest accruing on said fund together with all rentals and other revenues derived therefrom and from lands and other property devoted to the common school fund shall be exclusively applied to the current use of the common schools.

Sec 4—All schools maintained or supported wholly or in part by the public funds shall be forever free from sectarian control or influence.

Sec. 5—All losses to the permanent common school or any other state educational fund which shall be occasioned by defalcation, mismanagement or fraud of the agents or officers controlling or managing the same, shall be audited by the proper authorities of the state. The amount so audited shall be a permanent funded debt against the state in favor of the particular fund sustaining such loss upon which not less than 6 per cent annual interest shall be paid. The amount of liability so created shall not be counted as a part of the indebtedness authorized and limited elsewhere in this constitution.

ARTICLE X.

MILITIA

SECTION 1—All able bodied male citizens of this state between the ages of 18 and 45 years except such as are exempt by laws of the United States or by the laws of this state, shall be liable to military duty.

Sec 2—The legislature shall provide by law for organizing and disciplining the militia in such manner as it may deem expedient, not incompatible with the constitution and laws of the United States. Officers of the militia shall be elected or appointed in such manner as the legislature shall from time to time direct and shall be commissioned by the governor. The governor shall have power to call forth the militia to execute the laws of the state to suppress insurrection and repel invasion.

Sec 3—The legislature shall provide by law for the maintenance of a soldiers' home for honorably discharged Union soldiers sailors marines and members of the state militia disabled while in the line of duty and who are bona fide citizens of the state.

Sec 4—The legislature shall provide by law for the protection and safe keeping of the public arms.

Sec 5—The militia shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at musters and elections of officers, and in going to and returning from the same.

Sec 6 No person or persons, having conscientious scruples against bearing arms, shall be compelled to do militia duty in time of peace. Provided such person or persons shall pay an equivalent for such exemption.

ARTICLE XI

COUNTY, CITY AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION

SECTION 1—The several counties of the territory of Washington existing at the time of the adoption of this constitution are hereby recognized as legal subdivisions of this state.

Sec 2—No county seat shall be removed unless three fifths of the qualified electors of the county, voting on the proposition at a general election shall vote in favor of such removal, and three fifths of all votes cast on the proposition shall be required to relocate a county seat. A proposition of removal shall not be submitted in the same county more than once in four years.

Sec 3—No new counties shall be established which shall reduce any county to a population less than 4000, nor shall a new county be formed containing a less population than 2000. There shall be no territory stricken from any county unless a majority of the voters living in such territory shall petition therefor and then only under such other conditions as may be prescribed by a general law applicable to the whole state. Every county which shall be enlarged or created from territory taken from any other county or counties shall be liable for a just proportion of the existing debts and liabilities of the county or counties from which such territory shall be taken. [illegible] shall fall within the county [illegible] provided [illegible] this shall not be construed to affect the rights of creditors.

Sec 4 The legislature shall establish a system of county government which shall be uniform throughout the state and by general laws shall provide for township organization under which any county may organize whenever a majority of the qualified electors of such county voting at a general election shall so determine [illegible]

Sec 5 The legislature by general and uniform laws shall provide for the election in the several counties of boards of county commissioners, sheriffs, county clerks, treasurers, prosecuting attorneys and other county township or precinct and district officers as public convenience may require and shall prescribe their duties and fix their terms of office. [illegible]

Sec 6 The board of county commissioners in each county shall fill all vacancies [illegible]

Sec 7 No county officer shall be eligible to hold his office more than two terms in succession.

Sec 8—The legislature shall fix the compensation by salaries of all county officers [illegible]

Sec 9—[illegible]

Sec 10—[illegible] general law [illegible] proposed charter shall be published in two daily newspapers published in said city for at least thirty days prior to the day of submitting the same to the electors for their approval as above provided. All elections in this section authorized shall only be had upon notice which notice shall specify the object of calling such election, and shall be given for at least ten days before the day of election, in all election districts of said city. Said elections may be general or special elections, and except as herein provided shall be governed by the law regulating and controlling general or special elections in said city. Such charter may be amended by proposals therefor submitted by the legislative authority of such city to the electors thereof at any general election after notice of said submission published as above specified, and ratified by a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon. In submitting any such charter, or amendment thereto, any alternate article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

Sec. 11—Any county city, town or township may make and enforce within its limits all such local police sanitary and other regulations as are not in conflict with general laws.

Sec 12.—The legislature shall have no power to impose taxes upon counties, cities, towns, or other public or municipal corporations, or upon the inhabitants or property thereof, for county, city, town or other municipal purposes, but may, by general laws, vest in the corporate authorities thereof the power to assess and collect taxes for such purposes.

Sec 13—Private property shall not be taken or sold for the payment of the corporate debt of any public or municipal corporation, except in the mode provided by law for the levy and collection of taxes.

Sec 14—The making of profit out of county, city town or other public money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by any officer having the possession or control thereof shall be a felony and shall be prosecuted and punished as prescribed by law.

Sec 15—All moneys assessments and taxes belonging to or collected for the use of any county, city, town or other public or municipal corporation coming into the hands of any officer thereof, shall immediately be deposited with the treasurer or other legal depositary to the credit of such city town or other corporation respectively, for the benefit of the funds to which they belong.

ARTICLE XII.

CORPORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL

SECTION 1—Corporations may be formed under general laws but shall not be created by special acts. All laws relating to corporations may be altered amended or repealed by the legislature at any time and all corporations doing business in this state may, as to such business, be regulated, limited or restrained by law.

Sec 2.—All existing charters, franchises, special or exclusive privileges, under which an actual and bona fide organization shall not have taken place, and business been commenced in good faith, at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall thereafter have no validity.

Sec 3.—The legislature shall not extend any franchise or charter, nor remit the forfeiture of any franchise or charter of any corporation now existing, or which shall hereafter exist under the laws of this state.

Sec. 4—Each stockholder in all incorporated companies, except corporations organized for banking or insurance purposes, shall be jointly and severally liable for the debts of the corporation to the amount of his unpaid stock and no more and one or more stockholders may be joined as parties defendant in suits to recover upon this liability.

Sec 5.—The term corporations, as used in this article, shall be construed to include all associations and joint stock companies having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships, and all corporations shall have the right to sue and shall be subject to be sued, in all courts, in like cases as natural persons.

Sec 6—Corporations shall not issue stock, except to bona fide subscribers therefor, or their assignees, nor shall any corporation issue any bond, or other obligation, for the payment of money, except for money or property received or labor done. The stock of corporations shall not be increased, except in pursuance of a general law, nor shall any law authorize the increase of stock without the consent of the person or persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock nor without due notice of the proposed increase having been previously given in such manner as may be prescribed by law. All fictitious increase of stock or indebtedness shall be void.

Sec 7—No corporation organized outside the limits of this state shall be allowed to transact business within the state on more favorable conditions than are prescribed by law to similar corporations organized under the laws of this state.

Sec 8—No corporation shall lease or alienate any franchise, so as to relieve the franchise or property held thereunder from the liabilities of the lessor, or grantor lessee, or grantee, contracted or incurred in the operation, use or enjoyment of such franchise or any of its privileges.

Sec 9—The state shall not in any manner loan its credit, nor shall it subscribe to or be interested in the stock of any company, association or corporation.

Sec 10—The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be so abridged or construed as to prevent the legislature from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals.

Sec 11.—No corporation, association or individual shall issue or put in circulation as money anything but the lawful money of the United States. Each stockholder of any banking or insurance corporation or joint stock association, shall be individually and personally liable, equally and ratably, and not one for another, for all contracts debts and engagements of such corporation or association accruing while they remain such stockholders, to the extent of the amount of their stock therein at the par value thereof in addition to the amount invested in such shares.

Sec 12—Any president, director, manager, cashier, or other officer of any banking institution who shall receive or assent to the reception of deposits after he shall have knowledge of the fact that such banking institution is insolvent or in failing circumstances shall be individually responsible for such deposits so received.

Sec 13—All railroad, canal and other transportation companies are declared to be common carriers and subject to legislative control. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose, under the laws of this state, shall have the right to connect at the state line with the railroads of other states. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road, whether the same be now constructed or may hereafter be constructed, to intersect cross or connect with any other railroad and when such railroads are of the same or similar gauge they shall at all crossings and at all points where a railroad shall begin or terminate at or near any other railroad, form proper connections so that the cars of any such railroad companies may be speedily transferred from one railroad to another. All railroad companies shall receive and transport each the other's passengers, tonnage and cars without delay or discrimination.

Sec 14—No railroad company, or other common carrier shall combine or make any contract with the owners of any vessel that leaves port or makes port in this state or with any common carrier, by which combination or contract the earnings of one doing the carrying are to be shared by the other not doing the carrying.

Sec. 15—No discrimination in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made by any railroad or other transportation company between places or persons or in the facilities for the transportation of the same classes of freight or passengers within the state or coming from or going to any other state. Persons and property transported over any railroad or by any other transportation company or individual shall be delivered at any station landing or port at charges not exceeding the charges for the transportation of persons and property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station, port or landing. Excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special rates.

Sec 16—No railroad corporation shall consolidate its stock property or franchises with any other railroad corporation owning a competing line.

Sec 17—The rolling stock and other movable property belonging to any railroad company or corporation in this state, shall be considered personal property and shall be liable to taxation and to sale on execution in the same manner as the personal property of individuals and such property shall not be exempted from execution and sale.

Sec 18—The legislature shall pass laws establishing reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight, and to correct abuses and prevent discrimination and extortion in the rates of freight and passenger tariffs on the different railroads and other common carriers in the state, and shall enforce such laws by adequate penalties. A railroad and transportation commission may be established and its powers and duties fully defined by law.

Sec 19—Any association or corporation, or the lessees or managers thereof organized for the purpose or any individual, shall have the right to construct and maintain lines of telegraph and telephone within this state, and said companies shall receive and transmit each other's messages without delay or discrimination and all of such companies are hereby declared to be common carriers and subject to legislative control. Railroad corporations organized or doing business in this state shall allow telegraph and telephone corporations and companies to construct and maintain telegraph lines on and along the rights of way of such railroads and railroad companies, and no railroad corporation organized or doing business in this state shall allow any telegraph corporation or company any facilities privileges or rates for transportation of men or material or for repairing their lines not allowed to all telegraph companies. The right of eminent domain is hereby extended to all telegraph and telephone companies. The legislature shall by general law of uniform operation provide reasonable regulations to give effect to this section.

Sec 20—No railroad or other transportation company shall grant free passes or sell tickets or passes [illegible] to any member of the legislature or any person holding any public office within this state. The legislature shall pass laws to carry this section into effect.

Sec 21—[illegible] companies, now or hereafter [illegible] in this state shall [illegible] organized or doing [illegible] transportation over all lines [illegible] operated by such railroad [illegible] with any other [illegible] railroad corporation or [illegible] business in this state shall allow [illegible] company any facilities [illegible] transportation of men [illegible] by them or for [illegible] express companies [illegible] companies.

Sec 22—Monopolies and trusts shall never be allowed in this state and no incorporated company, copartnership or association of persons in this state shall directly or indirectly combine or make any contract with any other incorporated company, foreign or domestic, through their stockholders or the trustees or assignees of such stockholders or with any copartnership or association of persons, or in any manner whatever for the purpose of fixing the price or limiting the production or regulating the transportation of any product or commodity. The legislature shall pass laws for the enforcement of this section by adequate penalties, and in case of incorporated companies if necessary for that purpo [illegible] of their franchises.

ARTICLE XIII.

[illegible] AND PUBLIC IN

SECTION 1. Educational reformator [illegible] for the benefit of [illegible] defective youth [illegible] such other institutions [illegible] require shall be f [illegible] by the state subject to such [illegible] by law. The re [illegible] of all such [illegible] the time of the adoption [illegible] as shall there [illegible] shall be appointed [illegible] with the advice and co [illegible] all nominations m [illegible] the question shall be ta [illegible] be entered upon the [illegible] All state institutions and [illegible] not provided for [illegible] time of the adoption of this consti [illegible] unless otherwise provided by law.

ARTICLE XIV

STATE SEAL

The seal of the state of Washingt [illegible] with the words [illegible] the state of Washington with the [illegible] General George Washington as the ce [illegible] and beneath the vignette the figures

ARTICLE XV.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT

SECTION 1. The legislature shall h [illegible] to change or to locate the seat of go [illegible] the state but the question of the p [illegible] cation of the seat of government [illegible] be submitted to the qualified e [illegible] territory at the general election to b [illegible] first Tuesday in October, 1889. A m [illegible] the votes cast at said election, upo [illegible] shall be necessary to determi [illegible] permanent location of the seat of governm [illegible] state and no place shall ever be th [illegible] which shall not receive a [illegible] cast on the matter. In ca [illegible] no choice of location at said first [illegible] legislature shall, at its first regular [illegible] the adoption of this constitution pr [illegible] submitting to the qualified electors o [illegible] the next succeeding general electi [illegible] the question of choice of location [illegible] three places for which the highes [illegible] votes shall have been cast at the sa [illegible] Said legislature shall provide [illegible] that in case there shall be no choice o [illegible] said second election the question [illegible] tween the two places for which the [illegible] of votes shall have been cast, s [illegible] submitted in like manner to the qualif [illegible] the state at the next ensuing gen [illegible] Provided that until the seat of gove [illegible] have been permanently located as [illegible] the temporary location ther [illegible] remain at the city of Olympia.

Sec 2. When the seat of gove [illegible] located as herein provid [illegible] the location thereof shall not thereafter be [illegible] except by a vote of two-thirds of al [illegible] electors of the state voting on that [illegible] general election at which the ques [illegible] tion of the seat of government sha [illegible] submitted by the legislature.

Sec 3. The legislature shall have [illegible] by law such means or make s [illegible] from the state treasury for re [illegible] largement of the capitol or other s [illegible] as shall be deemed necess [illegible] for the use of the executive or legislat [illegible] departments of the state and to sub [illegible] until the seat of governm [illegible] permanently fixed and the public bu [illegible] thereon in pursuance of law.

ARTICLE XVI

HARBORS AND TIDE WAT

SECTION 1—The legislature sha [illegible] the appointment of a commission [illegible] shall be to locate and establish h [illegible] the navigable waters that lie with [illegible] of the corporate limits of any city, [illegible] mile thereof upon either side. Eac [illegible] shall be so located and established [illegible] where such lines shall be located [illegible] shall not be less than twenty four [illegible] ordinary low tide. The state shall [illegible] or lease to any private person, cor [illegible] any rights whatever in [illegible] beyond such harbor lines, nor shall [illegible] lying between any harbor line an [illegible] ordinary high tide and within not [illegible] feet nor more than [illegible] feet of such harbor lines (as th [illegible] shall determine) be sold or grante [illegible] nor its right to control the same [illegible] but such area shall be forever res [illegible] ings wharves streets and other c [illegible] navigation and commerce.

Sec 2—The legislature shall p [illegible] laws for the leasing of the rig [illegible] maintain wharves docks and o [illegible] upon the areas mentioned in s [illegible] article but no lease shall be mad [illegible] longer than thirty years or the [illegible] provide by general laws for the [illegible] maintaining upon such area wha [illegible] other structures.

Sec 3—Municipal corporations [illegible] right to extend their streets over [illegible] lands to the area reserved as herei

ARTICLE XVII

SCHOOL AND GRANTED L

SECTION 1.—All the public land [illegible] state are held in trust for all the p [illegible] of such lands, nor any estate or [illegible] shall ever be disposed of, unless [illegible] value of the estate or interests d [illegible] ascertained in such manner as [illegible] by law be paid or safely secured [illegible] shall any lands which the state [illegible] from the United States (in any c [illegible] manner of disposal and minimu [illegible] prescribed) be disposed of excep [illegible] and for at least the price prescri [illegible] thereof without the consent of t

Sec. 2—None of the lands gra [illegible] for educational purposes shall [illegible] than at public auction to the hig [illegible] the value thereof less the improv [illegible] appraised by a board of appraise [illegible] by law the terms of payment als [illegible] by law, and no sale shall be valid [illegible] bid be equal to the appraised va [illegible] In estimating the value of such [illegible] the value of the improvements [illegible] excluded, provided that the sale [illegible] university land heretofore made [illegible] sioners of any county or the un [illegible] sioners when the purchase price [illegible] good faith, may be confirmed by

Sec 3. Not more than one [illegible] granted to the state for educatio [illegible] be sold prior to January 1 1895 a [illegible] one-half prior to January 1, 19 [illegible] nothing herein shall be so con [illegible] the state from selling the tim [illegible] any of the state lands in such m [illegible] terms as may be prescribed by [illegible] further, that no sale of timber [illegible] unless the full value of such [illegible] secured to the state.

Sec 4. Not more than one h [illegible] (160) acres of any granted land [illegible] be offered for sale in one par [illegible] within the limits of any inc [illegible] within two miles of the bound [illegible] rated city, where the valuation [illegible] be found by appraisement to ex [illegible] shall before the same be sold [illegible] and blocks of not more than fi [illegible] and not more than one block [illegible] sale in one parcel.

Sec 5. None of the permane [illegible] fund [illegible] be loaned to [illegible] corporations but it may be in [illegible] state county or municipal bon

ARTICLE XV

TIDE LANDS

SECTION 1. The state of Wash [illegible] ownership to the beds and shor [illegible] waters in the state up to and [illegible] of ordinary high tide in wate [illegible] ebbs and flows and up to and [illegible] ordinary high water within [illegible] navigable rivers and lakes. [illegible] person from asserting his clai [illegible] in the courts of the state.

Sec 2—The state of Washington [illegible] right and claim to tide, swam [illegible] lands patented by the United [illegible] but is not impeached for fra

ARTICLE X

HOMESTEADS AND EXEMP

SECTION 1. The legislature sh [illegible] from forced sale a certain po [illegible] stead and other property of al

ARTICLE

PUBLIC HEALTH AND VIT

SECTION 1—There shall be e [illegible] state board of health, and a [illegible] tistics in connection therewith [illegible] as the legislature may direct.

Sec 2—The legislature shal [illegible] late the practice of medicin [illegible] the sale of drugs and medicin

ARTICLE

WATER AND WATER

SECTION 1.—The use of the [illegible] for irrigation, mining and [illegible] poses shall be deemed a publ

ARTICLE

LEGISLATIVE APPO

SECTION 1.—Until otherwi [illegible] the state shall be divided i [illegible] senatorial districts, and sai [illegible] constituted and numbered [illegible] counties of Stevens and Spok [illegible] the First district, and be ent [illegible] the county of Spokane sha [illegible] ond district, and be entitle [illegible] the county of Lincoln shall [illegible] district, and be entitled [illegible] counties of Okanogan, [illegible] Franklin shall constitute the [illegible] be entitled to one senator, [illegible] man shall constitute the Fif [illegible] titled to three senators; the [illegible] and Asotin shall constitute [illegible] be entitled to one senator; t [illegible] bia shall constitute the Sev [illegible] entitled to one senator; [illegible] Walla shall constitute the [illegible] entitled to two senators; th [illegible] and Douglas shall constitu [illegible] and be entitled to one se [illegible] Kittitas shall constitute the [illegible] entitled to one senator, the

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ARTICLE XIII.

STATE INSTITUTIONS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

SECTION 1.—Educational, reformatory and penal institutions; those for the benefit of blind, deaf, dumb, or otherwise defective youth; for the insane or idiotic, and such other institutions as the public good may require, shall be fostered and supported by the state, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law. The regents, trustees, or commissioners of all such institutions existing at the time of the adoption of this constitution, and of such as shall thereafter be established by law, shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate; and upon all nominations made by the governor, the question shall be taken by the yeas and nays, and entered upon the journal.

Sec. 2.—All state institutions and public buildings of the state, not provided for by law at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be located at the permanent seat of government, unless otherwise provided by law.

ARTICLE XIV.

THE STATE SEAL.

The seal of the state of Washington shall be a seal encircled with the words, "The Seal of the State of Washington," with the vignette of General George Washington as the central figure, and beneath the vignette the figures, "1889."

ARTICLE XV.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

SECTION 1.—The legislature shall have no power to change, or to locate the seat of government of this state; but the question of the permanent location of the seat of government for the state shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the territory, at the general election to be held on the first Tuesday in October, 1889. A majority of all the votes cast at said election, upon said question, shall be necessary to determine the permanent location of the seat of government for the state; and no place shall ever be the seat of government which shall not receive a majority of the votes cast on the matter. In case there shall be no choice of location at said first election, the legislature shall, at its first regular session after the adoption of this constitution, provide for submitting to the qualified electors of the state, at the next succeeding general election thereafter the question of choice of location between the three places for which the highest number of votes shall have been cast at the said first election. Said legislature shall provide further that in case there shall be no choice of location at said second election, the question of choice between the two places for which the highest number of votes shall have been cast, shall be submitted in like manner to the qualified electors of the state at the next ensuing general election; provided, that until the seat of government shall have been permanently located as herein provided, the temporary location thereof shall remain at the city of Olympia.

Sec. 2.—When the seat of government shall have been located as herein provided, the location thereof shall not thereafter be changed, except by a vote of two-thirds of all the qualified electors of the state, voting on that question, at a general election, at which the question of location of the seat of government shall have been submitted by the legislature.

Sec. 3.—The legislature shall have power to provide by law such means or make such appropriations from the state treasury, for repairs and enlargement of the capitol, or other state buildings at Olympia, as shall be deemed necessary and proper for the use of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state and to subserve the public good, until the seat of government is permanently fixed and the public buildings erected thereat in pursuance of law.

ARTICLE XVI.

HARBORS AND TIDE WATERS.

SECTION 1.—The legislature shall provide for the appointment of a commission whose duty it shall be to locate and establish harbor lines in the navigable waters that lie within or in front of the corporate lines of any city, or within one mile thereof upon either side. Such harbor lines shall be so located and established that the water where such lines shall be located and established shall not be less than twenty-four feet deep at ordinary low tide. The state shall never give, sell or lease to any private person, corporation or association any rights whatever in the waters beyond such harbor lines, nor shall any of the area lying between any harbor line and the line of ordinary high tide and within not less than fifty feet nor more than six hundred feet of such harbor lines (as the commission shall determine) be sold or granted by the state nor its right to control the same relinquished, but such area shall be forever reserved for landings, wharves, streets and other conveniences of navigation and commerce.

Sec. 2.—The legislature shall provide general laws for the leasing of the right to build and maintain wharves, docks and other structures upon the areas mentioned in section 1 of this article, but no lease shall be made for any term longer than thirty years; or the legislature may provide by general laws for the building and maintaining upon such area wharves, docks and other structures.

Sec. 3.—Municipal corporations shall have the right to extend their streets over intervening tide lands to the area reserved as herein provided.

ARTICLE XVII.

SCHOOL AND GRANTED LANDS.

SECTION 1.—All the public lands granted to the state are held in trust for all the people and none of such lands, nor any estate or interest therein shall ever be disposed of, unless the full market value of the estate or interests disposed of to be ascertained in such manner as may be provided by law, be paid or safely secured to the state; nor shall any lands which the state holds by grant from the United States (in any case in which the manner of disposal and minimum price are so prescribed) be disposed of except in the manner and for at least the price prescribed in the grant thereof without the consent of the United States.

Sec. 2.—None of the lands granted to the state for educational purposes shall be sold otherwise than at public auction to the highest bidder after the value thereof less the improvements, shall be appraised by a board of appraisers to be provided by law, the terms of payment also to be prescribed by law, and no sale shall be valid unless the sum bid be equal to the appraised value of said land. In estimating the value of such lands for disposal the value of the improvements thereon shall be excluded, provided that the sale of all school and university land heretofore made by the commissioners of any county or the university commissioners when the purchase price has been paid in good faith, may be confirmed by the legislature.

Sec. 3.—Not more than one-fourth of the land granted to the state for educational purposes shall be sold prior to January 1, 1895, and not more than one-half prior to January 1, 1905, provided that nothing herein shall be so construed to prevent the state from selling the timber or stone off of any of the state lands in such manner and on such terms as may be prescribed by law, and provided, further, that no sale of timber lands shall be valid unless the full value of such lands is paid or secured to the state.

Sec. 4.—Not more than one hundred and sixty (160) acres of any granted lands of the state shall be offered for sale in one parcel, and all lands within the limits of any incorporated city or within two miles of the boundary of any incorporated city where the valuation of such land shall be found by appraisement to exceed $100 per acre shall before the same be sold be platted into lots and blocks of not more than five acres in a block, and not more than one block shall be offered for sale in one parcel.

Sec. 5.—None of the permanent common school fund shall ever be loaned to private persons or corporations, but it may be invested in national, state, county or municipal bonds.

ARTICLE XVIII.

TIDE LANDS.

SECTION 1.—The state of Washington asserts its ownership to the beds and shores of all navigable waters in the state up to and including the line of ordinary high tide in waters where the tide ebbs and flows, and up to and including the line of ordinary high water within the banks of all navigable rivers and lakes; provided, that this section shall not be construed so as to debar any person from asserting his claim to vested rights in the courts of the state.

Sec. 2.—The state of Washington disclaims title in and claim to tide, swamp and overflowed lands patented by the United States, provided the same is not impeached for fraud.

ARTICLE XIX.

HOMESTEADS AND PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS.

SECTION 1. The legislature shall protect, by law, from forced sale a certain portion of the homestead and other property of all heads of families.

ARTICLE XX.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

SECTION 1.—There shall be established by law a state board of health, and a bureau of vital statistics in connection therewith, with such powers as the legislature may direct.

Sec. 2.—The legislature shall enact laws to regulate the practice of medicine and surgery, and the sale of drugs and medicines.

ARTICLE XXI.

WATER AND WATER RIGHTS.

SECTION 1.—The use of the waters of this state for irrigation, mining and manufacturing purposes shall be deemed a public use.

ARTICLE XXII.

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

SECTION 1.—Until otherwise provided by law, the state shall be divided into twenty-four (24) senatorial districts, and said districts shall be constituted and numbered as follows: The counties of Stevens and Spokane shall constitute the First district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Spokane shall constitute the Second district, and be entitled to three senators; the county of Lincoln shall constitute the Third district, and be entitled to one senator; the counties of Okanogan, Lincoln, Adams and Franklin shall constitute the Fourth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Whitman shall constitute the Fifth district, and be entitled to three senators; the counties of Garfield and Asotin shall constitute the Sixth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Columbia shall constitute the Seventh district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Walla Walla shall constitute the Eighth district, and be entitled to two senators; the counties of Yakima and Douglas shall constitute the Ninth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Kittitass shall constitute the Tenth district, and be entitled to one senator; the counties of Klickitat and Skamania shall constitute the Eleventh district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Clarke shall constitute the Twelfth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Cowlitz shall constitute the Thirteenth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Lewis shall constitute the Fourteenth district, and be entitled to one senator, the counties of Pacific and Wahkiakum shall constitute the Fifteenth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Thurston shall constitute the sixteenth district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Chehalis shall constitute the seventeenth district, and be entitled to one senator, the county of Pierce shall constitute the eighteenth district, and be entitled to three senators; the county of King shall constitute the nineteenth district, and be entitled to five senators; the counties of Mason and Kitsap shall constitute the twentieth district, and be entitled to one senator; the counties of Jefferson, Clallam and San Juan shall constitute the twenty-first district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Snohomish shall constitute the twenty-second district, and be entitled to one senator; the counties of Skagit and Island shall constitute the twenty-third district, and be entitled to one senator; the county of Whatcom shall constitute the twenty-fourth district, and be entitled to one senator.

Sec. 2.—Until otherwise provided by law the representatives shall be divided among the several counties of the state in the following manner. The county of Adams shall have one representative; the county of Asotin shall have one representative; the county of Chehalis shall have two representatives; the county of Clarke shall have three representatives; the county of Clallam shall have one representative; the county of Columbia shall have two representatives; the county of Cowlitz shall have one representative; the county of Douglas shall have one representative; the county of Franklin shall have one representative, the county of Garfield shall have one representative; the county of Island shall have one representative; the county of Jefferson shall have two representatives, the county of King shall have eight representatives; the county of Klickitat shall have two representatives; the county of Kittitass shall have two representatives; the county of Kitsap shall have one representative; the county of Lewis shall have two representatives; the county of Lincoln shall have two representatives, the county of Mason shall have one representative, the county of Okanogan shall have one representative, the county of Pacific shall have one representative; the county of Pierce shall have six representatives; the county of San Juan shall have one representative; the county of Skamania shall have one representative; the county of Snohomish shall have two representatives; the county of Skagit shall have two representatives; the county of Spokane shall have six representatives, the county of Stevens shall have one representative; the county of Thurston shall have two representatives; the county of Walla Walla shall have three representatives; the county of Wahkiakum shall have one representative; the county of Whatcom shall have two representatives; the county of Whitman shall have five representatives, the county of Yakima shall have one representative.

ARTICLE XXIII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1.—Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in either branch of the legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the ayes and noes thereon, and be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for their approval, at the next general election and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, by a majority of the electors voting thereon, the same shall become part of this constitution, and proclamation thereof shall be made by the governor. Provided, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such a manner that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately. The legislature shall also cause the amendments that are to be submitted to the people to be published for at least three months next preceding the election in some weekly newspaper in every county where a newspaper is published throughout the state.

Sec. 2.—Whenever two-thirds of the members elected to each branch of the legislature shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or amend this constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next general election, for or against a convention, and if a majority of all the electors voting at said election shall have voted for a convention, the legislature shall, at the next session, provide by law for calling the same; and such convention shall consist of a number of members, not less than that of the most numerous branch of the legislature.

Sec. 3.—Any constitution adopted by such convention shall have no validity until it has been submitted to and adopted by the people.

ARTICLE XXIV.

BOUNDARIES.

The boundaries of the state of Washington shall be as follows: Beginning at a point in the Pacific ocean one marine league due west of and opposite the middle of the mouth of the north ship channel of the Columbia river; thence running easterly to and up the middle channel of said river, and where it is divided by islands up the middle of the widest channel thereof to where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude crosses said river, near the mouth of the Walla Walla river; thence east on said forty-sixth parallel of latitude to the middle of the main channel of the Shoshone or Snake river; thence follow down the middle of the main channel of Snake river to a point opposite the mouth of the Kooskooskia or Clear Water river; thence due north to the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude; thence west along said forty-ninth parallel of north latitude to the middle of the channel which separates Vancouver's Island from the continent, that is to say to a point in longitude 123 degrees, 19 minutes and 15 seconds west; thence following the boundary line between the United States and British possessions through the channel which separates Vancouver's Island from the continent to the termination of the boundary line between the United States and British possessions at a point in the Pacific ocean equi-distant between Bonnilla point on Vancouver's island and Tatoosh island lighthouse: thence running in a southerly course and parallel with the coast line, keeping one marine league off shore to place of beginning.

ARTICLE XXV.

CESSION OF JURISDICTION.

SECTION 1.—The consent of the state of Washington is hereby given to the exercise by the congress of the United States, of exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such tracts or parcels of land as are now held or reserved by the government of the United States for the purpose of erecting or maintaining thereon forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, light-houses, and other needful buildings, in accordance with the provisions of the seventeenth paragraph of the eighth section of the first article of the constitution of the United States, so long as the same shall be held and reserved by the United States; provided that a sufficient description by metes and bounds and an accurate plat or map of such tract or parcel of land be filed in the proper office of record in the county in which the same is situated, together with copies of the orders, deeds, patents or other evidence in writing of the title of the United States; and provided, that all civil process issued from the courts of this state and such criminal process as may issue under the authority of this state against any person charged with crime in cases arising outside of such reservations, may be served and executed thereon in the same mode and manner and by the same officer, as if the consent herein given had not been made.

ARTICLE XXVI.

COMPACT WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The following ordinance shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of this state:

First—That perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and that no inhabitant of this state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Second—That the people inhabiting this state do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within the boundaries of this state, and to all lands lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes; and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States, the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and said Indian lands shall remain under the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States, and that the lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the limits of this state shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands belonging to residents thereof; and that no taxes shall be imposed by the state on lands or property therein belonging to or which may be hereafter purchased by the United States or reserved for its use; provided, that nothing in this ordinance shall preclude the state from taxing as other lands are taxed any lands owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations, and has obtained from the United States or from any person a title thereto by patent or other grant, save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any act of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation, which exemption shall continue so long and to such extent as such act of congress may prescribe.

Third—The debts and liabilities of the territory of Washington and payment of the same are hereby assumed by the state.

Fourth—Provision shall be made for the establishment and maintenance of systems of public schools, free from sectarian control, which shall be open to all the children of said state.

ARTICLE XXVII.

SCHEDULE.

In order that no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a state government, it is hereby declared and ordained as follows:

SECTION 1.—No existing rights, actions, suits, proceedings, contracts or claims shall be affected by a change in the form of government, but all shall continue as if no such change had taken place; all processes which may have been issued under the authority of the territory of Washington previous to its admission into the Union shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the state.

Sec. 2.—All laws now in force in the territory of Washington which are not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation or are altered or repealed by the legislature, provided that this section shall not be so construed as to validate any act of the legislature of Washington territory granting shore or tide lands to any person, company, or any municipal or private corporation.

Sec. 3.—All debts, fines, penalties and forfeitures which have accrued or may hereafter accrue to the territory of Washington shall inure to the state of Washington.

Sec. 4.—All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from a territorial to a state government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to and may be prosecuted in the name of the state, and all bonds executed to the territory of Washington or to any county or municipal corporation, or to any officer or court in his or its official capacity, shall pass to the state authorities and their successors in office for the uses therein expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly, and all the estate, real, personal and mixed, and all judgments, decrees, bonds, specialties, choses in actions and claims or debts of whatever description belonging to the territory of Washington, shall inure to and vest in the state of Washington, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent by the state of Washington as the same could have been by the territory of Washington.

Sec. 5.—All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a territorial to a state government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the state. All offenses committed against the law of the territory of Washington before the change from a territorial to a state government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the state of Washington, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity which may be pending in any of the courts of the territory of Washington at the time of the change from a territorial to a state government, shall be continued and transferred to the court of the state having jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

Sec. 6.—All officers now holding their offices under the the authority of the United States or of the territory of Washington, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the state.

Sec. 7.—All officers provided for in this constitution, including a county clerk in each county, when no other time is fixed for their election, shall be elected at the election to be held for the adoption of this constitution on the first Tuesday of October, 1889.

Sec. 8.—Whenever the judge of the superior court of any county, elected or appointed under the provisions of the constitution, shall have qualified, the several causes then pending in the district court of the territory, except such causes as would have been within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States district court had such court existed at the time of the commencement of such causes within such county, and the records, papers and proceedings of said district court, and seal and other property pertaining thereto, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the superior court for such county, and where the same judge is elected for two or more counties it shall be the duty of the clerk of the district court, having custody of such papers and records to transmit to the clerk of such county or counties, other than that in which such records are kept the original papers in all cases pending in such district, court and belonging to the jurisdiction of said county or counties, together with a transcript of so much of the records of said district court as relate to the same, and until the district courts of the territory shall be superseded in manner aforesaid, the said district courts and the judges thereof shall continue with the same jurisdiction and powers to be exercised in the same judicial districts respectively, as heretofore constituted under the laws of the territory. Whenever a quorum of the judges of the supreme court of the state shall have been elected and qualified, the causes then pending in the supreme court of the territory, except such causes as would have been within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States circuit court had such a court existed at the time of the commencement of such causes, and the papers, records and proceedings of said court and the seal and other property pertaining thereto shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the supreme court of the state; and until so superseded the supreme court of the territory and the judges thereof shall continue with like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted.

Sec. 9.—Until otherwise provided by law the seal now in use in the supreme court of the territory shall be the seal of the supreme court of the state. The seal of the superior courts of the several counties of the state shall be, until otherwise provided by law, the vignette of General George Washington, with the words "Seal of the superior court of —— county," surrounding the vignette. The seals of the various municipal and county officers of the territory shall be the seals of such municipal and county officers respectively, under the state, until otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 10.—When the state is admitted into the Union, and the superior courts in the respective counties are organized, the books, records, papers and proceedings of the probate court in each county, and all causes and matters of administration pending therein shall, upon expiration of the term of office of the probate judge, on the second Monday in January, 1891, pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the superior court of the same county created by this constitution, and the said court shall proceed to final judgment or decree, order or other determination in the several matters and causes as the territorial probate court might have done if this constitution had not been adopted; and until the expiration of the term of office of the probate judges such probate judges shall perform the duties now imposed on them by the laws of the territory. The superior courts shall have appellate and revisory jurisdiction over the decisions of the probate courts, as now provided by law, until such latter courts expire by limitation.

Sec. 11.—The legislature at its first session shall provide for the election of all officers whose election is not provided for elsewhere in this constitution, and fix the time for the commencement and duration of their terms.

Sec. 12.—In case of a contest of election between candidates at the first general election under this constitution for judges of the superior court, the evidence shall be taken in the manner prescribed by the territorial laws, and the testimony so taken shall be certified to the secretary of state, and said officer, together with the governor and the treasurer of the state, shall review the evidence and determine who is entitled to the certificate of election.

Sec. 13.—One representative in the Congress of the United States shall be elected from the state at large at the first election provided for in this constitution and thereafter at such times and places and in such manner as may be prescribed by law. When a new apportionment shall be made by congress the legislature shall divide the state into congressional districts in accordance with such apportionment. The vote cast for representative in congress at the first election shall be canvassed and the result determined in the manner provided for by the laws of the territory for the canvass of the vote for delegate in congress.

Sec. 14.—All district, county and precinct officers who may be in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution, and the county clerk of each county elected at the first election, shall hold their respective offices until the second Monday of January, A. D. 1891, and until such time as their successors may be elected and qualified, in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, and the official bonds of all such officers shall continue in full force and effect as though this constitution had not been adopted, and such officers shall continue to receive the compensation now provided until the same be changed by law.

Sec. 15.—The election held at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall be held and conducted in all respects according to the laws of the territory and the votes cast at said election for all officers where no other provisions are made in this constitution, and for the adoption of the constitution, and the several separate articles, and the location of the state capital, shall be canvassed and returned in the several counties in the manner provided by territorial law, and shall be returned to the secretary of the territory in the manner provided in the enabling act.

Sec. 16.—The provisions of this constitution shall be in force from the day on which the president of the United States shall issue his proclamation declaring the state of Washington admitted into the Union, and the terms of all officers elected at the first election under the provisions of this constitution shall commence on the Monday next, succeeding the issue of said proclamation, unless otherwise provided herein.

Sec. 17.—The following separate articles shall be submitted to the people, for adoption or rejection, at the election for adoption of this constitution:

Separate Article No. 1.—"All persons, male and female, of the age of 21 years or over, possessing the other qualifications provided by the constitution, shall be entitled to vote at all elections."

Separate Article No. 2.—"It shall not be lawful for any individual, company or corporation within the limits of this state to manufacture or cause to be manufactured, or to sell, or to offer for sale, or in any manner dispose of, any alcoholic, malt or spirituous liquors, except for medical, sacramental or scientific purposes."

If a majority of the ballots cast at said election on separate articles be in favor of the adoption of either of said separate articles, then such separate articles so receiving a majority shall become a part of this constitution, and shall govern and control any provision of the constitution in conflict therewith.

Sec. 18.—The form of ballots to be used in voting for or against this constitution, or for or against the separate articles, or for the permanent location of the seat of government shall be.

1. For the constitution. Against the constitution.
2. For woman suffrage article. Against woman suffrage article.
3. For prohibition article. Against prohibition article.
4. For the permanent location of the seat of government. (Name of place voted for).

Sec. 19.—The legislature is hereby authorized to appropriate from the state treasury sufficient money to pay any of the expenses of this convention not provided for by the enabling act of congress.

LEGAL LOG BOOK.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

S. L. Fisher, A. Coates and J. W. Troup vs. the steamer Wasco; order for sale of steamboat of marshal, and that he return the proceeds into the registry of the court.

United States vs. Humphrey Humphrey; charge of selling liquor to Indians; plea of guilty; fined $10.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Makes Delicious Lemonade.

A teaspoonful added to a glass of hot or cold water, and sweetened to the taste, will be found refreshing and invigorating.

Important to Travelers.

Reservations on any steamship line in the Atlantic service to Europe and England can be secured at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Aug. 22.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail: 2 cars machinery, 3 cars stoves and fixtures, 6 pkgs hardware, 200 bdls sheet iron, 1 car hay presses, 450 cs canned oysters, 160 kegs and 315 bxs soda, 2 bbls brandy, 15 bbls glucose, 73 cs boots and shoes, 21 cs clothing, 21 cs dry goods, 120 bbls lime, 470 bxs window glass, 400 rolls tarred felt, 1 car corn meal.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.—Past 24 hours include: 1566 ctls wheat, 419 bbls flour, 200 ctls oats, 1200 lbs hides, 22 pkgs butter, 65 bxs eggs, 1 car sacks, 1224 bxs green fruits, 21,950 lbs flaxseed, 180 hd hogs, 10 tons hay.

FREIGHTS.—The situation in freights is one of dullness, although there are five spot vessels: The Janet Ferguson, 58 tons; the Tillie E. Starbuck, 1981 tons; the Nagpore, 1209 tons; the British Army, 1289 tons; and Cambrian Queen, 1300 tons. In port there is no business. Offerings are not pressing and shippers are holding aloof waiting to try and determine values of wheat. The Scottish Glens at Victoria dock has not begun to load yet; and the Lord Canning at Irving dock has just had her wheat stiffening put in. The rate seems to be somewhere between 42s 6d and 45s. The following is a statement of the registered tonnage of the port:

In port—landing		3,526
disengaged		6,310
Total tonnage in port		9,836
On the way—due July and August		2,150
	August and September	10,704
	later on	26,496
Total tonnage due		39,349

TONNAGE STATEMENT.

The following is a statement of the registered tonnage of this port:

In port—disengaged		6,310
	Engaged to load	3,526
Total tonnage in port		9,836
On the way—due August		2,150
	August and September	10,704
	later on	26,496
Total tonnage due		39,349

WHEAT—The market is quiet. The following are the fluctuations of the New York and Chicago markets:

NEW YORK.

	Closed. 21st	Opened. 22d	Noon. 22d	Closed 22d
August	84½		84½	84½
September	84¾	84¼	84⅛	84
October	84¾	84¾	84⅝	84⅝
November	85⅞			85¾
December	87	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
May		91⅝		

CHICAGO.

	Closed. 21st	Opened. 22d	Noon. 22d	Closed 22d
August	77¼	77¼	78	78
September	77¼	77¼	77¼ 77	77⅝
October				
December	78⅝	78	78	78⅝
May	82¼	82¼	82⅜	82⅜

EGGS—The market shows no change. Demand good. We quote 25c.

FINANCIAL—Clearances to day, $229,167 25; balances, $39,728 27.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The stock market was more active to-day than at any time for a week, and at the same time displayed a decided weak tone, which resulted in material losses over almost the entire list. East Illinois preferred, lost 3½ per cent; Erie & Western preferred and Missouri Pacific, 2¼; Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Rock Island, St. Paul and C. C. C. & St. Louis, 1⅞; Burlington, Jersey Central, Northwestern, and Oregon Transcontinental, 1½; Northern Pacific preferred, and Wabash preferred, 1¾; Lake Shore, and Louisville & Nashville, 1⅛, and Canada Southern, Lackawanna, Northern Pacific and Union Pacific, 1 per cent.

Government bonds have been dull and steady.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Money on call, easy at 2@3; last loan 2. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@7. Sterling exchange dull, steady; 60 day bills, $4 84¼, demand, $4 87¼.

BONDS.

U. S. 4s (registered)	128	U. S. 4½s (coupon)	106⅝
U. S. 4s (coupon)	128	Pacific 6s	118
U. S. 4½s (reg.)	105¾		

STOCKS.

American Ex	116	Preferred	111
Canadian Pacific	61	New York Central	106¼
Canada Southern	52	Oregon Imp	41
Central Pacific	34½	Navigation	97
Burlington	102⅞	Transcontinental	32¼
Del. & Lackawanna	144¾	Pacific Mail	33
Rio Grande	16½	Reading	45⅝
Erie	27½	Rock Island	96⅝
Kansas & Texas	11¼	St. Paul	78
Lake Shore	103¾	Texas Pacific	19½
L'sville & Nashville	68⅞	Union Pacific	61⅞
Michigan Central	88¼	U. S. Express	89
Missouri Pacific	69⅛	Fargo Express	138
Northern Pacific	29¾	Western Union	85⅝
N. P. Preferred	67¼	Am. Cott'n Seed Oil	49½
Northwestern	109½		

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Consols, 98⅛. Silver bullion per fine ounce, 42 5-16. Bank of England rate of discount, 3 per cent.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Sterling exchange long, $4 85½; sterling exchange, short, $4 88. U. S. bonds, 4s, 128; U. S. bonds, 4½s, 105¾; silver bullion per fine ounce, 92¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—Sterling exchange, sixty days, $4 85½; sterling exchange, documentary, $4 89¼. Transfers, 12½ premium.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCK MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.

Ophir	$4 95	Utah	1 10
Mexican	3 55	Bullion	60
Gould & Curry	2 05	Exchequer	60
Best & Belcher	3 60	Seg. Belcher	1 60
Con. California	7 50	Justice	1 40
Savage	2 10	Union	2 30
Chollar	1 95	Nevada Queen	75
Potosi	1 55	Peer	15
Hale & Norcross	2 95	Peerless	30
Crown Point	2 90	Overman	80
Yellow Jacket	3 15	Alpha	1 20
Belcher	2 95	Imperial	50
Confidence	6 37	Grand Prize	35
Sierra Nevada	2 60		

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—Receipts of produce during the past 24 hours included 4500 ctls wheat, 25,000 qr sks flour, 460 ctls oats, 6700 ctls barley, 7200 sks potatoes.

Freight and Charters—The freight market for the past week has ruled inactive. Grain tonnage has been in fair demand, but asking rates being above shippers' views, few transactions have transpired. Grain charters for the week have been as follows: Br sh Cape Breton, iron, 1420 tons, chartered prior to arrival for Cork, U. K., Havre, or Antwerp, by E. C. Evans, agent, at 33s 9d; Br sh Balclutha, iron, 1614, chartered in England, prior to arrival, for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp at 35s; Br ship Allerton, iron, 2028 tons, chartered prior to arrival for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, by G. W. McNear, at 35s 9d; Br bk Prior Hill, iron, 1127 tons, for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, chartered prior to arrival by Balfour, Guthrie & Co.; Br ship Jessamene, iron, 1628 tons, chartered in England prior to arrival for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, at 39s. Br ship Halewood, iron, 2100 tons, prior arrival for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp at 38s 3d. Br ship Lattimer, iron, 1691 tons, chartered spot for United Kingdom, Havre or Antwerp, at 35s 6d. Lumber and coal freights steady.

Lumber charters for the week were: Br ship Earl Granville, Puget sound to Shanghai; sch Oceana Lance, Humboldt to Melbourne; ship Jeremiah Thompson, Puget Sound to Melbourne. The bark Estella loads coal at Seattle for this port.

Wheat—Spot wheat weak, with a tendency towards a lower range of values. Exporters are less inclined to operate at the present moment and bid lower. The outlook generally is against the selling interest. Standard No. 1 shipping is merely nominal at $1 31¼@1 32½ spot. Interior advices report sales of round lots at higher figures. Foreign markets are steady to firm for California cargoes, while other sorts are neglected at sixpence decline.

The option market is weak and lower; the feeling is generally in favor of lower prices. The loss in buyer year option for the week is about 1½c. To-day's market was quite neglected, the only sales in morning session being 200 tons buyer year at $1 39¼, 100 tons at $1 39½.

Wheat—Afternoon session: 1300 tons buyer year at $1 39, 300 tons at $1 38⅞, 400 tons at $1 39⅛; buyer season closed $1 40¾.

Barley—Very dull. The demand appears to be wholly local, which is not of sufficient magnitude to hold prices steady. Stocks of poor and common feed are heavy, and holders of these descriptions are obliged to make concessions to tempt buyers. Brewing and strictly choice feed are better supported, though the undertone cannot by any means be called strong. Offerings continue liberal, while receipts arrive freely. Quote choice and No. 1 feed, 65@67½c; poor to good, 62½@65c; brewing, 80@95c. Options, dull; buyer year, 82¾c, buyer season, 87⅝c.

Buyer year closed 83⅜c.

Oats—During the past few days an easier tendency set in and the market has relapsed into a dull and uninteresting condition. The weakness of the barley market has been quite an important factor in depressing oats and in spite of light offerings and moderate stocks the market shows signs of weakness of a discouraging character to holders. Choice feed, $1 15@$1 17½; No. 1 feed, $1 12½@$1 15; lower feed descriptions $1 02½@$1 10; milling, $1 20@$1 25.

Middlings—Steadier at the decline; demand slightly improved; quote all kinds $13 50@$17 50 per ton.

Bran—Steady with a fair movement; Oregon, $18@$18 50 per ton.

Potatoes—Recent excessive consignments have depressed the market and values on all kinds are lower. Burbanks range at 70c@1 10; Peerless, 50@66c; Early Rose, 30@66c.

Wool—Buyers continue to hold aloof from the market, and the prospects for a reaction in holders' favor appear quite remote. Good stock is proportionately firmer than inferior and faulty wools. For the latter still lower prices are looked for. Quote Oregon wools: Eastern, 13@20c, valley, 19@23c.

Hops—Neglected; speculators doing little or nothing. Quotations wholly nominal.

Bags—Are in fair request for the season and firmly held. Quote Calcuttas 7c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Wheat—Receipts for the past 24 hours at the seven primary points east of the Rocky mountains comprised 748,000 bushels and the shipments from these points for the same time were 601,000 bushels.

Wheat—The market at opening ruled about steady; prices during the day fluctuated slightly and closed irregular. Opening quotations were 77⅜c August, 77¼c September, 78c December, 82½c May. Noon—78c August, 77⅝c September, 77c October, 78c December, 82⅛c May. Closed—78c August, 77⅝c September, 78⅝c December, 82⅜c May.

Provisions—Pork, $9 72½ September; lard, $6 12½ September; short ribs, $4 77½ September.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts 15,000, slow 10 cents lower; beeves, $1 50@4 50; steers, $3 [illegible]@4 10, stockers and feeders, $1 75@3 [illegible], Texas cattle, $1 70@3, natives and half breeds, $[illegible]@3 80.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; slow, 5 to 10 cents lower; mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $3 70@4 15, light, $4 [illegible].

Sheep—Receipts 8000, 10 to 15 cents lower; natives, $3 [illegible]; Westerns, $3 50@4 15, Texans, $[illegible]@4 10.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Freights have a firmer tendency. The rate from New York to Liverpool by steamer 4d per bushel.

Wheat—The market opened about steady, but eased off before the close. Prices throughout the day ranged as follows: Opening, 84½c September, 84⅝c October, 86⅞c December, 91⅝c May. Noon—84½c August, 84½c September, 84⅝c October, 86⅞c December. Closing—84½c August, 84c September, 84⅝c October, 85¾c November, 86⅞c December.

METALS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Hops firm; in good demand.

Coffee—Options opened at 5 points off on November, others unchanged, and closed steady at 10@15 points advance; sales, 27,750 bags; September, $14 95@15 10, October, $15 10; spot Rio, firm; refined, firm, good demand.

Copper—Firm; Lake, August, $12 10.

Lead—Dull, steady; domestic, $3 90.

Tin—Quiet, stronger; Straits, $20.

Bar silver, 92¾.

Petroleum—Opened weak at 98¾, and closed steady at 99¼c.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

BEERBOHM'S GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The weather throughout is wet and cold.

Since last report no wheat cargoes have arrived off coast, and no sales have taken place. One cargo remains off coast waiting orders.

Floating wheat cargoes are steady.

Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Wheat, steady; maize, slow.

3 P. M.—English country markets are firm.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 22.—Spot wheat, hardening. Futures—No. 1 California, per cental, 7s 1d August, 7s 1½d September, October, November and December, 7s 1½d January.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—French country markets are firm.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 22.—Wheat—Steady; demand poor, holders offer moderately, red Western spring, 7s 3d@7s 4d per cental; red Western winter, 7s@7s 1d.

Corn—Quiet.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

There were four large ocean steamers in port yesterday, steamer Columbia at steamship dock, foot of D street, George W. Elder, at the same dock; Idaho at Ainsworth dock; Willamette at the coal bunkers in Albina.

The steamers City of Salem and Wasco are still lying idle at the foot of Columbia street.

The steamer Salem is still lying idle at the foot of Washington street.

The steamer J. Ordway is lying at the south end of Weidler's sawmill wharf.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—Arrived—Str State of California, Portland, schr Fannie Adele, Shoalwater bay, schr Halcyon, Port Discovery; ship Blue Jacket, Seattle; str Umatilla, bkt Discovery, Port Discovery; bk Arkwright, Port Gamble, str Costa Rica, Nanaimo; schr Mary Dodge; Columbia river. Sailed—Str Oregon, Portland; schr Coquille, Coquille river; schr Norma, Columbia river, schr Volant, coastwise.

PORT TOWNSEND, Aug. 21.—Arrived—Schrs Robert Searles and General Banning, San Francisco. Sailed—Schr W. L. Beebe, San Francisco.

PORT DISCOVERY, Aug. 21.—Arrived—Schr La Gironde, San Francisco.

TACOMA, Aug. 22.—Sailed—Sch C. H. Wood, Australia.

ASTORIA, Aug. 22.—Wires down.

FOREIGN PORTS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 17.—Arrived—Br ship Æolus, Portland.

PORT PIRIE, Aug. 16.—Arrived—Br ship Princess Alexandra, Moodyville.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 17.—Sailed—Br bk Dunscore, from Portland for Dublin.

VALPARAISO, Aug. 14.—Arrived—Ship R. R. Thomas, Port Hadlock.

TALCAHUANA—Arrived prior August 17.—Ger bk Solide, from Astoria, and ordered to Pisagua.

STOCKTON, Aug. 19.—Arrived—Br bk Samoa, Portland; Br ship Francis Thorpe, Tacoma.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 17.—Arrived—Bk Sunbeam, Hasting's Mills, B. C.

MONTEVIDEO, Aug. 16.—Sailed—Br ship Clan Macpherson, Portland.

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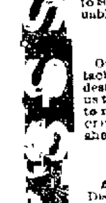
WRAPPERS (LARGE SIZE) and receive a HANDSOME
Containing PHOTOGRAPHS of 12 Celebrated ACTORS and ACTRESSES
MATCHLESS FOR SHAMPOOING
FOR LACE CURTAINS SILKS AND FINE WOOLENS



SWIFT'S SPECIFIC has cured me of a malignant breaking out on my leg, which caused intolerable pain. It was called Eczema by the doctors—four of whom treated me with no relief. I candidly confess that I owe my present good health to S. S. S., which in my estimation is invaluable as a blood remedy.

MISS JULIA DEWITT,
2227 N. Tenth St., St. Louis, Mo.

Our baby when two months old was attacked with Scrofula, which for a long time destroyed her eyesight entirely, and caused us to despair of her life. The doctors failed to relieve her, and we gave SWIFT'S SPECIFIC, which soon cured her entirely, and she is now hale and hearty.

E. V. DELK,
Will's Point, Texas.

Send for book giving history of Blood Diseases and Advice to Sufferers, mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm was recommended to me for hay fever. I have found it a specific for that dreadful disease. For ten years I have been a great sufferer. Cream Balm is the only preventive I have ever found.—F. B. Ainsworth, Publisher, Indianapolis, Ind.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROS., 56 Warren st., New York.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
(THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.)
Cure BILLIOUS and Nervous ILLS.
25cts. a Box.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

COCKLE'S
ANTI-BILIOUS
PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
FOR LIVER, BILE, INDIGESTION, ETC., FREE from Mercury; containing only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, San Francisco.

THE GLORY AND STRENGTH OF MANHOOD

Men suffering from Lost Vigor, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline, etc., resulting from indiscretions, excesses, etc., cured without stomach medicines. Sealed treatise free.

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CORNS AND BUNIONS SKILLfully treated by DR. A. S. BERNSTEIN, Room 13, 166 First street, corner of Morrison. Consultation free.

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Two trains daily leaving Fifth and I sts. at 7:45 A. M. and 9:30 P. M. The 7:45 A. M. train runs through to Walla Walla, connecting at Wallula Junction with the Northern Pacific train for Helena, St. Paul and the East. The 9:30 P. M. train runs through to Rockford, via Pendleton and Walla Walla, and to Union, La Grande, Baker City; connecting at Huntington with Oregon Short Line for Denver, Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the East. Pullman Palace and Family Sleeping cars on all through trains. West bound trains arrive at 6:00 A. M. and 6:40 P. M.

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From Portland, Leaving at 12 Midnight.		From San Francisco, Leaving Spear St. 10 A. M.	
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Oregon	Aug. 3, 15, 27	Oregon	Aug. 10, 22
Columbia	Aug. 11, 23	State	Aug. 2, 14, 26

The company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

To Astoria.—Steamboats leave at 8 P. M. every night except Sundays and daily at 7 A. M. every day except Tuesdays for Washington side, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M. for Oregon side. O. R. & N. boats leave Ash st. dock. Steamer Telephone leaves foot Alder st.

To Dalles and Cascades.—Leave Ash street at 6 A. M., except Sundays.

Dayton and Corvallis.—Leave Portland at 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Dayton and way points. Returning, leave Dayton at 6 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. For Corvallis and way points at 6 A. M. Mondays and Thursdays. Returning, leave Corvallis Tuesdays and Fridays.

Tacoma, Seattle and Victoria.—Steamers Olympian and North Pacific between Tacoma and Victoria (except Sundays), as follows. Leave Tacoma at 7:00 A. M.; leave Victoria at 6 A. M.

Snake River Points.—The 9:30 P. M. on Tuesday and Friday connects at Riparia next day with Snake river boat for Lewiston and intermediate points.

Ticket office, First and Oak Streets.

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HIGHEST PREMIUM
TRADE MARK
AWARDED TO L. FEURER'S GAMBRINUS BREWERY BEST BEER 1887
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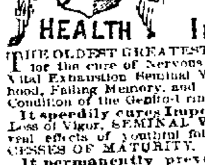

Wonderful
GERMAN
Invigorator.

THE OLDEST GREATEST AND BEST REMEDY for the cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, Vital Exhaustion Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Failing Memory, and Relaxed and Enfeebled Condition of the Genito-Urinary Organs.

It speedily cures Impotence, Early Decay, Loss of Vigor, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and all the real effects of youthful follies and abuse, or EXCESSES OF MATURITY.

It permanently prevents all unnatural loss from the system, as thousands can attest who have used the Remedy in the past quarter of a century which it has been before the public.

It is indeed a wonderful remedy—toning the nerves, strengthening the muscles, checking the waste, invigorating the whole system, and restoring the afflicted to HEALTH and HAPPINESS.

The reason so many cannot be cured of Weakness and the above diseases is owing to complication called PROSTATORRHEA with Hyperesthesia, which requires special treatment.

DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR No. 2, with one peculiar special treatment, is the only possible cure for PROSTATORRHEA. By it MANHOOD is restored and the hand of time moved back from age to youth.

Price of either Invigorator, $2. Case of six bottles, $10. Sent to any address, covered securely from observation.

Dr. Liebig & Co. treat successfully by Homeopathy every form of SPECIAL, PRIVATE or CHRONIC DISEASES without mercury or nauseous drugs. If vitality is drained from the body, numerous diseases follow that baffle ordinary medical treatment. If allowed to continue, the unnatural loss causes Consumption, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Insanity, etc. Cures guaranteed. Diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, kidneys, liver and bladder specially treated. DISEASES OF WOMEN SPEEDILY CURED.

Qualified and Responsible.—Dr. Liebig & Co., from Europe, are regular college educated physicians, and are now in their nineteenth year of special practice.

If pimples appear on the face and body, if you become listless and easily tired and exhausted, look out for the complication with Seminal Weakness, discovered at the LIEBIG DISPENSARY, known as **Prostatorrhea.** DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR No. 2 is the only known remedy for the above complication, **Prostatorrhea.**

Most powerful electric belts free to patrons.

To prove the wonderful power of the Invigorator, a $2 bottle given or sent free.

Consultation free and private.

LIEBIG DISPENSARY,
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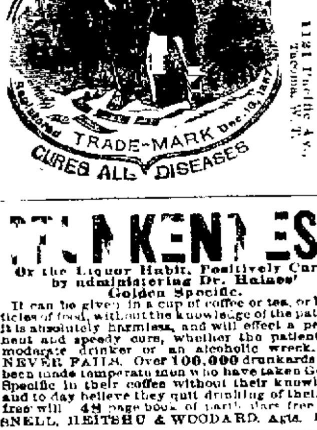

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88 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

1121 Pacific Av., Tacoma, W. T.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient; it is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. Over 100,000 drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. 48 page book of particulars free.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, Agts. Portland.

TO MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

TANSY PILLS

are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10,000 American women use them regularly. Guaranteed superior to all others or cash refunded. If your druggist don't keep "Wilcox's Compound Tansy Pills," accept no worthless nostrum said to be "just as good," but send 4c. for "Woman's Safe Guard," and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS.
Red Cross Diamond Brand.

The only reliable pill for sale. Safe and sure. Ladies, ask Druggist for the Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by mail. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Philada., Pa.

TRY THE PEARL TOP LAMP CHIMNEYS.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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Sent to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps. Direct all mail to

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Nos. 132 and 134 Third St.,
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HEART, BRAIN AND NERVES.

NERVOUS DISEASES (with or without dreams), or Debility and Loss of Nervous Power, treated scientifically, by new methods, with never-failing success.

MEN, young, middle-aged and old, single or married, and all who suffer from

LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediment to Marriage, also Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling Out, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, receives searching treatment, prompt relief, and cure for life.

BOTH SEXES consult confidentially. If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous.

Call at Once. 25 Years' Experience. Terms cash.

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METHOD OF EXAMINING PATIENTS.

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
132, 134 Third St. .... Portland, Ore.

Our methods of Examining patients are the most scientific. The number of delicate and perfect instruments for the purpose of examining the different parts of the body, invented to tell with scientific accuracy the exact condition of each organ of the body, in health and disease and locate every ache and pain, are many and wonderful.

The analysis of the blood with the analysis of the urine, with wet paper, chemicals and a microscope of high power, furnishes him an explanation of obscure diseases which can be obtained in no other way. This enables him to cure many of the most serious and complicated cases termed incurable.

DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR.

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With our new methods of treatment and fine collection of new and recently invented instruments, we are prepared to treat successfully all curable cases of diseases involving the Eye and Ear. Acute or Chronic Inflammation of the Eye Lids or Globe and Far or Near Sightedness, Inversion of the Lids, Scrofulous Eyes, Dimness of Vision or Blindness of one or both Eyes, Ulcerations, Inflammations, Abcess, Tumors of Lid or Globe, Cancer of Lid or Eye Ball, Paralysis of the Nerve of the Eye, Closing of the Eye Duct, Catarrh or Squinting Neuralgia, Foreign Bodies in the Eyes, Wild Hairs, Cross Eyes, Burns or Wounds of the Eye or Lids, Lacrymal Duct Inflamed or Closed, Night Blindness, Fistula, Syphilitic Sore Eyes, Feeling of Sand in the Eyes, Pain on Exposure to the light, Blood-shot Eyes, Soreness, Mattering, etc.

Inflammation of the Ear, Ulceration or Catarrh, internal or external, Deafness or Paralysis, Singing or Roaring Noises, Thickened Drum, etc.

SCALP AND SKIN DISEASES.

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
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A positive and permanent cure effected in every form of Scalp and Skin Disease by a scientific and harmless method of treatment. Moles, Freckles, Pimples, Black Heads, Liver Spots, Flesh Worms, Dandruff, Redness of the Nose, Scrofula, Scald Head, Wrinkles, Scaly Tetter of the Scalp, Elbows and Knees, Barber's Itch, Scars, Superfluous Hair, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Ring Worms, Tetter of the Hands, Arms and Body, Prurigo, Scurvy, Pemphigus, Impetigo, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Moth Patches, Scaly and Pimply Skin Diseases—cured by a certain and most skillful treatment and the skin and complexion permanently beautified. The treatment is scientific, artistic, harmless and certain. It imparts a smoothness, clearness and brilliancy to the complexion and skin that is really charming, removing all eruptions and blemishes.

PILES AND HEMORRHOIDS.

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
132, 134 Third St. .... Portland, Or.

A radical cure for Piles by a perfectly safe and painless process. A positive cure is made. There are two classes of Piles, the External and the Internal. There are two types of the External, the Cutaneous and the Varicose, and four varieties of the Internal, the Venous, Capillary, the Arterial, the Fibro Elastic. No matter how long standing or how aggravated the case, we make a rapid and radical cure without knife or ligature, and positively without suffering.

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132, 134 Third St. .... Portland, Or.

We make all theories a study and select the most skillful treatment for each individual case. Our Electric, Galvanic, Faradaic and Magnetic Batteries, our collection of new and valuable instruments and appliances, medical and chemical discoveries, with latest improved Inhalers and powerful Atomizers, etc., enable us to treat all forms of Throat, Lung, Nerve and Blood Diseases, all Chronic Diseases and Deformities far in advance of any institution in this country. Those who contemplate going to Hot Springs for the treatment of any private or blood disease, can be cured for one-third the cost at our Private Dispensary, 132 and 134 Third st.

Scrofula and all malignant Blood and Malarial Diseases permanently eradicated from the system and a cure guaranteed.

Ulcers and Fever Sores, resulting from varicose veins, necrosis of bones, old ulcers, epithelial cancers and fistula of every kind, successfully and permanently cured.

Abdominal Supporters, Elastic Bandages, Stockings, Trusses, etc., furnished at office or forwarded to all parts of the country.

Sending Medicine.—We send medicine to every part of the Union, both by mail and express, with such clear and explicit directions for use that no mistake can occur. While it is always desirable to see a patient, our thorough knowledge of the human body and its ailments enables us to prescribe with certainty and success in many diseases, if a description of the case is given.

Money should be sent by P. O. Order, Registered Letter, Postal Note or Express. All letters of inquiry will receive prompt attention.

TERMS.—Reasonable in all cases. Especially low to those getting small salaries and in limited circumstances.

Consultation Free.—If you are afflicted with any disease, no matter of what name or nature, come and let us see you. We will restore you to health if there is hope; if not, we will frankly tell you so. We take no case that is not curable. All who are in need of medical aid are invited to call.

TREATMENT BY CORRESPONDENCE

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
132 and 134 Third St.

There are many afflicted persons in all parts of the country who desire to avail themselves of our skill and experience, but who are unable to come to our office. Some cannot spare either the time or money necessary to travel so far, and many more are physically unable to endure the fatigue and want of home comforts incident to a long journey. To accommodate this class we have devised a thorough and remarkably successful system of treatment by correspondence which enables the afflicted in all parts of the world to avail themselves of the benefits of our establishment at a very small cost. If you cannot consult us personally, write a plain description of your condition, describing your symptoms in your own language, just as you experience them. When we receive this report and examine it carefully, we will give you our candid opinion of your case and the cost of treatment. If the report is not complete enough to be satisfactory we will write you special questions to draw out any important particulars you may have omitted. When you order treatment the remedies will be carefully prepared, packed and forwarded to you by express. There will be no marks on the box to indicate where it comes from, and all letters you receive from us will be in plain envelopes, so that you may keep your transactions with us strictly confidential. If you so desire. Also be sure to write your name, postoffice, county and state plainly. All letters should be addressed to Dr. Powell Reeves & Co., 132 and 134 Third St., Portland, Or.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
132, 134 Third St. .... Portland, Ore.

Ladies afflicted with any of the distressing ailments peculiar to their sex, such as persistent headaches, painful menstruation, leucorrhœa or whites, intolerable itching, displacement of the womb, etc., should not give up in despair because they have met with repeated disappointments in seeking for relief. We have cured hundreds of cases after other eminent physicians had pronounced them hopeless. If such diseases were indeed incurable, life would not be worth living to a large proportion of our American women. We treat all diseases of women, either at the office or by mail and express. Cures guaranteed.

NERVOUS Diseases (with or without dreams). Diseased discharges cured promptly, without hindrance to business.

BOTH SEXES consult confidentially. If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous.

Medicines compounded and furnished to all patients at office—strictly pure and vegetable. Guarantee of a permanent cure in all cases undertaken.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

Blood Poison, venereal taint, gleet, stricture, seminal emissions, loss of sexual power, weakness of the sexual organs, want of desire in male or female, whether from imprudent habits of young or sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates sexual habit in mature years, speedily and permanently cured.

Consultation free and strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the United States. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps. Send ten cents in stamps for pamphlet and list of questions upon Private, Special and Nervous Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet and Varicocele. Terms strictly cash. Call on or address

DR. POWELL REEVES & CO.,
Cor. Third and Alder, Portland, Oregon.

THE BURGLARS SCARED HER.

An East Park Street Woman Summoned the Police in a Hurry.

She Armed Herself With a Hatchet, and When the Officers Came She Said Some One Threw Chloroform Through a Window.

About half past 10 o'clock last night a lady residing at the southeast corner of Morrison and East Park streets, sent word to the police station that burglars had attempted to enter her residence, asking at the same time that two stalwart guardians of the peace be at once detailed to investigate.

Officers Mott and Young being on hand, went to the house as directed by the messenger. When they arrived they found a very excited woman standing at the door with a hatchet in her hand. In fact, the entire family were aroused, and a crowd of equally as excited neighbors stood around the front yard.

"Some one has made an attempt to enter that room," said the woman, pointing to a sleeping room occupied by two young students. "They threw a large quantity of chloroform through the side window, and must have been after the boys' money. I have got nothing that they could want. What should they come here for?"

She talked a good deal more in the same strain, and was so excited that she scarcely knew what to say.

The officers went into the room but could see nothing to indicate that any one had made an attempt to gain an entrance. There was a strong odor of gas in the room, but as for chloroform their olfactory nerves could not detect it. It is their opinion that the gas came from a large lamp which was still burning.

The woman, however, insisted that it was chloroform, and could not believe anything else. The two students disappeared in the commotion, and up to a late hour had not shown up.

The woman was very anxious to have the two officers remain to guard the house, but as they took no stock in the attempted burglary theory, they returned to their respective beats.

At last accounts the woman was still watching the house in company with a few neighbors and doubtless kept guard all night.

"THE LADY OF LYONS"

Margaret Mather Gives an Exquisite Portrayal of Pauline—"Our Boarding House" at Musee—The Next Attractions.

It would be difficult to imagine a more delightfully artistic performance than that of Pauline in "The Lady of Lyons" by Margaret Mather last evening. The part is one eminently suited to her finished abilities, and she throws into its delineation all the intensity and force of her highest art.

The test scene of the play, that in which she learns of the deception which has been practiced upon her and finds herself a peasant's wife in an humble dwelling instead of a princess in a palace, was as fine a piece of acting as one would wish to see. She depicted in a most admirable manner the struggle between wounded pride and love and the final victory of love over all other considerations. Indeed, it was throughout so consistent, so womanly and withal so dramatic a portrayal that it merits nothing but the warmest commendation, and she was frequently called before the curtain.

Charles Wells, as Claude Melnotte, appeared to better advantage than in any other role he has essayed this week. He acted the part most artistically, and had his voice been audible beyond the first row of the parquette, there would have been nothing wanting in his rendition.

Eugene Jepson as Colonel Damas, Harry Eytinge as Monsieur Deschappelles and Mary L. Berrell as Madame Deschappelles were all good, while the Beauseant of Harry Hanscomb was a very weak performance.

To-night will be the last appearance of Miss Mather when she will appear as Lady Macbeth in Shakespeare's great tragedy, "Macbeth."

"OUR BOARDING HOUSE."

Cordray's Musee and Theater held another large audience last evening, and "Our Boarding House" set the house in roars.

The Musee, with the bearded lady and the educated birds, attracted the usual interest.

A FIREMAN'S DRAMA.

At the New Park theater next Monday evening Mr Charles McCarthy and company will present the thrilling melodrama One of the Bravest. Mr McCarthy is a true exponent of the metropolitan firemen, having received his training from Captain McAdam, instructor of the life saving corps of the New York fire department. Mr McCarthy is celebrated for giving the most scientific and wonderful exhibition of the uses of life-saving appliances in the world and his work is so acknowledged by the heads of all the principal fire departments.

WILL ARRIVE TO-DAY.

Rev T DeWitt Talmage will arrive in this city this morning from the Sound and will proceed to Salem where he will deliver a lecture this evening, returning to-morrow morning. The sale of seats for to-morrow night is very large and there is no doubt the New Park will be packed.

HIS PURPOSE ACCOMPLISHED.

Fred Beusse, the Would-be Suicide, Died From the Effects of His Injuries Yesterday.

Fred Beusse, the Kelso rancher who attempted suicide nearly a week ago, by cutting the back of his neck with a large butcher knife, died from the effects of his injuries in the Portland hospital yesterday morning.

When the desperate deed was committed, it was thought that Beusse would not live over twenty-four hours. The cut extended nearly from ear to ear, and was so deep that it almost reached the spinal cord between the second and third cervical vertebra. Strange to say, however, and contrary to the expectations of the physicians, he lingered until 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The gash had been sewed up and two drainage tubes, one at either extremity of the cut, kept the wound clean.

The process of reuniting had already commenced, and it is due to this, together with the patient's excitability and extreme nervousness that death resulted. The cut was so close to the spinal cord that the inflammation necessarily attending the process of healing produced spinal meningitis.

Beusse was very nervous and restless Wednesday night and had frequent spasms until death relieved him yesterday morning. The brother of the deceased was telegraphed last night and is expected to arrive to-day to make arrangements for the funeral. The body has been taken to the undertakers.

"PRISONER, STAND UP"

Drunks, Vags, and Trespassers Before the Bars of Justice in the Police Court.

Judge Tanner was again greeted yesterday by a numerous crowd of offenders—victims of the long, persistent vigilance of the Portland police force.

James Smith, James Kelly, Peter McGowan, W B Cunningham and N R Mitchell charged with being drunk were fined $5 each. Robert Rennett who was disorderly, as well as drunk, got fined $10 and Thomas Mitchell same charge, who committed the additional offense of associating with a gang of professional hobos got $20.

Frank Hoffman, John Dugan, Jack Kelly, F Bishop and William Stewart, charged with trespassing by sleeping in places where no invitation had been extended them, were fined $10 each.

Wong Caung, a wo-begone looking Chinaman accused of leaving his horses unhitched on the street, pleaded guilty and was fined $10. The fine did not surprise him, for his looks indicated that he expected almost anything short of hanging.

Six members of the bad Front and lower-town roundsmen known as hobos and beer annihilators were arraigned on a charge of vagrancy. Some of them belonged to the same crew who gave Officer Robison of East Portland, so much trouble several days ago. James Parsons entered a plea of not guilty and demanded one day's continuance for the purpose of bringing witnesses. The others were ready for an examination which were granted them, with the following results: Frank Greenhood and Jack McCall were fined $60 each, Thomas Clark, $50 and William Evers $40.

J H Jones who was arrested on a complaint charging him with permitting his stock to run at large inside the city limits did not respond to the call of his name and his bail of $5 was ordered forfeited.

The case against Frank Heines charged with malicious destruction of property was again continued. William Osgood Braly, accused of attempting to outrage a little girl, entered a plea of not guilty and his examination was set for to-day.

Edward McCune paid a $25 fine for the diversion afforded in assaulting T B McDevitt and J Kavanaugh was sent to the county jail for a term of ninety days for stealing a valise valued at $10 from the Windsor lodging house. The valise was the property of a young Scandinavian named I V Carlson who had engaged a room adjoining the one occupied by Kavanaugh. Kavanaugh denied the theft under oath after he had once admitted it before his arrest and can consider himself lucky that he was not held over to appear before the grand jury on a charge of perjury.

Edward Barron had a partial hearing on a charge of assaulting his wife and threatening to kill her. The examination will be concluded this afternoon.

THE DYKE DOING GOOD WORK

It Will Finally Sluice Out the Bars—The Dredge at Work.

Captain R Hoyt who has charge of the government dredge employed at St Helens bar states that the dyke constructed there by Major Jones has done a great deal of good. The mean low water on the bar after the summer floods has heretofore been twelve feet.

The swift current has washed a channel a mile wide, completely across the bar and the least depth of water on the bar now is fifteen feet, and this only in a few places where hummocks have been left and the water is now practically from four to six feet deeper all over the bar. Major Jones is thinking of having a scraper rigged up which, with the aid of the swift current, will soon remove the inequalities on the bar, and give a good depth all over. Captain Hoyt says it may take time, but the dyke will eventually cause the entire removal of the bar.

The city dredger is getting along finely at Post office bar. There have been no breakages of machinery, and no snags to cause trouble, only one having been come across so far. The deposit is a sticky, tenacious mud, and the buckets have to come up partially filled with water in order to wash the mud out. When a channel is once cut through this bar, it will remain open permanently.

AFTER THE MARSHALSHIP.

The Question Will Not Be Settled Until the Delegation Returns to Washington.

The Salem dispatch published yesterday which noted the arrival of Senator Mitchell there, and added "It is supposed that the question of the United States marshalship will be settled while Senator Mitchell is here, as the principal candidates reside here" set the politicians to thinking.

No one has ever conceded that the principal candidates live in Marion county and it is the talk in Portland that Marshal Myers's successor will not be named until the Oregon congressmen return to Washington. Those most prominently named on the place are Colonel Milton Weidler and General William Kapus, of Portland, ex-Sheriff Hamilton of Union county and ex-Sheriff Minto of Marion. There were a large number of starters in the race, but these four are all who have lived to turn into the home stretch and make the dash for the wire. So those who keep informed on the situation say.

Those best qualified to talk, say that when President Harrison shakes the tree of federal patronage, the plum will fall either to Colonel Weidler or General Kapus. A good deal depends on the district attorneyship. If Eastern Oregon gets it Western Oregon will have the marshalship. An Eastern Oregon man is making a hard effort for district attorney but so far as known no Western Oregon man is striving for the place.

ASTORIA LOCAL NEWS.

Two Lighthouse Tenders Needed for This District—Mysterious Disappearance—Fishermen Returning From Alaska.

Thursday's Astorian.

The new $10,000 hotel on Genevieve street is rising from the ground and assuming definite proportions.

The General Miles, which knocked a shoe off her propeller in her last outward trip from Gray's harbor, is being repaired.

Some of the Astoria boys are returning from the Alaska salmon canneries but it will be six weeks before the most of them come back.

The steam schooner Maid of Oregon, recently sold here, has arrived at Seattle, where she is under a six months contract to haul brick, lime etc.

The government steamer George Wright was busy yesterday surveying the Washington territory channel from Sand island up to Knappton.

The new steamer C. W. Rich, which is to ply on the Lewis & Clarke's, was being measured and getting her official register at the hands of Deputy Ed Ferguson yesterday.

An unauthentic report is furnished to the effect that the railroad surveyors who started this way from Hunter's Point some time ago are camped near Olney on their way westward.

The steam schooner Augusta is loading at Kinney's dock, and is off this morning for the Nehalem, with an outfit for Mr Kinney's cannery at that point. The Astoria Iron Works is building a new boiler for the cannery which will shortly be in operation.

On many net racks along in front of many canneries are spread large tracts of seines with sea weed and spume clinging to the web, and men busy cleaning them and putting them away. After one season they are of little use, but can be worked up as "old web" pro tempo.

R Basil a thrifty and hard-working man is missing under circumstances which make his whereabouts a matter of painful uncertainty to his family. By economy he had acquired a comfortable home west of the bridge on Court street, making the last payment on it last Saturday. He is reported to have threatened that he would make away with himself and his wife states that he is missing and that she does not know what has become of him. Search was made for him yesterday afternoon and last night without avail. She fears that he has drowned himself.

The Mazanita which rushed in here in hot haste from Alaska last Tuesday expected to have a day or so to unload a lot of old junk brought from the north pole, but yesterday ran out to Tillamook Rock to give the light keepers a square meal, as they haven't been visited for five weeks, then came galloping back and took on six buoys yesterday and to-day scoots up to Portland to take on the incoming and retiring inspectors and give them a ride around. This district ought to have two such steamers. Every year two months of the best weather is lost by the Alaskan trip, etc., and the work that is imperative is necessarily neglected. Oregon is pouring money into the federal treasury and demands recognition.

OREGON LEADS IN FINE FRUIT

The Opinion of a Montana Man—Portland's Handsome Shade Trees.

"The display of fruits made by the dealers of Portland," said a gentleman from the mining regions of Montana yesterday, "is wonderful to behold. I am lost in admiration of the beautiful peaches, plums and pears, the melons of all kinds and other luxuries as they are accounted where I live, and I do not believe such fine fruit can be seen in any other state in the Union or for that matter in any other country in the world. The cheapness of it too is wonderful. I do not believe your people realize how highly favored they are in this respect.

"The beautiful shade trees along the streets are also a great source of pleasure to me. I wonder that more pains is not taken to trim them and keep them in order. I see in many places the bark gnawed off, limbs broken and other evidences that this beautiful feature of the city is not appreciated at its full value. A man must live in a town where there are no such trees in order to fully appreciate how much they add to the appearance of a city."

There is too much truth in the statement that our shade trees are neglected.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

The Steamboat Inspectors to Visit the Southern Oregon Coast.

The local inspectors of hulls and boilers will leave this city next Monday on a tour of inspection of the boats along the Southern Oregon coast and expect to be away about two months. They expect to renew the licenses of about twenty-five vessels.

Following is a list of the vessels they go to inspect and where they ply: Gardner, Restless and Juno at Winchester bay; Ben, Favorite, Resolute and Rebecca C, at Yaquina bay; Fearless, Butcher Boy, Little Annie, Bertha, Garnet and Katie Cook at Empire City; Tonita and Coos Bay of Marshfield and Columbia at Marshfield; Myrtle, Ceres, Antelope and Restless, at Coquille City.

The inspectors will leave the railroad at Roseburg and strike off for the coast across the country. On returning, they will come by way of Siuslaw.

THE NARROW GAUGE HELD LIABLE

E. K. Jones Claims That His Mill Was Fired by Sparks From a Locomotive.

E K Jones, of the firm of E H Jones & Co., owners of the sawmill south of town which was destroyed by fire on July 10, began a suit for damages against the Portland & Willamette Valley railroad in the state circuit court yesterday. The railroad track runs past their property. They aver that their mill was fired by sparks from a locomotive which was not provided with a spark arrester. They want damages amounting to $10,459 for the destruction of their property.

THE ELECTRIC LINE BEING BUILT

The Company Wants to Build on Connecticut Street—Other New Suits.

The Metropolitan Railway Company have brought suit against William and Agnes Reid in the state circuit court for right of way through Connecticut street. Mr Reid and wife claim to have the exclusive right of building railways on Connecticut.

Amis & Derrick have sued A Grant for $707 10 due on account.

J & G Gatches have sued W F Crosby and J A Gilliland to recover $900 due on a judgment.

WOMEN WHO SEEK DIVORCES

Mrs Copley Says Her Husband Dragged Her About by Her Hair.

Octavia Copley began suit in the state circuit court yesterday for divorce from Robert Copley and for the custody of their minor children. Mrs Copley complains that her husband has treated her cruelly. On one occasion she says he dragged her about the house by her hair.

Paulina Bonnell has sued Charles H Bonnell for a separation on the ground of cruelty and neglect. She also wants to resume her maiden name—Paulina Beal.

NO MORE FIRES

At the request of several business men who were unable to be present at the trial of the J E Long hand pump extinguisher August 6 the parties in charge have consented to give another exhibition next Saturday (to-morrow) on First street opposite Wells Fargo & Co's office at 2 P M sharp.

All who are interested in the matter of prevention of large fires are invited to be present. As it only takes eight seconds to extinguish a fire all should be prompt to time.

Through Pullman vestibuled sleepers and dining cars, also latest improved tourist sleepers through to the East via Northern Pacific railroad. Office No 121 First street corner Washington.

The Caligraph Type Writer and similarly the best. Wiley B Allen & Co, Agents, 211 First street.

EAST BANK NEWS NOTES.

A Fellow Forges a Check and Secures a Small Sum of Money.

Thrown Out—A Councilman Surprised—Illness of Mr Murphy—Hose Team—Unknown Donor—Palmer Heard From—Personal.

About three weeks ago a man dressed in working clothes, carrying a dinner bucket came to the grocery of A Johnson, on Twentieth and K streets, representing that he was clearing land for the real estate firm of Raymond & Wagner, and wanted to purchase some supplies. He bought a ham and some other small articles, offering in payment a check for $18 25, drawn on the First National bank of East Portland and bearing what purported to be the signature of Raymond & Wagner. Mr Johnson only had $9 in the money till at the time, which he gave the man, who said that either he or his wife would call for the balance. Mr Johnson took the check to the bank the next day after he had received it, and had it cashed. Nothing more was thought of the matter until yesterday when some Chinaman moving the fence corners on H Hanson's place discovered the ham and groceries, where the forger had thrown them. They reported the finding to Mr Johnson whose suspicions were aroused for the first time that all was not right concerning the check. He went to the office of Raymond & Wagner where he ascertained that this firm never had such a man in their employ. The check was found to be a forgery. Mr Johnson was out just $7 and was glad the check was no larger and that there was but little money in the till when the fellow came.

COMPETING HOSE TEAM.

Next Monday a hose team will be organized in Stephens addition under the auspices of Grant Engine Company of the fire department of East Portland for the purpose of taking part in the coming firemen's contests which takes place at Tacoma. The best material in the entire department will be selected and trained to the highest point of proficiency to be attained in running, coupling and getting water. Our department has shown in the contests in the past that it contains excellent material and the boys say that they will go in to win this time. Other companies sending a team will provide the expenses but nothing has been done in that direction as yet. There is ample time, however, to show the firemen that their efforts to excel are appreciated by raising a substantial sum to help defray their expenses.

COUNCILMAN TERRY SURPRISED.

When Councilman Terry returned from the council chamber Wednesday evening, he found his house on Eighth and V streets in Stephens addition, had been invaded by a large number of ladies and gentlemen who had called to celebrate in appropriate manner Mr Terry's fortieth birthday. He surrendered unconditionally, and gave his impromptu visitors a hearty welcome. The evening was spent in games of whist and in social amusements closing with a bountiful supply of ice cream, coffee and cake.

HEARD FROM.

John P Palmer has been heard from. A letter has been received from him and he is on an Indian reservation in Arizona. He does not say anything about John F Woods the other skipper so it is supposed he has not found him. Nor does he say there are any Salvationists where he has gone.

BADLY BRUISED.

Yesterday afternoon W H Beers, the plumber, was thrown out of his express wagon and badly bruised. His horse became frightened and Mr Beers was pitched out and run over. No bones were broken but he was very severely bruised up.

COUNCILMAN MURPHY SICK.

Councilman Murphy is ill with neuralgia and malaria, at his residence in Stephens addition. He is a very sick man and it will be some time before he can be around again.

UNKNOWN GIVER.

Some lady unknown to the Evangelical church, has donated a beautiful chandelier and in appreciation of the gift the church unanimously adopted resolutions expressive of gratitude to the unknown giver.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr John DeBoest left for Long Beach yesterday.

Two good square pianos, $100 each in fine order, at Tom Parrott's.

Mr Phillips took the stage for the Sandy yesterday with his fishing rod.

I P Hosford left for Victoria yesterday, to be gone about two weeks.

Marshal Morgan returned from Wilhoit Springs yesterday much refreshed with his trip.

Henry Barber undertaker and embalmer Fourth and J, East Portland. Public telephone 1015.

Mrs H E Freeman accompanied by Mrs Jack Dempsey and child left for Long Beach yesterday.

Mr F M Sargent leaves for a four or five days' drive in the Sandy country to fish. He will take his rod and gun with him.

A GOOD MAN'S CAREER

PORTLAND, Aug 22.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

Horace Seaver of Boston whose death occurred yesterday, was in some respects a remarkable man. Your dispatch states that he was 70 years old. He was nearly eighty. For more than fifty years he was editor of the Boston *Investigator* of which Abner Kneeland was the first editor and during all this time not a number of the paper appeared without editorials from Mr Seaver's pen. He was a printer by trade and took great pride in his craft and until the last few years he put most of his editorials in type without writing a word of them.

His style had a natural dignity and a Ben Franklin sort of simplicity. He was an admirer of Shakespeare, and quoted often from him in writing and speaking. Mr Seaver was an eloquent and effective speaker, and had he cultivated his oratorical and dramatic talents and exercised them in some popular field, they would doubtless have gained for him a reputation. The most touching funeral address I ever heard was one in which Mr Seaver over the dead body of a friend, paid a tribute to his memory. He never tired of dwelling on the great efforts of Webster and Phillips. The latter he thought the most polished and perfect orator of modern times.

Mr Seaver was a man of simple habits and unostentatious life. His naturally generous and charitable disposition made him ever ready to overlook the mistakes and infirmities of his fellow men.

Mr Seaver's philosophy was that of common sense and he cared little for idealistic theories or metaphysical speculations. "One world at a time," (an expression which Ingersoll and others have made familiar to the public the last few years) was Mr Seaver's motto half a century ago and he never changed it. During all these years the *Investigator* advocated unsectarian schools, the removal of disabilities on account of religious belief, the taxation of church property and the complete secularization of the state. It spoke out boldly for many of the reforms that have triumphed and for others that have passed through the period of execration when it required rare moral courage to give them support. Even those who may think they have reason to regret Mr Seaver's opposition to Christian beliefs and authorities, cannot withhold admiration of his character, loyalty to his convictions, and brave defense of many a struggling reform.

B F UNDERWOOD

Beecham's Pills act like magic on a weak stomach.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States government. Endorsed by the heads of the great universities as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
New York. Chicago. San Francisco

Imperial
VIEW SERIES!
N. W. Cor. Third and Morrison.
MT. HOOD, MT. SHASTA AND COLUMBIA RIVER SCENERY.
THE MOST ARTISTIC PORTRAITS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE.

For quick raising, the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all other leavening agents. It is absolutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power. It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food. Bread, biscuits, muffins, cake, etc., raised with Royal Baking Powder may be eaten hot without distressing results to the most delicate digestive organs. It will keep in any climate without deterioration.

Prof H A Mott, U. S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the country, reported:—

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government.

"Because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

"DR. HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."
U. S. Government Chemist.

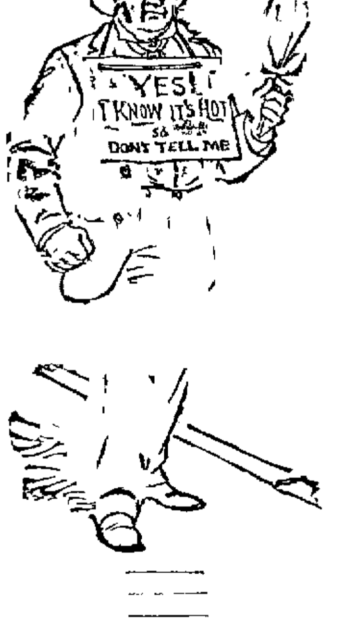
LEWIS M. JOHNSON & CO., Sole Agents, Portland.

Big - Reduction - in - Towels
For Two Days.

Regular 40c Damask Towel $ .25
37½c Knotted Fringe Towels .25
60c Cotton Towels, per doz .41
$1.25 Linen Glass Towels, per doz .75
25c Damask Towels, per doz 2.00
$2 Huck Towels, per doz 1.60
$1.75 Huck Towels, per doz 1.35
Finest quality Knotted Fringe and Knotted Inserting Towels, regular price 75 cts., for two days .50

—AT—

J. SELLING & CO.



YES! I KNOW IT'S HOT SO DON'T TELL ME

KOHN THE HATTER AND
Cor. 2d & Morrison Sts

I am going to Kohn's to buy a $20 Suit for only $10

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In order to make a clean sweep of Summer Suits on hand, we will sell, for this week only, our regular $15, $18 and $20 Suits for

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This is the biggest bargain ever offered. Don't miss this chance if you want a bargain.

Also 50 dozen odd

Shirts and Drawers

Regular 75c, $1, $1.25,

For 50 Cts. Each.

KOHN THE HATTER AND
COR. 2d & MORRISON STs

THE LITTLE RED SCHOOL HOUSE SHOE—If you wish to purchase a shoe for your boy or girl that will stand the wear and tear of every day usage call for Henderson's School Shoe, and known everywhere by the trade mark, LITTLE RED SCHOOL HOUSE, found on the bottom of each pair. None genuine without it. Sold only by

E. MEYER & CO.,
180-182 First St. and 9 Yamhill. - Sole Agents for Portland, Or.

Pacific University, Forest Grove, Or.
LOCATION—24 miles west of Portland.
FACULTY—A Corps of Able and Experienced Instructors.
CURRICULUM—Preparatory and Collegiate. Classical, Literary and Scientific with privilege of Special departments.
FACILITIES Unsurpassed for Economy, Health and the Charms of Student Life.
First Term Opens Sept. 18.
Address PRESIDENT ELLIS.

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WEINHARD'S BEER
The Summer Beverage of the Capitalist, the Merchant and the Laboring Man Alike.

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42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.
Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture and General Merchandise,
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE
We will sell at our salesroom, No. 42 First st.,
—ON—
Friday, Aug. 23, at 10 O'clock A. M.,
Elegant Walnut Bedroom Suit, 900 yards New Carpets, Matting in rolls, 5000 Cigars, 100 boxes C. O. Soap, Toilet Soap, Paper Envelopes etc. Also balance of an auction stock Merchandise.
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Jobbers' Auction and Commission House,
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Conditions of Sales: For amounts of $200 Net Spot Cash; for amounts of over $200 Negotiable Notes 90 days at 8 per cent. Regular Auction Sale every Tuesday at 10 A. M. Breidenstein & O'Conner, Auct.

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Residence at the corner of Fifth and College sts.

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Mt. Angel College
MARION COUNTY, OREGON.
Elementary and preparatory classes for boys from 6 to 12 years.
Complete Commercial, Scientific and Classical Courses.
[illegible] For catalogues with [illegible] terms etc. write to [illegible] BARNABAS HELD, Director of Mt. Angel College.
Catalogues also at the [illegible] Stark and Front streets.

WASHINGTON + COLLEGE
A Boarding and Day School for Young Men and Boys.
Tacoma, - - - - - - Washington.
The success of the present administration is shown by the fact that the number of students in attendance more than doubled during the past year.
Most healthful location in the country.
$50,000 endowment.
Terms for boarders, $300 per year. For catalogue address
D. S. PULFORD, A. M.,
Tacoma, Washington.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON
Eugene City.
Next session begins on Monday the 16th of September 1889.
Free scholarships from every county in the state. Apply to your county superintendent. Free tuition after January 1, 1890.
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J. W. JOHNSON, President.

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Formerly Holy Angels College
VANCOUVER, WASH.
BOARDING AND DAY COLLEGE FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.
For terms and particulars address REV. F. A. BECKERS, Director.
P. S. Descriptive catalogue and circulars sent on application.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
SEATTLE.
The next term will begin August 19 1889. For Catalogue, address
T. M. GATCH, President.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CLOUD CAP INN
At the foot of Eliot Glacier, Mt. Hood. This hotel has been opened to meet what seemed a general demand of the public and against the wishes of the owners, who desire that it be understood that the inn is not in the condition it is expected to have it when regularly opened. At present guests can have a good bed, plain meals, cold and hot water baths. Terms, $3.50 per day. Take stage at Hood River Station, O. R. & N. Railroad. Address L. H. Adams, Superintendent, Hood River, Oregon, or George S. Taylor, Union Ticket Office, Portland, Oregon.

SEASIDE HOUSE
Clatsop Beach.
Is now open for the reception of guests. Rates $3 per day, by the week $17.50; usual children and servants half price.
CARL EPPERLY, Manager.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.'S LINES IN OREGON.
Excursion tickets are now on sale to Yaquina Bay and return and to Wilhoit Springs and return, good to October 10, 1889 at following rates:
Yaquina Bay and return $6.
Wilhoit Springs and return $4.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. G. F. & P. Agt.

ELK CREEK.
Eight miles from Seaside Hotel, Clatsop. A few gentlemen can be accommodated. Good hunting and fishing. Terms reasonable. HERBERT LOGAN.

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Well-Known : and : Popular : Tailor
Of San Francisco,
Will open a Branch Store at
73 Morrison Street
During the month of September, with the largest and finest assortment and the newest designs in woolens. Fine tailoring at fully 35 per cent less than any other house on the Pacific Coast. Best of workmanship and perfect fit guaranteed, or money refunded. The public of Portland will do well to wait with their orders for fall and winter wear.
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Direct Importer of Cloths.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

BUTTER ● ● BUTTER
We are receiving large lots of fancy Butter and can fill your order.
EVERDING & FARRELL, Portland, Or.

EARL & WILSON'S LINEN BRAND MENS Collars and Cuffs are the best. Sold everywhere.

AMUSEMENTS.

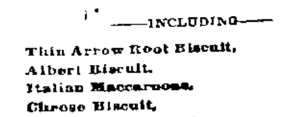
NEW PARK THEATER
Positively farewell appearances of the celebrated actress,
MISS MARGARET
MATHER.
Supported by J. B. Studley and an excellent dramatic company. Pacific Coast tour under the direction of Mr Al Hayman, manager Baldwin and California Theaters, San Francisco.
This Friday evening, farewell appearance of Miss Mather and positively last performance, will be presented Shakespeare's Tragedy,
MACBETH.
Prices—Parquet, reserved, $1.50; admission, $1; balcony, 75c and 50c. Seats now on sale at [illegible] Co.'s.

NEW + PARK + THEATER
ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 26.
The Versatile Character Actor and Comedian,
MR CHAS McCARTHY
ASSISTED BY LARRY HOWARD IN
ONE OF THE BRAVEST
BY I. E. PRICE, ESQ.
A company of first-class comedians, including the [illegible] and the Original WM. CRONIN, late of [illegible]
[illegible] elaborate scenery
Every [illegible] complete
THE GREATEST FIRE SCENE EVER PRODUCED
Grand complimentary matinee Saturday afternoon, August [illegible] to all the firemen children in Portland.

CORDRAY'S : MUSEE : AND : THEATER
Corner Third and Yamhill.
THE HOME OF INNOCENT AMUSEMENT
WITH COMMENCING MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1889
The [illegible] comedy in 4 acts entitled
OUR BOARDING HOUSE
[illegible] Appropriate Scenery
LISSIE TITTEL DRAMATIC COMPANY
STRONG ATTRACTIONS IN THE MUSEE.
Bent and Bently Specialty Co., Larue's Original Bearded Lady, [illegible] Garretta's Educated Birds.
EVERY SATURDAY CHILDREN'S DAY
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 1:30 P. M.
Admission—to Musee 10c. Seats in Theater 10c, 20c and 30c according to location. Box seats—Matinee 25c, evening 50c.
Seats reserved without extra charge at box office and Wiley B. Allen's Music Store, 211 First st., telephone 600.
Doors open daily at 7 P. M. Musee performance commences at [illegible] Theater performance at 8:30.

NEW PARK THEATER
SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 24.
One Night Only.
—The Celebrated Divine—
Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage
Will deliver his great lecture
BIG BLUNDERS
BIG BLUNDERS
PRICES:
Reserved Seats [illegible]
[illegible]
Gallery [illegible]
Reserved seats at Wiley B. Allen & Co.'s Music Store. Sale commences Monday, Aug. 19 at 9 A. M. Owing to the great demand for seats the whole of the lower part of the house will be reserved.

CORT'S STANDARD THEATER
GRAND REOPENING MONDAY, AUG. 19.
[illegible] and refitted at a cost of $1800.
THIRTY STAR ARTISTS
From all the Principal Eastern Theaters.



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SHIP TIMBER, TREENAILS,
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129 to 147 Spear st. and 26 and 28 Howard st., San Francisco, Cal.

Hunter & Palmer's Biscuits
—INCLUDING—
Thin Arrow Root Biscuit,
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Also Rowntree's Renowned Cocoa Extract and Chocolate, Just received by
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HIBBARD'S ASBESTOS
Fire Proof and Water Proof Paint,
—FOR—
SHINGLES, BOARDS, TIN, IRON,
And all kinds of metal roofs are rendered [illegible] perfect by the use of this paint [illegible] steam boilers and smoke stacks.
Orders taken for painting all kinds of roofs. Paint for sale.
J. T. DURKEE,
332 Front Street - Portland, Oregon
Residence 175 Thirteenth st. cor. Yamhill.

DRY CONCENTRATOR
THE GLOBE DRY ORE CONCENTRATOR will concentrate from 15 to 25 tons of galena ore per day, and of light sulphurets from 7 to 15 tons.
For particulars address
Room 117, Phelan Building,
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Portland Live Stock Exchange
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CARLOAD UNBROKEN HORSES
To Be Sold at Public Auction Saturday.
Grand riding exhibition of Bronchos and Wild Horses. Also matched Teams and Good Saddle Horses.
A. B. RICHARDSON, : Auctioneer.

THE STRANGE FOOTPRINT

The second installment of this a
absorbingly interesting detective sto
will appear in the Sunday Oregoni
next Sunday.

VOL. XXIX.—NO. 9

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THIRD ANNUAL CLEAR
until further notice we c
Factory and depository Twenty First and T Sts | W. JA

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SEND FOR CATALOGUES.
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SHERWIN, WILLIAMS & CO.
MIXED PAINTS. CREOS
For exterior and interior work.
Are the three best articles in the Unite
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All varieties Patent Teeth, Silver-steel X-Cut Saws, Diamond, Tester and the great Wonder, $1 per foot. Warranted
$1,
Over 3,000 of the
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having teeth for cutt
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Saws made of the fine
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